Notice

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Philips Medical Systems
3000 Minuteman Road
Andover, MA 01810 USA
(978) 687-1501

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Training
Users of this product must receive adequate clinical training on its safe and effective use before attempting to operate the product as described in this Instructions for Use.

Training requirements vary by country. Users must ensure that they receive adequate clinical training in accordance with local laws or regulations.

For further information on available training on the use of this product, please contact a Philips Medical Systems representative, or the manufacturer.

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The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph complies with the requirements of the Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC and carries the mark accordingly.

Authorized EU-representative:
Philips Medizin Systeme
Böblingen GmbH
Hewlett Packard Str. 2
71034 Böblingen
Germany
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About the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph

About the Instructions for Use

This *PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Instructions for Use* is intended to assist users in the safe and effective use of the product.

Before attempting to operate this product, read this *Instructions for Use*, and note and strictly observe all Warning and Cautions as described in this document.

Pay special attention to all of the safety information provided in the Safety Summary section. For more information, see page i-i.

**WARNING** Warning statements describe conditions or actions that may result in a potentially serious outcome, adverse event, or a safety hazard. Failure to follow a Warning may result in death or serious injury to the user or to the patient.

**CAUTION** Caution statements describe when special care is necessary for the safe and effective use of the product. Failure to follow a caution may result in minor to moderate personal injury or damage to the product or other property, a remote risk of more serious injury, or may cause environmental pollution.

**NOTE** Notes contain additional important information about a topic.

**TIP** A Tip contains suggested information on using a particular feature.

Menu items and button names appear in bold no-serif font. Example: Touch the **Setup** button.

Safety Summary

Symbols Marked on the Cardiograph or Patient Interface Module (PIM)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![attention_icon]</td>
<td>Attention; read the <em>Instructions for Use</em></td>
<td>See the <em>PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Instructions for Use.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![type Cf_icon]</td>
<td>Type CF Defibrillator Proof</td>
<td>ECG physio isolation is type CF, defibrillator proof. Suitable for all patient applications including direct cardiac application. System is in continuous operation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Symbols Marked on the Cardiograph or Patient Interface Module (PIM)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Disposal</td>
<td>Dispose of in accordance with the requirements of your country.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>ECG output signal</td>
<td>The connector near this symbol provides access to an analog ECG signal that can be used as a synchronization signal for external devices, such as an imaging device. This analog ECG signal is not diagnostic quality and should not be used for ECG analysis purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Local Area Network (LAN) Connector</td>
<td>Connect the Ethernet RJ45 LAN cable to the connector directly above this symbol to establish LAN connectivity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Modem Connector</td>
<td>Connect an analog phone line to the connector directly above this symbol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Attention; read the Instructions for Use</td>
<td>See the <em>PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Instructions for Use</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Patient Interface Module (PIM) Connector</td>
<td>Connect the PIM patient data cable to the connector located directly above this symbol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>PCMCIA icon</td>
<td>Insert the wireless LAN card into the slot located directly above this symbol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>PS/2 Connector</td>
<td>Connect the Magnetic Card Reader or Barcode Reader to the connector located directly above this symbol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Serial Number</td>
<td>The number next to this symbol is the serial number of the cardiograph.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![symbol]</td>
<td>Standby</td>
<td>Pressing the button with this symbol on it puts the cardiograph into Standby (power saving mode).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Symbols Marked on the Cardiograph or Patient Interface Module (PIM)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="USB Connector" /></td>
<td>USB Connector</td>
<td>The connector near this symbol is used with a USB device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation" /></td>
<td>Non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation</td>
<td>Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with this symbol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Equipotential Grounding Post" /></td>
<td>Equipotential Grounding Post</td>
<td>Equipotential grounding post used for establishing common ground between instruments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Fuse" /></td>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>The PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph contains a 1.6 amp (250V) time-delay fuse.</td>
</tr>
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# Safety Symbols Marked on the Cardiograph Packaging

<table>
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<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Keep dry" /></td>
<td>Keep dry.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Ambient temperature range of -20 °C (-4°F) to 50 °C (122°F) (non-condensing) for transport and storage.](image) | Ambient temperature range of -20 °C (-4°F) to 50 °C (122°F) (non-condensing) for transport and storage.  
Note: the batteries will discharge at a rapid rate if the cardiograph is stored at a high temperature. |
| ![Atmospheric pressure range of 0 to 4572 meters (15,000 feet), 572 hPA above sea level for transport and storage.](image) | Atmospheric pressure range of 0 to 4572 meters (15,000 feet), 572 hPA above sea level for transport and storage. |
| ![Relative humidity range of 10% to 90% (non-condensing) for transport and storage.](image) | Relative humidity range of 10% to 90% (non-condensing) for transport and storage. |
| ![Made from recycled materials.](image) | Made from recycled materials. |
| ![Fragile.](image) | Fragile. |
| ![Lithium ion battery. Do not dispose of in trash. Follow local regulations for disposing of as small chemical waste.](image) | Lithium ion battery. Do not dispose of in trash. Follow local regulations for disposing of as small chemical waste. |
| ![This product consists of devices that may contain mercury, which must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with local, state, or federal laws. (Within this system, the backlight lamps in the monitor display contain mercury.)](image) | This product consists of devices that may contain mercury, which must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with local, state, or federal laws. (Within this system, the backlight lamps in the monitor display contain mercury.) |
| ![Dispose of in accordance with the requirements of your country.](image) | Dispose of in accordance with the requirements of your country. |
## Safety and Regulatory Symbols Marked on the Cardiograph Cart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>Cart Storage Bin Weight Limit</td>
<td>Do not place more than 3 kilograms or 6.6 pounds of weight into the cart storage bin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Symbol" /></td>
<td>Optional Patient Cable Arm</td>
<td>Do not transport the cart with the patient cable arm positioned to the side. Only transport the cart with the patient cable arm positioned to the front of the cart.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Important Patient and Safety Information

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph isolates all connections to the patient from electrical ground and all other conductive circuits in the cardiograph. This reduces the possibility of hazardous currents passing from the cardiograph through the patient’s heart to ground.

WARNING Failure to follow these warnings could affect both patient and operator safety.

Accessories and Supplies

WARNING Always clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use. Failure to properly clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.

WARNING The Welsh bulb electrodes (available as an accessory for the cardiograph) do not meet the requirements of IEC 60601-2-25 for defibrillation recovery time, and cannot be reliably used for patient diagnosis immediately following defibrillation.

WARNING When using additional peripheral equipment powered from an electrical source other than the cardiograph, the combination is considered to be a medical system. It is the responsibility of the operator to comply with IEC 60601-1-1 and test the medical system according to the requirements. For additional information contact Philips Medical Systems.

WARNING Do not use non-medical peripherals within 6 feet of a patient unless the non-medical peripherals receive power from the cardiograph or from an isolation transformer that meets medical safety standards.

CAUTION The Welsh bulb electrodes contain natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

CAUTION The use of equipment that applies high frequency voltages to the patient (including electrosurgical equipment and some respiration transducers) is not supported and may produce undesired results.

CAUTION Only use Philips Medical Systems replacement parts and supplies with the cardiograph. The use of non-approved replacement parts and supplies with the cardiograph is strictly prohibited. Cardiograph safety and performance are not guaranteed when non-approved replacement parts and supplies are used with the cardiograph.
Using accessories, peripherals, or cables that are not supplied with the cardiograph or that are not recommended by Philips Medical Systems can result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the cardiograph.


When connecting the cardiograph to other AC powered equipment, only connect equipment approved to IEC 60601-1 Medical Electrical Equipment or IEC 60950-1 Information Technology Equipment.

Only use patient electrodes that are approved by Philips Medical Systems. The use of non-approved patient electrodes may degrade cardiograph performance.

To prevent burns to the patient, remove all ECG electrodes and lead wires prior to the use of high frequency surgical equipment (including electrosurgical equipment and some respiration transducers).

**AC Power Adapter and AC Power Cord**

**WARNING** Whenever the AC power cord is connected to a live power outlet, ensure that it is also securely attached to the cardiograph. Always disconnect the AC power cord from the power outlet when it is not connected to the cardiograph.

**WARNING** Only use grounded power cords (three-wire power cords with grounded plugs) and grounded electrical outlets that are labeled as Hospital Only or Hospital Grade. NEVER adapt a grounded plug to fit an ungrounded outlet by removing the ground prong. Use the equipotential post when redundant earth ground is necessary according to IEC 60601-1-1.

**CAUTION** The power supply could feel warm to the touch.

- To disconnect the cardiograph from AC power, unplug the cardiograph AC power cord from the mains power supply.
- This equipment complies with the earth leakage current limits as specified in UL 60601-1:2003 Medical Electrical Equipment - General Requirements for Safety, only when connected to a 120 Volt mains power supply.
- Periodically inspect the patient data cable, lead wires, and AC power cord for any worn or cracked insulation. Ensure that no exposed wires are visible on the AC power cord.
- Only use the Philips Medical Systems AC power cord supplied with the cardiograph. Use of any other power supply has not been verified and may lead to operator or patient harm, including electrical shock. Periodically inspect the AC power cord and AC power connector to ensure that both are in a safe and operable condition. If the AC power cord or AC power...
connector is not in a safe or operable condition, operate the cardiograph on battery power and contact Philips Medical Systems for service.

**Analog ECG Output Signal Port**

- Do not use the analog ECG output signal port (not supported on cardiograph) for diagnostic purposes and do not use this signal for critical synchronization timing.
- Do not connect any equipment to the cardiograph analog ECG output signal port that does not meet medical safety requirements and that has not been evaluated by local safety personnel.

**Batteries**

**CAUTIONS**

- Before removing and replacing batteries from the cardiograph, press down and hold the On/Standby button (位于 the front of the cardiograph), to shut down the cardiograph. Ensure that the cardiograph is shut down. When the cardiograph is fully shut down, the screen is black, and the On/Standby button is not illuminated. Once the cardiograph is shut down, proceed to remove and replace the batteries.
- When removing batteries from the cardiograph, the batteries could feel warm to the touch.

- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with one battery installed, only use the Philips battery with part number 989803170371. Do not use the battery with Philips part number 989803160981 for one battery operation.
- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with two batteries installed, ensure that both batteries contain the same Philips part number. The battery part number identification label is found on the bottom of the battery. The cardiograph cannot operate with two batteries that contain different part numbers. If the cardiograph is operated with two batteries with different part numbers, the cardiograph will display an error message and will not operate.

**Cart**

- Ensure that the cardiograph is securely attached to the cardiograph cart before use.

**Defibrillation**

**WARNING**

Do not touch the patient, patient data cable, leads, or the cardiograph during defibrillation. Death or injury may occur from the electrical shock delivered by the defibrillator.
Diagrams

- Upon customer request, Philips Medical Systems will make available circuit diagrams, component part lists, descriptions, calibration instructions and other technical information.

Display Accuracy

- The accuracy of the ECG signals are within +/- 5% (or +/- 40 uV whichever is greater), over a range of 0 to 5 mV, in the presence of differential and common mode DC offset voltages of +/- 300 mV. The cardiograph performance is tested to comply with the accuracy requirements over the dynamic ranges and frequency ranges specified in the IEC 60601-2-51 and AAMI EC-11 standards.

- For additional details regarding accuracy and precision, refer to the Physician's Guide and the Manufacturer's Disclosure Statement.

ECG Interpretation

**CAUTION** Always enter accurate patient information (including age and gender) if using the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm or Philips 12-Lead Algorithm for ECG interpretation.

Electrodes

- Philips recommends the use of disposable electrodes at all times for all patient applications. Choose either adult or pediatric disposable electrodes based on the age and size of the patient. See “Disposable and Reusable Electrodes” on page 1-36 for information on ordering disposable electrodes.

Faxed ECGs

**CAUTION** No guarantee is made as to the suitability of a faxed ECG for any particular purpose, due to the variability inherent in fax technology.

**CAUTION** Faxed ECGs should only be sent to secure recipient fax machines.

General Cardiograph Use

**WARNING** Electrical shock hazard. Keep the cardiograph, Patient Interface Module (PIM), and all cardiograph accessories away from liquids. Do not immerse the cardiograph, PIM, or other accessories in any liquids.
WARNING Do not use this cardiograph near flammable anesthetics. It is not intended for use in explosive environments or in operating rooms. The disconnection or connection of AC power, or electrostatic discharge (ESD) may result in an electrical spark.

CAUTION The cardiograph may generate electromagnetic interference (EMI) that may cause nearby equipment to fail.

CAUTION The use of equipment that applies high frequency voltages to the patient (including electrosurgical equipment and some respiration transducers) is not supported and may produce undesired results. Disconnect the patient data cable from the cardiograph, or detach the leads from the patient prior to performing any procedure that uses high frequency surgical equipment.

- The use of non-Philips equipment connected to, or operating with, the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is not tested or supported, and may produce undesired results.
- Connecting multiple cardiographs to the same patient may pose a safety hazard due to the summation of leakage currents. Any combination of instruments should be evaluated by local safety personnel before being put into service.

IEC 60601-2-51

- For information on the standard IEC 60601-2-51, please go to the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on using the Philips InCenter site, see page 1-4.

Lead Wires

WARNING Electrical shock hazard. Do not touch accessible connector pins and the patient simultaneously.

WARNING Do not touch any loose or exposed leads during defibrillation. Death or injury may occur from the electrical shock delivered by the defibrillator.

WARNING Ensure that the electrodes or lead wires do not come in contact with any other conductive materials (including earth-grounded materials) especially when connecting or disconnecting electrodes to or from a patient.
Main Waveform Display Screen

- Manual measurements of ECG intervals and magnitudes should be performed on printed ECG reports only. Do not make manual measurements of ECG intervals and magnitudes on the main waveform display screen since these ECG representations are scaled.

Modem Card and Fax Feature

**WARNING** Do not connect the modem card to a phone line when the cardiograph is connected to a patient.

**WARNING** Only connect the phone line to the modem connector ( 插件 ) located on the rear panel of the cardiograph. Never attach the phone line to the LAN connector ( 插件 ).

- No guarantee is made as to the suitability of a faxed ECG report for any particular purpose, due to the variability inherent in fax technology.

Pacemaker

- Pace pulses may not be visible on a printed ECG report that uses simultaneous acquisition.

Patient Data Cable

**WARNING** The Philips Medical Systems patient data cable (supplied with cardiograph) is an integral part of the cardiograph safety features. Use of any other patient data cable may lead to the distortion or corruption of patient ECG data, may compromise defibrillation protection and degrade cardiograph performance, and overall cardiograph safety may be seriously degraded.

**WARNING** Ensure that the patient data cable is securely connected to the PIM Connector ( 插件 ) on the rear panel of the cardiograph.

- Keep the patient data cable away from power cords and any other electrical equipment. Failure to do so can result in AC power line frequency interference on the ECG trace.
- Periodically inspect the patient data cable for any cracks or breaks in the cable insulation. If the integrity of the patient data cable is not assured, replace the patient data cable. Contact Philips Medical Systems for further assistance, see "Contacting a Philips Response Center" on page 1-39.
Important Patient and Safety Information

Patient Interface Module (PIM)

**WARNING** Always clean and disinfect the Patient Interface Module (PIM) after patient use, if the PIM comes into direct contact with the patient’s skin. Failure to properly clean and disinfect the PIM after direct contact with the patient’s skin may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.

- Always put the cardiograph in Standby before replacing the Patient Interface Module (PIM). Do not change the PIM while the cardiograph is in active use.

Printer

**CAUTION** Do not pull on the paper while an ECG report is being printed. This can cause distortion of the waveform and can lead to potential misdiagnosis.

Servicing the Cardiograph

- Only qualified personnel may service the cardiograph or may open the cardiograph housing to access internal cardiograph components. Do not open any covers on the cardiograph. There are no internal cardiograph components that are serviced by the operator.
- The Philips Medical Systems warranty is applicable only if you use Philips Medical Systems approved accessories and replacement parts. See “Supplies and Ordering Information” on page 1-33 for more information.

Software

**WARNING** Only install Philips Medical Systems software on the cardiograph. The installation or use of software not approved by Philips Medical Systems is strictly prohibited and cardiograph safety and performance are not guaranteed.

Touch Screen

**WARNING** Do not use sharp objects with the touch screen or apply excessive force to the touch screen. Applying excessive force to the touch screen may result in breaking the touch screen display and can cause sharp, jagged parts to expel to persons nearby.

- Manual measurements of ECG intervals and magnitudes should be performed on printed ECG reports only. Do not make manual measurements of ECG intervals and magnitudes on the touchscreen display since these ECG representations are scaled.
USB Memory Stick

**WARNING** Do not use the USB memory stick to import ECGs onto the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph that have been used with other cardiographs, or other non-Philips devices.

**CAUTIONS**

- Only use the USB memory stick that is available for purchase as an optional accessory from Philips Medical Systems with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.
- Do not insert a USB memory stick into the cardiograph, or remove a USB memory stick from the cardiograph when the cardiograph is acquiring ECG data from the patient.
- Only use the USB memory stick to transfer data between the cardiograph and a computer. Do not use the USB memory stick with other devices.
- Keep all USB memory sticks that contain patient data in a secure location where they cannot be accessed by unauthorized personnel. Always delete patient data from a USB memory stick promptly after use.
- Affix a label to all USB memory sticks that contain patient data notifying users that unauthorized access of patient data on the USB memory stick is punishable by law.

- Periodically inspect the USB connectors (side and rear of cardiograph) for any cracks or breaks. If the integrity of a USB connectors is not assured, do not use the USB connector, and contact Philips Medical Systems for further assistance, see "Contacting a Philips Response Center" on page 1-39.

The PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph

This Philips product is intended to be used and operated only in accordance with the safety procedures and operating instructions provided in this *Instructions for Use*, and for the purposes for which it was designed. The purposes for which the product is intended are provided below. However, nothing stated in this *Instructions for Use* reduces the responsibility of the user for sound clinical judgment and best clinical procedures.

**Intended Use**

The intended use of the cardiograph is to acquire multi-channel ECG signals from adult and pediatric patients from body surface ECG electrodes and to record, display, analyze, and store these ECG signals for review by the user. The cardiograph is to be used in healthcare facilities by trained healthcare professionals. Analysis of the ECG signals is accomplished with algorithms that provide measurements, data presentations, graphical presentations, and interpretations for review by the user.

The interpreted ECG with measurements and interpretive statements is offered to the clinician on an advisory basis only. It is to be used in conjunction with the clinician's knowledge of the patient, the results of the physical examination, the ECG tracings, and other clinical findings. A qualified physician is asked to overread and validate (or change) the computer-generated ECG interpretation.
Indications for Use

The cardiograph is to be used where the clinician decides to evaluate the electrocardiogram of adult and pediatric patients as part of decisions regarding possible diagnosis, potential treatment, effectiveness of treatment, or to rule out causes for symptoms.

The Philips ECG Algorithm

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph software uses the Philips ECG Algorithm. The algorithm in the software analyzes the morphology and rhythm on each of the 12 leads and summarizes the results. The set of summarized measurements is then analyzed by the clinically-proven ECG Analysis Program.

12-lead reports may include or exclude ECG measurements, reasons, or analysis statements.

Intended Use

The intended use of the Philips ECG Algorithm is to analyze multi-channel ECG signals from adult and pediatric patients with algorithms that provide measurements, data presentations, graphical presentations, and interpretations for review by the user.

The interpreted ECG with measurements and interpretive statements is offered to the clinician on an advisory basis only. It is to be used in conjunction with the clinician's knowledge of the patient, the results of the physical examination, the ECG tracings, and other clinical findings. A qualified physician is asked to overread and validate (or change) the computer-generated ECG interpretation.

Indications for Use

The Philips ECG Algorithm is to be used where the clinician decides to evaluate the electrocardiogram of adult and pediatric patients as part of decisions regarding possible diagnosis, potential treatment, effectiveness of treatment, or to rule out causes for symptoms.
Welcome to the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph, a versatile and powerful addition to your cardiac care patient workflow. The PageWriter TC cardiographs help to simplify patient cardiac care through easy-to-use 1-2-3 touch screen operation, color-coded signal quality indicators, and integrated connectivity with the TraceMaster ECG Management System for one touch patient order download and ECG transmission. The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph also supports integrated connectivity with an ADT Order Update system. Powerful clinical features include the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm that provides comprehensive measurement and interpretive analysis, and includes full pediatric interpretation, enhanced pacemaker pulse detection, lead reversal detection notification, and the Critical Values feature that provides an alert to caregivers of a silent MI or other conditions that require immediate treatment, an integral tool for acute care environments. Other time-sensitive clinical tools include ST Map reports that indicate ST elevation, along with optional culprit artery identification that locates the probable anatomical site of a coronary artery occlusion responsible for an ischemia.

This PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Instructions for Use and the other components provided in the Learning Kit describe all aspects of setting up, using, and maintaining your cardiograph.

**NOTE** Read and complete the materials included in the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Learning Kit before using the cardiograph. Pay close attention to all warnings and cautions.
PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Learning Kit

Philips Medical Systems provides detailed instructional and reference materials in the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Learning Kit.

The PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Learning Kit contains the *Quick Help Guide*, User Skills Checklists, and the User Documentation and Training DVD.

About the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Learning Kit

- **User Skills Checklists (A)**
  These checklists provide a comprehensive list of all of the tasks associated with patient preparation, taking an ECG, and using the cardiograph features. These checklists provide the basis for all critical tasks recommended for inclusion in a clinical training program. These checklists can be copied as necessary, and retained as an official record of clinical training at your facility. The checklists are also included as PDF files on the User Documentation and Training DVD.

- **Quick Help Guide (B)**
  The Quick Help Guide is presented as an easy-to-use flip book that can be left at the cardiograph in order to provide clear and simple instructions to users on using cardiograph features. Included are instructions on proper patient preparation and electrode placement, signal quality indicators, taking STAT or urgent ECGs, how to retrieve orders, and using other cardiograph features. The guide is included as a PDF file on the User Documentation and Training DVD, and additional copies may be printed if necessary. The PDF file is sized appropriately for printing on standard sized paper.
User Documentation and Training DVD (C)

The user documentation and training DVD includes many useful files including:

- Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Physician’s Guide
  This Physician’s Guide provides a comprehensive description of the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B, and lists all of the interpretive statements included in the 0B criteria.

- Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Physician’s Guide
  This Physician’s Guide provides a comprehensive description of the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm version PH090A, and lists all of the interpretive statements included in the 0A criteria.

- PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide (only available in English)
  This Network Configuration Guide provides detailed instructions on installing and configuring wired or wireless network connectivity between the cardiograph and the TraceMaster ECG Management System (including the OrderVue order handling option), or other third party ECG management system.

- PageWriter TC70/TC50/TC30 Cardiograph Service Manual (only available in English)
  This document provides comprehensive information on product troubleshooting, performance verification and safety tests, using the Service Utilities accessed from the Setup menu, and installing software upgrades.

- Metrologic Scanner Instructions for Use (only available in English)
  This document provides information on using and configuring the optional barcode scanner available with the cardiograph, and also provides detailed calibration sequences for configuring the barcode scanner for use with extended Code 39 barcode standards.

- PageWriter TC Cardiograph Interactive Training Program for software version A.04.00 and higher (only available in English)
  This training program provides detailed information on the purpose of 12-lead ECGs, the different views of the heart that the ECG represents, electrode placement for 12 leads, effective patient preparation, basic cardiograph operation, and how to troubleshoot various ECG signal quality problems. The training program also includes interactive, hands-on training exercises to test users on information provided in the training program. Updates to this training program will be available on a periodic basis, and may be downloaded from the Philips InCenter site. For more information on accessing and using the Philips InCenter site, see "Using the Philips InCenter Site" on page 1-4.

To open the User Documentation and Training DVD:

1. Insert the DVD into a DVD-compatible drive on a standard PC.
   The main menu opens automatically. Click on a blue button or on the file name to open a file.

2. If the main menu does not automatically appear, open the DVD in Windows Explorer.

NOTE

If you save PDF files from the DVD to a PC hard drive, Acrobat Reader 9.0 will need to be installed on the PC in order to view the files. For a free install, go to: www.adobe.com.
3 Double-click the file menu.pdf on the DVD. The main menu appears. Any of the files on the DVD may be printed or saved to a PC hard drive.

**Philips ECG XML Information**

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph exports ECG data in XML (Extensible Markup Language) format. There are three available XML schema versions on the cardiograph: version 1.03, version 1.04, and version 1.04.01. Version 1.03 exports ECG data in 12-lead format only, version 1.04 exports ECG data for up to 16 leads, and version 1.04.01 exports ECG data for up to 16 leads and includes full interpretation from the Philips DXL Algorithm.

Information regarding the Philips ECG XML schema can be obtained directly from Philips Medical Systems by sending an email request to: ecg@philips.com. Please include your name, facility, and the serial number of your PageWriter TC cardiograph in the email request.

**NOTE**

The default XML version setting on the cardiograph must be coordinated with the XML version compatibility of the TraceMaster ECG Management System, or other third party ECG management system used by your facility. For more information on configuring your cardiograph for use with an external ECG management system, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide included on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the Philips InCenter site.

**Using the Philips InCenter Site**

The Philips InCenter site provides frequent updates to all Philips Cardiac Systems product documentation and product software, including the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.

The Philips InCenter site requires an active registration and password. To register, go to the InCenter site at: incenter.medical.philips.com and click on the Need help? link on the main page (located under the user login and password fields). On the following page, under Software Updates (lower right corner of page), click the Click here for account registration link. The Cardiac Systems InCenter Registration page appears. Complete all of the information fields on the page to receive a login and password for the InCenter site.

Registration for the InCenter site requires the serial number of at least one PageWriter TC30 cardiograph in active use at your facility. The serial number is found on the product identification label, located next to the text SN. The product identification label is located on the rear panel of the cardiograph, see Figure 1-2 on page 1-5.
About Adobe Acrobat Versions

Adobe Acrobat Reader version 9.0 must be installed on the PC that is used to access the Philips InCenter site. Previous versions of Acrobat Reader are not compatible with the Philips InCenter site, and attempting to access InCenter with a previous version of Acrobat Reader will result in error messages when opening documents. Uninstall all previous versions of Acrobat Reader, and then proceed for a free install of Acrobat Reader 9.0 at: www.adobe.com.

Any version of Adobe Acrobat Professional or Acrobat Elements are also not compatible with the Philips InCenter site, and error messages will appear when opening documents with these applications. Acrobat Reader 9.0 must be installed in addition to Acrobat Professional or Acrobat Elements.

Follow this procedure when accessing documents on the Philips InCenter site.

To access documents on the Philips InCenter site:
1. Exit Acrobat Professional or Acrobat Elements (if open).
2. Start Acrobat Reader 9.0.
3. Open Internet Explorer, and go to the Philips InCenter site. Keep Acrobat Reader 9.0 open the entire time while accessing the InCenter site.

PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Components

The following sections include a description of all of the components of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph, including the connection ports on the cardiograph, the Patient Interface Module (PIM), and optional accessories available with the cardiograph. For more information on using the cardiograph features, see "The Patient Session" on page 3-1. For information on ordering any of the optional accessories for the cardiograph, see "Supplies and Ordering Information" on page 1-33.
Figure 1-3  PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph (right front view)

A  Touch screen  F  Keyboard
B  Audio speakers  G  AC power on indicator light
C  Battery compartment  H  On/Standy button
D  USB memory stick connector  I  ID button
E  Paper tray  J  ECG button
WARNING  Do not connect the modem card to a phone line when the cardiograph is connected to a patient.

CAUTIONS  Do not insert a USB memory stick into the cardiograph, or remove a USB memory from the cardiograph when the cardiograph is acquiring ECG data from a patient.

Only use grounded power cords (three-wire power cords with grounded plugs) and grounded electrical outlets that are labelled as Hospital Only or Hospital Grade. Never adapt a grounded plug to fit an ungrounded outlet by removing the ground prong. Use the equipotential post when redundant earth ground is necessary according to IEC 60601-1-1.
Assembling the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Cart

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is available with an optional cart that includes a storage bin and a built-in holder for the PIM (patient interface module). A second storage bin is available as an optional accessory. The instructions in this section describe the unassembled cart option. For information on ordering the cart, see "PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Supply Part Numbers" on page 1-35.

To attach the cardiograph to a fully assembled cart, see Step 10 on page 1-11.

**CAUTION**  Follow the procedure below to ensure that the cardiograph is securely fastened to the cart before use.

---

**Figure 1-5  Unassembled Cart Kit Contents**

To attach the cardiograph to the cart:

1. Insert the beam into the cart base.
2. Hold the beam steadily. Turn the cart onto the side to expose the bottom of the cart.

3. Place the ground strap onto the screw end.

4. Attach the bolt screws and tighten using the provided wrench. Ensure that the bolt screws are tightened to 80-100 in lbs.
5  Turn the cart upright.
6  Attach the bin to the beam.

7  Insert the bin dividers as shown.

8  Slide out the tray on the top shelf.
9  Attach the top shelf to the beam using the bolt screws. Tighten the bolts using the provided wrench. Ensure that the bolt screws are tightened to 80-100 in lbs.

10  Align the rear feet of the cardiograph with the rear holes on the cart. Lower the front feet of the cardiograph into the front holes on the cart and push the cardiograph into place. Ensure that the cardiograph is locked into the slot on the front right of the cart.
Insert the screws through the bottom of the base, and tighten.

Using the Cart Wheel Positioners and Brake

The cart includes one wheel brake and two wheel positioners. Lock the wheel positioners at all times when using the cart. The wheel positioners keep the cart straight when moving forward or backward, or when turning corners. The wheel positioners also help the cart to maneuver in tight spaces.

To use the cart wheel positioners and brake:

1. Align the front wheels so that they are straight. Step down on both wheel positioners. Move the cart forward until the wheels lock into position. The cart will move forward or backward in a straight line.
2 Step down on the gray rear wheel brake to lock the cart wheels. The cart will not move. Step on the wheel brake again to unlock the wheels.

Patient Interface Module (PIM)

The Patient Interface Module (PIM) is a hand-held device that connects to the patient data cable. The patient data cable is then connected to the cardiograph. The PIM is shipped with the patient data cable fully connected to the PIM.

NOTE Figure 1-6 shows an AAMI version PIM.

Figure 1-6 The Patient Interface Module (PIM)
Attaching the Patient Data Cable to the PIM and Cardiograph

The patient data cable must be attached to the PIM connector before use. Once attached to the PIM, the patient data cable is then attached to the cardiograph through the appropriate PIM connector on the rear of the cardiograph.

**WARNING** Ensure that the patient data cable is securely connected to the PIM connector ( ) on the rear panel of the cardiograph.

**WARNING** The Philips Medical Systems patient data cable (supplied with cardiograph) is an integral part of the cardiograph safety features. Use of any other patient data cable may lead to the distortion or corruption of patient ECG data, may compromise defibrillation protection and degrade cardiograph performance, and overall cardiograph safety may be seriously degraded.

To attach the patient data cable to the PIM and to the cardiograph:

1. Align the raised dot on the top of the patient data cable connector with the front of the PIM. Insert the patient data cable connector through the metal housing. Push the patient data cable connector firmly into the PIM connector. The connector clicks when it is locked into position.

2. Connect the other end of the patient data cable to the PIM connector port ( ) located on the rear panel of the cardiograph. Align the raised circle on the cable connector upright as shown in the figure. Turn the cable connector to the right to lock it into position.
3 Drape the patient data cable over the top of the rear handle on the cart to help ensure that the patient data cable does not drag on the ground.

To disconnect the patient data cable from the PIM:

- Twist the end of the patient cable connector inside the metal housing and pull the connector out.

**Special Note about Patient Interface Module (PIM)**

The PIM is an electronic device and can feel warm if placed on bare skin.

**CAUTION** If the PIM is placed on the patient’s bare skin, always place a sheet or cloth between the PIM and the patient. If the PIM is left on the patient’s skin for an extended period of time while the cardiograph is being used for monitoring purposes, the PIM could reach a maximum temperature of 46 °C (114.8 °F) in a room environment with a temperature of 40 °C (104 °F).
Figure 1-7  Placing PIM on patient’s skin

A  Cloth placed between PIM and patient

**PIM ECG Button**

The PIM has an ECG button that is used to take ECGs from the bedside. For information on connecting the PIM to the patient, or on using the PIM ECG button, see “The Patient Session” on page 3-1.

Figure 1-8  PIM ECG button

A  PIM ECG button
Installing the Batteries

The cardiograph is shipped with one or an optional two batteries that are used to power the cardiograph when AC power is not available.

**CAUTION** Insert the batteries into the cardiograph before plugging the cardiograph into AC power.

--

**Notes about Battery Installation**

**NOTE**
- If operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with one battery installed, the battery may be inserted into either battery compartment.
- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with one battery installed, only use the Philips battery with part number 989803170371. Do not use the battery with Philips part number 989803160981 for one battery operation.
- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with two batteries installed, ensure that both batteries contain the same Philips part number. The battery part number identification label is found on the bottom of the battery. The cardiograph cannot operate with two batteries that contain different part numbers. If the cardiograph is operated with two batteries with different part numbers, the cardiograph will display an error message and will not operate.

**To install the batteries:**

1. Open the battery door.
2 Locate the two gold pull tabs inside of the battery compartment. Pull the tabs straight out of the battery compartment and lay flat.

3 Insert the battery with the external connector facing the bottom rear of the compartment.
4 Push in the battery and ensure that the battery is fully inserted into the slot. The gold pull tab will insert along with the battery. Insert the second battery (if necessary) following the same procedure.

5 Reinstall the battery door.
6 Connect the AC power cord to the cardiograph. Charge the batteries for five hours before operating the cardiograph on battery power only.

Charging the Batteries

Charge the batteries for five hours prior to initial use. After initial charging, plug the cardiograph into AC power whenever possible, and ensure that the batteries are fully recharged. Proper battery maintenance and care, including frequent and full recharging of the batteries, will help to prolong battery life.

There are configurable power saving features available on the cardiograph. These features are used to help prolong overall battery life, and to optimize battery power use between battery charges.

Calibrating the Batteries

The batteries may require periodic calibration to ensure the continued accuracy of the battery power and overall battery status information displayed on the cardiograph. If battery calibration is necessary, the message **Recommend Calibration** appears on the Battery Status Information window. For information on the Battery Status Information window, see page 1-22. For more information on battery calibration, see “Battery Calibration” on page 5-12.

Battery Power Indicator

The battery power indicator ( ) appears on the Status Bar and is always visible. The indicator displays the current battery power level. The cardiograph can operate on AC power while the batteries are charging, but the batteries will charge at a slower rate.

**Figure 1-9 Battery Power Indicator on the Status Bar**

A Battery level indicator
**To check the battery power level:**

1. From any screen, tap on the battery icon on the Status Bar ( ). The Battery Status window appears. This window provides detailed information on the status of the single installed cardiograph battery, or of the two installed batteries. The battery icon located on this screen indicates the charge status of the available battery power (with 1 or 2 batteries installed).

**Table 1-1 Battery Icon (on Status Bar or Battery Status window)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon on Status Bar</th>
<th>Battery Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Fully Charged Battery" /></td>
<td>Fully Charged Battery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="75% power capacity" /></td>
<td>75% power capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="50% power capacity" /></td>
<td>50% power capacity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Low Battery Power](image) | Low Battery Power:  
- red battery icon appears when power level is below 25%  
- cardiograph beeps and an error message appears until the unit is plugged into AC power (audio feature may be disabled)  
- double-tap the icon to see how many minutes are left of operating battery power |
| ![No or Dead Battery](image) | No or Dead Battery |
Getting Started

Using the Wireless LAN Card

NOTE
If the **Plug in the Cardiograph** message appears, the cardiograph needs to be plugged into AC power immediately.

**Figure 1-10 Battery Status Information with Plug in the Cardiograph message**

2 Touch the **Close** button to close the window.

Using the Wireless LAN Card

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph supports the Summit Wireless LAN card. The wireless LAN card is used to transfer ECG and order data between the cardiograph and a TraceMaster ECG Management System. The cardiograph can also be configured to transfer ECG data using a wireless connection to a third party ECG management system. For information on configuring cardiograph connectivity with a TraceMaster or other third party ECG management system, see the *PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide* available on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or the file can be downloaded from the Philips InCenter site.

CAUTION
Only use wireless LAN cards with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph that have been purchased from Philips Medical Systems. The use of non-approved wireless LAN cards with the cardiograph is not tested or supported, and Philips Medical Systems does not guarantee cardiograph operation or wireless LAN connectivity.

For information on installing the card and configuring the cardiograph for wireless transmission, see the *PageWriter TC Cardiograph Wireless LAN Installation Instructions*. The file is available for download from the Philips InCenter site (incenter.medical.philips.com).

For information on ordering the wireless card, see "Supplies and Ordering Information" on page 1-33.
Using the Modem Card

The modem card is an optional accessory that is used to fax ECGs to a configured receiving fax machine, or is used to transfer ECGs or orders by modem between the cardiograph and a TraceMaster ECG Management System. The cardiograph can also be configured to transfer ECG data by modem to a third party ECG management system. For information on configuring cardiograph connectivity with a TraceMaster or other third party ECG management system, see the *PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide* available on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or the file can be downloaded from the Philips InCenter site.

For information on ordering the modem card, see “Supplies and Ordering Information” on page 1-33.

**WARNING** Do not connect the modem card to a phone line when the cardiograph is connected to a patient.

Using the USB Memory Stick

The USB memory stick is an optional accessory that is used to transfer orders to the cardiograph from a computer that has the WebSelect Utility installed, and can also be used to transfer completed ECGs from the cardiograph as either XML files or as PDF files. The USB memory stick can also be used to save custom settings specified on the Setup screens as a *Custom Settings* file. This Custom Settings file can then be transferred to additional cardiographs to help speed up the configuration process.

For information on using the WebSelect Utility, see the *Using OrderVue with PageWriter Cardiographs* guide. This guide is available for download from the Philips InCenter site. For information on the Philips InCenter site, see "Using the Philips InCenter Site" on page 1-4

**CAUTION** The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph only supports the USB memory stick that is available for purchase as an optional accessory from Philips Medical Systems. Philips does not guarantee that other USB memory sticks are compatible with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.
The USB memory stick can store up to 200 ECGs and 200 orders. Ensure that the USB memory stick is firmly inserted into the USB connector located on the front right side of the cardiograph (next to the battery door). The tip of the USB memory stick illuminates when it is properly inserted into the USB connector.

**CAUTIONS**

- Do not insert a USB memory stick into the cardiograph, or remove a USB memory stick from the cardiograph when the cardiograph is acquiring ECG data from a patient.
- Only use the USB memory stick to transfer data between a PageWriter TC30 cardiograph and a computer. Do not use the memory stick with other devices.

### Using the Barcode Reader

The barcode reader is an optional accessory that is used to quickly enter ID information by scanning a barcode.

The barcode reader attaches to the barcode reader connector ( ) on the rear panel of the cardiograph. Attach the barcode reader to the cardiograph before turning on AC power. For information on ordering the barcode reader, see “Supplies and Ordering Information” on page 1-33.

**NOTE** The *Metrologic Scanner Instructions for Use*, which provides complete information on configuring and using the barcode scanner, is included on the User Documentation and Training DVD.
Using the Cardiograph Touch Screen

The touch screen provides access to all of the cardiograph features. Simply touch the buttons on the screen to open the different screens and to perform different functions.
Touch Screen Overview

The touch screen is organized into different areas that are grouped by function. The following sections provide an overview of each area of the touch screen.

Figure 1-13  Touch Screen Overview (with 12x1 lead format)

Table 1-2  Touch Screen Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Touch Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A                 | Selected Exam Type | ■ The Exam Type selected for the current patient session.  
|                   |                   | ■ The available Exam Types are: **Resting 12-Lead** and **Timed ECG**.  
|                   |                   | ■ Touch the button to change the selected Exam Type. |
Table 1-2  Touch Screen Overview  (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Touch Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **B**             | Exam Layout      | ■ The settings underneath this button include the selected ECG report layout settings, and the level of interpretation generated by the Philips interpretive algorithm that are being applied to the selected Exam Type.  
                   |                  | ■ Any of the settings on this screen may be edited, and the new settings are applied to the current patient session.                         |
| **C**             | Current Operating Settings | ■ The settings underneath this button include the selected filters (Artifact, Baseline Wander), pacing detection setting, and report scaling settings being applied to the current patient session.  
                      |                  | ■ The **Unknown** pacing setting is recommended for most ECGs.                                                                              |
| **D**             | Status Bar       | Displays information about the current cardiograph settings, including selected Exam Type, current patient name, network connectivity status, PIM status, and the current date and time. |
| **E**             | Waveform Display | ■ Display area for ECG waveforms. Lead connection quality is indicated by the color of the waveform.                                         
                   |                  | ■ Press the up arrow (↑) or the down arrow (↓) key (on keyboard) to change the displayed lead format.                                        |
| **F**             | Toolbar          | All cardiograph ECG acquisition modes and ECG management features.                                                                           |
| **G**             | Help             | Provides information on how to use the cardiograph.                                                                                           |
| **H**             | Setup            | The settings underneath this button are used to configure or change cardiograph settings, or to access the service utilities. Access to these screens may require entering a password. |
### I ECG Storage and Management Features
- Provides access to the ECG Archive, which is used as temporary storage for all ECGs acquired on the cardiograph.
- From the Archive, ECGs may be transferred to a TraceMaster ECG Management System, or a third party ECG management system.
- From the Archive, a TraceMaster server may be searched for previous ECGs to view and print on the cardiograph.
- The number on the button (10) displays the number of ECGs currently stored in the Archive.

### J Rhythm and Disclose Features
- The Rhythm feature is used to print continuous rhythm strips of up to 12 selected leads until the Stop button is touched.
- The Disclose feature is used to review captured Events, to view continuous data from one selected lead, or to print ECG reports in a variety of formats.
- The number on the Disclose button (5) displays the number of Events currently stored in Disclose for the current patient session.

### K 1-2-3 Operation Features
- The Map, ID, and ECG buttons are used in sequence to acquire and print a standard 12-lead ECG.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Touch Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>ECG Storage and Management Features</td>
<td>Provides access to the ECG Archive, which is used as temporary storage for all ECGs acquired on the cardiograph. From the Archive, ECGs may be transferred to a TraceMaster ECG Management System, or a third party ECG management system. From the Archive, a TraceMaster server may be searched for previous ECGs to view and print on the cardiograph. The number on the button (10) displays the number of ECGs currently stored in the Archive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Rhythm and Disclose Features</td>
<td>The Rhythm feature is used to print continuous rhythm strips of up to 12 selected leads until the Stop button is touched. The Disclose feature is used to review captured Events, to view continuous data from one selected lead, or to print ECG reports in a variety of formats. The number on the Disclose button (5) displays the number of Events currently stored in Disclose for the current patient session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>1-2-3 Operation Features</td>
<td>The Map, ID, and ECG buttons are used in sequence to acquire and print a standard 12-lead ECG.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Changing the Lead Format on the Main ECG Screen

The format of the waveforms that display on the Main screen can be changed at any time. The available lead formats are described in Table 1-3.

**Table 1-3 Main Screen Lead Formats**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lead Format</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6x2         | - This is the default lead format on the cardiograph, see Figure 1-14 on page 1-30  
- This view provides five seconds of continuous ECG waveform data for each lead on a split screen  
- In the split screen display, the limb and augmented leads on the left, and the precordial leads are on the right |
| 12x1        | - This view provides ten seconds of continuous ECG waveform data for each lead  
- See Figure 1-13 on page 1-26 |
| 3x4         | - This view provides 2.5 seconds of waveform data for each lead, with 3 total rows with 4 leads in each row  
- In this view, the limb and augmented leads are on the left, and the precordial leads are on the right  
- See Figure 1-15 on page 1-30 |
Figure 1-14  Default 6x2 Lead Format on Main Screen

Figure 1-15  3x4 Lead Format on Main Screen

A  Limb Leads  
B  Precordial Leads
To change the lead display on the main screen:

1. Press the down arrow key (on keyboard) or the up arrow key to scroll through the available Main screen lead formats.

2. The lead format that displays on the Main screen when the cardiograph is shut down (by pressing and holding the On/Standby button) will be retained once the cardiograph is returned to active use.

The Status Bar

The Status Bar (top of the screen) provides information about the current cardiograph settings. The Status Bar is always visible.

**Figure 1-16 The Status Bar**

**Table 1-4 The Status Bar**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status Bar Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **A**           | Selected Exam Type | - The Exam Type selected for the current patient session.  
                 | ![Standard 12-Lead](image)      | - The available Exam Types are: **Resting 12-Lead** and **Timed ECG**. |
| **B**           | ECG Layout | - The current ECG report layout settings, including the level of interpretation generated by the Philips interpretive algorithm.  
                 | ![Layout](image)               | - Any of the settings on this screen may be edited for the current patient session. |
| **C**           | Operating Settings | - The current selected filters (Artifact, Baseline Wander), pacing detection setting, and report scaling settings.  
                 | ![Settings](image)             | - The **Unknown** pacing setting is recommended for most ECGs. |
### Table 1-4 The Status Bar (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status Bar Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **D** | Event Marker Alert | 1. If this flashing icon appears, saved Event markers ( ) have not yet been reviewed on the Disclose screen, and will be deleted within the next 3 minutes.  
2. Touch the Disclose button on the toolbar to review these saved Events. |
| **E** | PIM Disconnected | 1. If this icon appears, the Patient Interface Module (PIM) is not connected to the cardiograph.  
2. Check that the PIM cable is firmly attached to the connector on the cardiograph, and that there are no breaks or cracks in the cable. |
| **F** | Caps Lock | 1. Indicates that the Caps Lock setting is enabled (keyboard types in all capital letters).  
2. Touch the Caps Lock key (on keyboard) to disable the setting. |
| **G** | LAN and Wireless LAN Connectivity | LAN connectivity:  
1. Indicates if the cardiograph is connected to a live Ethernet connection through the LAN connector ( ) on the rear of the cardiograph.  
2. If no LAN connection is detected, a red “x” mark appears on the icon ( ).  

Wireless LAN connectivity:  
1. Indicates the signal strength of a the wireless LAN connection.  
2. Green bars indicate that the wireless adapter is associated to an access point. The higher the number of green bars, the better the connection.  
3. Gray bars indicate that the wireless adapter is unable to associate to an access point. |
| **H** | Battery Power Indicator | Displays the available battery power. For more information, see "Battery Power Indicator" on page 1-20. |
Supplies and Ordering Information

The part numbers for all supplies for the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph are listed in this section.

Ordering Supplies

All supplies may be ordered on the web at:
http://shop.medical.philips.com

Use the part numbers listed in this section to ensure that the correct supplies are ordered.
Special Note about Welsh Bulb Electrodes

Welsh Bulb electrodes are offered as an optional supply part with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph. Special care is necessary when using these electrodes. Pay special attention to all warnings associated with these electrodes. For information on cleaning the reusable Welsh Bulb electrodes, see "Reusable Electrode Cleaning" on page 5-4. Philips Medical Systems recommends the use of disposable electrodes with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.

**WARNING** The Welsh bulb electrodes (available as an accessory for the cardiograph) do not meet the requirements of IEC 60601-2-25 for defibrillation recovery time, and cannot be reliably used for patient diagnosis immediately following defibrillation.

**WARNING** Always clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use. See “Reusable Electrode Cleaning” on page 5-4 for information on cleaning and disinfecting reusable electrodes. Failure to properly clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.

**CAUTION** The Welsh bulb electrodes contain natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.
# PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Supply Part Numbers

## PIM Patient Data Cable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803164281</td>
<td>Class B Patient Data Cable, 8-pin (2.0 meters/6.56 feet length)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Complete Lead Sets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803151631</td>
<td>Complete AAMI Lead Set for Standard 12 Leads (arm lead 99 cm/39 in, leg lead 104.1 cm/41 in, chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151641</td>
<td>Complete IEC Lead Set for Standard 12 Leads (arm lead 99 cm/39 in, leg lead 104.1 cm/41 in, chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151711</td>
<td>Limb Lead Set (AAMI/IEC) (arm lead 99 cm/39 in, leg lead 104.1 cm/41 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151671</td>
<td>Complete Chest Lead Set (AAMI/IEC) (chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151651</td>
<td>Long Complete AAMI Lead Set for Standard 12 Leads (arm lead 137.1cm/54 in, leg lead 142.2 cm/56 in, chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151661</td>
<td>Long Complete IEC Lead Set for Standard 12 Leads (arm lead 137.1cm/54 in, leg lead 142.2 cm/56 in, chest leads 106.6 cm/42 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151731</td>
<td>Long Limb Lead Set (AAMI and IEC) (arm lead 137.1cm/54 in, leg lead 142.2 cm/56 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151691</td>
<td>Long Chest Lead Set (AAMI/IEC) (chest leads 106.6 cm/42 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151751</td>
<td>16-Lead Kit for AAMI Leads (arm lead 99 cm/39 in, leg lead 104.1 cm/41 in, chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in, extended leads 83.8 cm/33 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151761</td>
<td>16-Lead Kit for IEC Leads (arm lead 99 cm/39 in, leg lead 104.1 cm/41 in, chest leads 69.8 cm/27.5 in, extended leads 83.8 cm/33 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151771</td>
<td>Long 16-Lead Kit for AAMI Leads (arm lead 137.1cm/54 in, leg lead 142.21 cm/56 in, chest leads 106.6cm/42 in, extended leads 121.9cm/48 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151781</td>
<td>Long 16-Lead Kit for IEC Leads (arm lead 137.1cm/54 in, leg lead 142.21 cm/56 in, chest leads 106.6cm/42 in, extended leads 121.9cm/48 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Lead Accessories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803129231</td>
<td>Alligator Clips for Disposable Tab Electrodes (AAMI) (10 total per pack)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803129241</td>
<td>Alligator Clips for Disposable Tab Electrodes (IEC) (10 total per pack)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101361</td>
<td>Alligator Clip Extender (Pediatric) for Disposable Tab Electrodes (10 total per pack) (AAMI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101371</td>
<td>Alligator Clip Extender (Pediatric) for Disposable Tab Electrodes (10 total in pack) (IEC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803106061</td>
<td>Wide Disposable Tab Electrode Connector (10 total per pack) (AAMI/IEC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803166031</td>
<td>Clear Tab with Snap Adapter (AAMI) (10 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101701</td>
<td>IEC Snap Lead Adapter (converts IEC connector to grabber connector for use with snap disposable electrodes and 4mm banana plug termination cables)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803151701</td>
<td>16-Lead Spare Parts Kit (includes color rings, shorting plugs, lead separators and banana post adapters)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Disposable and Reusable Electrodes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803100441</td>
<td>Solid gel tab disposable cardiography electrode, resting diagnostic ECG (35 mm x 22 mm, 1.37 x .86 in) (1000 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803149901</td>
<td>Pediatric disposable tab electrode (14 mm x 34 mm, .55 x 1.33 in) (1000 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101311</td>
<td>Reusable Welsh Bulb Electrode 15 mm diameter (AAMI) (6 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101651</td>
<td>Reusable Welsh Bulb Electrode 15 mm diameter (IEC) with banana plug adapter (1 total electrode)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101281</td>
<td>Reusable Welsh Bulb Electrode (IEC) with side screw connection (6 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101661</td>
<td>Reusable Adult Limb Plate Electrode (IEC) (4 total electrodes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101691</td>
<td>Reusable Adult Limb Clamp Electrode (4 total electrodes) (AAMI/IEC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803101341</td>
<td>Reusable Adult Limb Plate Electrode for push-in type connection, nickel-silver (4 total electrodes) (AAMI/IEC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Disposable and Reusable Electrodes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803100601</td>
<td>Rubber Strap for Reusable Limb Plate Electrodes (38 cm/15 in) (4 total straps) (AAMI/IEC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Printer Paper

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803106261</td>
<td>Z-fold, with header, A size (21.6 x 28 cm/8.5 x 11 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803106271</td>
<td>Z-fold, with header, A4 size (21 x 29.69 cm/8.27 x 11.69 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803106281</td>
<td>Anti-fade, A size (21.6 x 28 cm/8.5 x 11 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803106291</td>
<td>Anti-fade, A4 size (21 x 29.69 cm/8.27 x 11.69 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Batteries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803160981</td>
<td>Lithium-ion replacement battery (2 battery operation only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>989803170371</td>
<td>Lithium-ion replacement battery (1 or 2 battery operation)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Keyboard Cover

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803166501</td>
<td>PageWriter TC30/TC50 Cardiograph Keyboard Cover (5 per pack)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Replacement Fuse

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>453564131221</td>
<td>PageWriter TC30/TC50 Cardiograph 1.6 amp (250 V) Replacement Fuse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## USB Memory Stick

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>989803145331</td>
<td>USB Memory Stick</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ordering Options and Upgrades

For more information on ordering any of the following cardiograph upgrades or options, please contact your Philips Sales Representative or your local distributor.

Data Input Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H12</td>
<td>Barcode Reader</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H13</td>
<td>Magnetic Card Reader</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H14</td>
<td>Smart Card Reader</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Patient Interface Module (PIM) Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H21</td>
<td>12-Lead Patient Interface Module (PIM) (AAMI or IEC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Software Upgrades

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D01</td>
<td>Orders support (order system connectivity)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D07</td>
<td>Manual order entry support (user entered orders)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D12</td>
<td>Last ECG and Interactive Query support (requires TraceMaster ECG Management System)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D21</td>
<td>Wireless LAN support (802.11b/g)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D22</td>
<td>Wireless LAN support (802.11a, 802.11b/g)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H11</td>
<td>Global Modem support</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cardiograph Cart and Accessories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B01</td>
<td>Partially Assembled Cardiograph Cart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B02</td>
<td>Fully Assembled Cardiograph Cart (only available in USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C02</td>
<td>TC30/TC50 Cardiograph Additional Cart Storage Bin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C03</td>
<td>Patient Cable Arm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Keyboard Cover

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H16</td>
<td>Keyboard Cover</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Product Troubleshooting

For information on product troubleshooting, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Service Manual included on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or the file may be downloaded from the Philips InCenter site. For information on using the InCenter site, see page 1-4. This document provides comprehensive information on product troubleshooting, performance verification and safety tests, using the Service Utilities accessed from the Setup menu, and installing software upgrades. The Service Manual is only available in English. For more comprehensive information on product troubleshooting, contact the nearest Philips Response Center for further assistance.

Contacting a Philips Response Center

The Philips Response Center can assist with product troubleshooting and provide technical expertise to help with any issue with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph or any of its accessories.

For more information on the Philips Response Center go to:

www.medical.philips.com/main/services/response_center

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>North America Response Centers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Country</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
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<td>Puerto Rico</td>
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<td>United States</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chile</td>
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<tr>
<td>Columbia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peru</td>
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<table>
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<th>Europe Response Centers</th>
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<tbody>
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<td><strong>Country</strong></td>
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## Europe Response Centers

<table>
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<td>Austria</td>
<td>43 1 60101 820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>32 2 525 7103 (French)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32 2 525 7102 (Flemish)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>31 40 2781619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MCR Response Center (located in The Netherlands)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>45 80 30 30 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>358 615 80 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>0 810 835 624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>0180 5 47 5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>31 40 2781619</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MCR Response Center (located in The Netherlands)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>31 40 2781619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MCR Response Center (located in The Netherlands)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>0800 232100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>31 40 27 211 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>47 800 84 080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>31 40 2781619</td>
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<td></td>
<td>MCR Response Center (located in The Netherlands)</td>
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<td>Rumania</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Russia</td>
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### Getting Started

**Contacting a Philips Response Center**

**Europe Response Centers**

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(located in The Netherlands)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>34 90 230 4050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>46 200 81 00 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>0800 80 3000 (German)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0800 80 3001 (French)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Australia and Asia Response Centers**

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<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>1800 251 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>800 810 0038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>852 2876 7578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>1600 112 444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>62 21 7910040, ext 8610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>81 (0)120 095 205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>82 (0)2 3445 9010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>1800 886 188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>0800 251 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>63 2 8162617 ext. 875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>1800 Philips</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>0800 005 616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>66 (0)2 614 3569</td>
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**Africa and Middle East**

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<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>All countries</td>
<td>31 40 2781619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCR Response Center</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(located in The Netherlands)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuring Default Clinical Settings

All of the settings on the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph may be customized to meet the needs of a specific clinical environment. The cardiograph is shipped with factory default settings, and any of these settings may be changed. All configuration of the cardiograph is completed on the Setup screens.

Configuring the Wireless LAN Card

For information on configuring the wireless LAN option, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Wireless LAN Installation Instructions provided with the wireless adapter, or download the file from the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on using the Philips InCenter web site, see page 1-4.

Password Access

Access to all functions that are used to configure the cardiograph may be set to be password access controlled.

Tips for Creating Secure Passwords

Use the following guidelines when creating passwords used on the cardiograph:

- Include at least one upper case character
- Include at least one number
- Create passwords at least eight characters in length
- Do not use common words, names, or other easily identified terms

Configuration with a Philips TraceMaster ECG Management System

For information on configuring networking and other settings on the cardiograph that are used with a TraceMaster ECG Management System (including the OrderVue order handling option), see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide (only available in English) included on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on the Philips InCenter site, see "Using the Philips InCenter Site" on page 1-4.
Configuration with a Third Party ECG Management System

For information on configuring networking and other settings on the cardiograph that are used with a third party ECG management system, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide (only available in English) included on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on the Philips InCenter site, see "Using the Philips InCenter Site" on page 1-4.

Restoring Custom Configuration Settings

After configuring the cardiograph, save the settings to a USB memory stick, or to a configured shared remote computer in case of system failure. If the cardiograph loses custom settings, the settings may be quickly and easily restored by loading them onto the cardiograph from a USB memory stick, or from a configured shared remote computer. For information on configuring a shared remote computer, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide.

To save custom settings, touch the Setup button, Configure Cardiograph Default Settings, and the Save/Load button (top of screen). Instructions on how to save custom settings is provided directly on this screen. For information on using the Setup Help, see "Using Setup Help" on page 2-4.

Configuring Multiple Cardiographs

When configuring multiple cardiographs with the same TraceMaster and OrderVue settings, you can save all settings to a USB memory stick, or to a remote shared computer, and then upload them to additional PageWriter TC30 cardiographs.

NOTE Wireless LAN card settings specified for the Summit WLAN adapter are saved with the custom settings file.
Opening the Setup Screens

To open the setup screens:

- Touch the **Setup** button on the Toolbar. The Setup menu appears.

**Figure 2-1** The Setup and Service Utilities Menu

**Table 2-1** Setup and Service Utilities Menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **A**     | Configure Cardiograph Default Settings | - Touch to configure all clinical settings used on the cardiograph  
- Touch to configure password and power save features  
- Includes Maintenance Tests that can be used to troubleshoot or to optimize cardiograph performance. For more information, see "Cardiograph Care and Maintenance" on page 5-1. |
Using Setup Help

Each Setup screen within the cardiograph software application provides Help that describes
the currently selected option or field. Use the Help when configuring cardiograph settings, or
to learn more about a specific feature or item.

When a Setup screen is opened, Help displays in a blue Information box that appears on the
screen. Touch the Close button when done. Touch a tab, or touch the name of any field or
option displayed on the screen to display Help for that specific item.

To view help for a tab or field:

1 Touch a tab or touch the name of the field or option so that it is highlighted in blue. Help
   for the selected item displays in the blue Information box on the screen (see Figure 2-2 on
   page 2-5).

2 Touch the Close button when done.

Table 2-1  Setup and Service Utilities Menu  (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item</th>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>TraceMaster and OrderVue Setup</td>
<td>▰ Touch to configure TraceMaster, OrderVue, or third party ECG management system settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>▰ Touch to configure LAN, wireless LAN, and modem connectivity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>▰ For more information, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide (only available in English)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Service Utilities</td>
<td>▰ Touch to access the Service Utilities, including all maintenance and performance tests, and software upgrades</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>▰ For more information on using the Service Utilities, see the PageWriter TC Cardiograph Service Manual (only available in English)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fig. 2-2 Help displayed on a Setup screen

A Setup Help window

Configuring 12-Lead Exam Settings

The Exam setup wizard is used to specify ECG operating settings, and 12-lead ECG report settings. Each set of defined settings is saved as an individual Exam Profile that is given a unique name. This Exam Profile can then be selected during a patient session.

To configure Exams settings:

1. Touch the Exams button (top left of screen) on the Default Cardiograph Settings screen.
2. The Exams setup screens appear. The Manage Exams tab is selected (in blue).
Configuring Default Clinical Settings

Configuring 12-Lead Exam Settings

Figure 2-3  The Exams Setup screen

A  Exams button selected
B  Manage Exams tab selected
C  Edit Exams dropdowns

3  Touch a button under Create a New Exam to begin creating a new Exam for Resting 12-lead, or Timed ECG.

4  On the following screen select a lead sequence (Standard or Cabrera) and a lead standard (AAMI or IEC). Touch the Next button (bottom right of screen) to continue.

5  On the following screen, select a report format to specify for this Exam. Select the Rhythm leads for the selected report format (if necessary). Touch the Next button to continue.

6  Select the settings for the selected report format; these settings include the waveform scale and size settings, and if the ECG data shown on the report is captured simultaneously, or time sequentially. On the right side of the screen, select an interpretation level for the Philips 12-lead or DXL ECG algorithm. Touch the Next button to continue.

NOTES

The Print Severity setting enables the printing of the ECG severity on the ECG report. For more information on the Severity setting, see "Interpretive, Reason, and Severity Statements" on page 4-3.

The Extended Measurements setting enables the printing of the full Extended Measurements Report with each ECG. For information on the Extended Measurements Report, see "Extended Measurements Report" on page 4-36.

7  The following screen specifies the Rhythm leads and the waveform speed and scale settings for all Rhythm reports printed using this Exam Profile.
8 Touch the **Back** button to return to any previous screen and make edits. Touch the **Save** button when complete.

9 The Create New Exam profile window appears. Enter a name for the Exam Profile. Touch **OK**. The Exam Profile is now saved and may be selected during a patient session. The new Exam Profile settings may also be edited. Select the Exam Profile from the Edit an Exam dropdown menus on the main Manage Exams screen, see Figure 2-3 on page 2-6.
The Patient Session

Introduction

A patient session is the period of time when waveform data is acquired and processed from a single patient. A patient session begins by entering accurate patient information. Patient information is then linked with all waveform data acquired during the patient session.

CAUTION Entering accurate patient information (age, gender) is highly recommended if using the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm, version PH090A, or the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm, version PH100B, for ECG interpretation. For more information see the applicable Physician’s Guide on the PageWriter TC Cardiograph User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the Philips InCenter site (incenter.medical.philips.com).

The steps in a typical patient session are described below.

Table 3-1 The Patient Session

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prepare the Patient</th>
<th>More Information See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Prepare the patient for the procedure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Attach the lead wires.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Enter Patient Information or Take a STAT ECG

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>More Information See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Return the cardiograph to active use.</td>
<td>“Using the On/Standby Button” on page 3-10.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2    | • Take an urgent/STAT ECG  
• Enter patient information or select an order from the Worklist | • “Urgent (STAT) ECGs” on page 3-18.  
• “Entering Patient Information” on page 3-11. |

### Check the Signal Quality

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>More Information See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>When the patient is connected to the cardiograph, color-coded ECG waveforms appear on the Main screen. Check the signal quality.</td>
<td>“Checking Signal Quality” on page 3-14.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Touch the <strong>Map</strong> button on the cardiograph to verify electrode and lead connections.</td>
<td>“Leads Map” on page 3-15.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Select an ECG Acquisition Mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>More Information See...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1    | Do any of the following:  
• Capture Events for review on the Disclose screen  
• Print an Auto ECG  
• Print a Rhythm report  
• Use the Disclose feature to:  
  • review Events captured on the Main or Rhythm screens  
  • print a 12-lead ECG of captured Event data  
  • view continuous waveform data for a selected Disclose lead  
  • print a 1-minute report of a selected Disclose lead  
  • view live patient waveform data for a selected Disclose lead | “Capturing Events from the Main or Rhythm Screens” on page 3-29.  
“Main ECG Screen” on page 3-19.  
“Rhythm ECG Acquisition” on page 3-26.  
“Disclose ECG Acquisition” on page 3-29. |
Patient Preparation

Thorough patient preparation techniques are essential for a good quality ECG. Follow the procedures listed in this section to ensure a quality ECG for each patient.

**TIP** Good ECG technique is very important to achieve the best quality results.

**Instructing the Patient**

Before attaching the electrodes, greet the patient and explain the procedure. Explaining the procedure decreases anxiety and informs the patient about what to expect.

- Privacy is important to relaxation. When possible, take the ECG in a quiet room or area where others can’t see the patient. Draw the curtains around the bed when taking the ECG in a room with other people.
- Reassure the patient that the procedure is painless.
- Make sure the patient is lying down and is comfortable. The patient’s arms and hands must be relaxed. If the table is too narrow, place the patient’s hands under the buttocks to prevent muscle tension in the arms.
Once the electrodes and lead wires are attached, instruct the patient to:

- Remain still and do not talk
- Breathe normally
- Try not to shiver
- Do not chew or clench teeth

The more relaxed the patient, the less the ECG will be affected by noise.

**Preparing the Skin**

Thorough skin preparation is very important. The skin is a poor conductor of electricity and frequently creates artifact that distorts the ECG signal. There is a natural resistance on the skin surface due to dry, dead epidermal cells, oils, and dirt.

**TIP** The area of the skin where the electrodes are applied must be clean and free of skin oil.

**To prepare the skin:**

1. **Clip hair** from electrode sites if necessary (excessive hair prevents a good connection).
2. **Wash** thoroughly with soap and water.
3. **Dry** the skin vigorously to increase capillary blood flow to the tissues and to remove the dead, dry skin cells and oil.

**TIP** **Do not use alcohol** to clean the skin because it dries the skin. If there is no time to follow the procedure above, rub the site with gauze to remove dead, dry skin and to increase capillary flow.
**Electrode Placement**

Review the following lead wire labeling and electrode placement information to ensure a quality ECG.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AAMI Lead</th>
<th>IEC Lead</th>
<th>Electrode Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RL</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>On the right leg (inside calf, midway between knee and ankle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LL</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>On the left leg (inside calf, midway between knee and ankle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RA</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>On the right arm (on the inside)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>On the left arm (on the inside)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V1</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>Right side of the sternum in the 4th intercostal space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V2</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Left side of the sternum in the 4th intercostal space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V3</td>
<td>C3</td>
<td>Midway between V2/C2 and V4/C4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V4</td>
<td>C4</td>
<td>Left midclavicular line in the 5th intercostal space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V5</td>
<td>C5</td>
<td>Anterior axillary line at the same level as V4/C4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V6</td>
<td>C6</td>
<td>Left midaxillary line at the same level as V4/C4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 3-1  Male Standard 12-Lead Electrode Placement (AAMI/IEC)
Attaching Disposable Electrodes

For the best quality ECG, ensure that all skin preparation procedures described in “Preparing the Skin” on page 3-4 have been followed.

To attach disposable electrodes:

1. Expose the arms and legs of the patient (to place the limb electrodes).
2. Place the electrodes on flat, fleshy parts of the arms and legs.
3. Place the electrodes on the inside of each arm (between the wrists and elbows).
4. Place the electrodes on the inside of each calf (between the knee and the ankle).
5 Place the limb electrodes equal distance from the heart. Position the electrodes at the same place on each limb.

6 If a limb site is not available (amputation, injury) place the electrodes closer to the torso.

7 Attach the electrodes to the skin. A good test for firm electrode contact is to try to move it. If it moves easily, the electrode connection is too loose. Do not allow the electrodes to move in any way.

**Attaching Welsh Bulb and Limb Clamp Electrodes**

**Special Note about Welsh Bulb Electrodes**

Special care is necessary when using Welsh Bulb electrodes. Pay special attention to all warning associated with these electrodes. For information on cleaning the reusable Welsh Bulb electrodes, see "Reusable Electrode Cleaning" on page 5-4. Philips Medical Systems recommends the use of disposable electrodes at all times with the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.

**WARNING** The Welsh bulb electrodes (available as an accessory for the cardiograph) do not meet the requirements of IEC 60601-2-25 for defibrillation recovery time, and cannot be reliably used for patient diagnosis immediately following defibrillation.

**WARNING** Always clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use. See “Reusable Electrode Cleaning” on page 5-4 for information on cleaning and disinfecting reusable electrodes. Failure to properly clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.

**CAUTION** The Welsh bulb electrodes contain natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

The Welsh Bulb electrode is a self-restraining electrode that consists of a rubber squeeze bulb and a metal cup. The rubber squeeze bulb provides sufficient suction to hold the electrode firmly on the patient without causing discomfort. This electrode is used on the chest. The limb clamp electrodes are used on the arms and legs. Philips recommends the application of highly conductive multipurpose electrolyte gel to the electrode site whenever Welsh Bulb and limb clamp electrodes are used.
For the best quality ECG, ensure that all skin preparation procedures described in “Preparing the Skin” on page 3-4 have been followed.

**To attach limb clamp and welsh bulb electrodes:**

1. Expose the arms and legs of the patient (to place the limb plate electrodes).
2. Inspect both the limb clamp and the Welsh Bulb electrodes to ensure that both are clean. For information on cleaning reusable electrodes, see “Reusable Electrode Cleaning” on page 5-4.
3. Ensure that the patient data cable and the lead wires are not twisted, and lay the Patient Interface Module (PIM) flat.
4. Connect the lead wire to the corresponding electrode, this may be done one electrode at a time for convenience.
5. Apply a thin layer of electrolyte gel to the area of the skin where the electrode will be applied. The skin area covered by the electrolyte gel should not exceed the diameter of the electrode.
6. Rub the electrode on the skin with a circular motion to apply and spread the electrolyte gel to the electrode surface and skin. This is very important if the patient’s skin is extremely dry. If the patient’s skin is excessively hairy, follow the procedure “Preparing the Skin” on page 3-4 to remove hair from electrode sites.

**CAUTION**

When applying the precordial electrodes, do not overlap the electrolyte gel of adjacent electrode sites. Overlapping electrolyte gel will cause interaction between electrode sites, and may result in distortion of the ECG signal.

7. Hold the electrode on the patient’s skin and depress the top of the rubber bulb.
8 Release the rubber bulb, and the electrode attaches to the patient. A good test for firm electrode contact is to try to move it. If it moves easily, the electrode connection is too loose. Do not allow the electrodes to move in any way.

**TIPS**
- Place the electrodes on flat, fleshy parts of the arms and legs.
- Place the electrodes on the inside of each arm (between the wrists and elbows).
- Place the electrodes on the inside of each calf (between the knee and the ankle).
- Place the limb electrodes equal distance from the heart. Position the electrodes at the same place on each limb.
- If a limb site is not available (amputation, injury) place the electrodes closer to the torso.

**To remove limb clamp and welsh bulb electrodes:**
- Detach the rubber bulb from the metal cup by pulling. Follow the procedure “Reusable Electrode Cleaning” on page 5-4 to clean reusable electrodes after each use.

### Attaching the Lead Wires

Each lead wire tip is labeled and color-coded for easy identification.

**To attach the lead wires:**
- Attach the lead wire to the corresponding electrode.

### Using the On/Standby Button

The On/Standby button is used to:
- put the cardiograph into Standby when not in active use in order to conserve battery power
- shut down all power to the cardiograph for extended periods of inactivity
- return the cardiograph to active use

**CAUTION** Ensure that all patient data from an active patient session is saved before entering Standby, or shutting down the cardiograph. Unsaved patient data (patient identification information, unreviewed Event Markers, unsaved ECGs) is deleted when the cardiograph enters Standby.
Figure 3-4  The On/Standby button

![On/Standby button](image)

A  On/Standby button

**To put the cardiograph into Standby (power save):**

1. Press the On/Standby button gently to put the cardiograph into Standby. When the cardiograph is in Standby, the screen is black.

**TIP** Plug the cardiograph into AC power whenever possible to recharge the batteries.

2. Press the On/Standby button again to return the cardiograph to active use. The previously viewed screen (prior to entering Standby) appears.

**NOTE** If the Disclose or Rhythm screens are viewed prior to entering Standby, the Main screen will appear when the cardiograph is returned to active use.

**To shut down the cardiograph:**

1. Press and hold the On/Standby button for 3 seconds to shut down the cardiograph. When the cardiograph is shut down, any unsaved patient data is lost.

2. Press the On/Standby button to return the cardiograph to active use. The cardiograph fully restarts and the Main screen appears.

### Entering Patient Information

Patient information is entered by:

- Keyboard
- Selecting a pending order
- Barcode reader (optional)
- Magnetic card reader (optional)
- Smart card reader (optional)
Required ID Information

Required patient information is indicated in blue type on the ID screen. This information must be complete in order to transmit an ECG (as either an XML or PDF file) from the Archive to a TraceMaster ECG Management System, or to a USB memory stick. The ID fields that are required are designated by your supervisor.

Navigating on the ID Screen

- To move to the next field on the screen, press the Tab key (on keyboard).
- To move to the previous field on the screen, press and hold the Shift key (on keyboard) and then press the Tab key.

Entering ID Information with the Keyboard

To enter ID information with the keyboard:

1. Touch the ID button on the Toolbar. The ID screen appears. The New Patient tab (top of screen) is selected. Patient information is entered under this tab. Fields in blue are required (if configured) and must be completed.

   NOTE
   A message appears if the ID screen is exited before completing the required patient information fields.

2. Enter the information. Press the Tab key (on keyboard) to scroll between the different fields.

   NOTE
   Do not add any spaces to the ID number field if transferring ECGs to a TraceMaster ECG Management System.

3. Touch OK when done.

Selecting an Order from the Worklist

Any order contained in the Worklist may be selected for a patient session. Orders are downloaded to the cardiograph from a specified TraceMaster Remote Site through an inbox configured for use on the cardiograph.

To select a pending order for a patient session:

1. Touch the ID button.

2. Touch the Worklist tab (top of screen). The selected tab is highlighted in blue. The Worklist screen appears.

   NOTE
   The number that displays on the Worklist tab (10) indicates how many pending orders are available in the Worklist.

3. The orders available in the Worklist appear on the screen. Touch an order to select it. The selected order is highlighted in blue.
4 Touch the **Select** button (lower right corner of screen) to select the highlighted order for the current patient session. The Main screen appears with the patient information for the selected order appearing on the Status Bar (top of screen).

**Searching for Orders**

You can search for orders in any inbox that is available on the cardiograph.

Or, you can search for an order during an active patient session by using data scanned from a barcode reader, magnetic card reader, or from a Smart Card reader.

The cardiograph must be connected to the network in order to use the order search feature.

**To search for orders:**

1 Touch the **ID** button. The ID screen appears.

2 Touch the **Find Patient** tab (top of screen). The selected tab is highlighted in blue.

3 The **Location** dropdown list (top left of screen) contains all of the available search locations for the cardiograph. Touch the dropdown arrow button to open the list. Touch a location to select it. The selected location appears highlighted in blue and the list closes.

**NOTE** Worklist is the internal cardiograph pending order list.

4 Enter order search data into the available fields including **Patient ID**, **Last Name**, **First Name**, **Date of Birth**, and **Room** (number). The entered information will be used to search for orders. To search using data entered from an external device (barcode reader, magnetic card reader, Smart Card reader) place the cursor in the field in which the data is to be scanned. Scan the data. The data appears in the field.

**TIP** Enter the wildcard character (*) into any field to broaden the search information. For example, to search for orders for all patients with the last name of Doe, enter Doe into the **Last Name** field, and enter * into the **First Name** field.

5 The selectable optional search field is located at the upper right of the screen. This available optional search field includes the following options: **Order Number**, **Account Number**, **Gender**, **Unit Number** or **Priority** (STAT). Touch the dropdown arrow to open the list of optional search fields. Touch an optional search field to select it. Then, enter search data into the field.

6 When all patient information to be used in the search is entered, touch the **Find** button (bottom of screen). The Message Bar (bottom of screen) displays the search status. Any orders that match the entered search data appear in the orders list.

7 Touch an order to select it. The selected order appears highlighted in blue. To select the highlighted order for the current patient session, touch the **Select** button (bottom of screen).

**NOTE** Touch the **Cancel** button to exit the screen without saving the Order.


**Editing ID Information**

Patient information may be edited at any time during a patient session, or may be edited for a single ECG on the Archive screen. A message appears if changes made to patient information could affect ECG interpretation.

Changes to patient information are applied to all ECGs taken during an active patient session, or to a single ECG stored in the Archive.

**To edit ID information:**

1. From the Archive only, touch the saved ECG that you wish to edit. The selected item is highlighted in blue.
2. From the Main screen, or from the Archive, touch the **ID** button. The ID screen appears.
3. From the Archive, the **Edit Patient ID** tab is automatically selected, or touch this tab to select it. The selected tab is highlighted in blue.
4. Edit the ID information displayed on the screen. Press the **Tab** key (on keyboard) to scroll between the different fields.
5. Touch **OK** to save the edits.
   Touch **Cancel** to exit without saving the edits.

**Checking Signal Quality**

The signal quality of each lead is indicated by the color of the lead as displayed on the screen. In addition to the color-coded signal quality indicators, there are additional signal quality features available on the cardiograph. If the signal quality of all leads is good, and all required patient information has been entered, the **ECG** button (front panel of cardiograph, or on the PIM) illuminates, indicating that the ECG is ready to be taken. Also, the **Map** button can be used to check for any loose or disconnected leads or electrodes. When the **Map** button is touched, a lead diagram appears and any loose or disconnected leads are indicated with a red x mark (✗).

For information on troubleshooting signal quality issues, see "Troubleshooting Signal Quality" on page 3-15.

**Color-coded waveforms**

When the lead wires are attached to the patient (with the cardiograph turned on), waveforms appear on the Main ECG screen. The color of the waveform indicates the signal quality of the individual lead.

**Table 3-3 Waveform Quality Indicators**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waveform Color</th>
<th>Indicates...</th>
<th>Possible Causes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green waveform</td>
<td>☑ Good connection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Patient Session

Checking Signal Quality

Leads Map

The Leads Map is a graphical representation of a patient that shows the location of loose or inoperative electrode(s). The Lead Map is available on the Main screen only.

To open the Leads Map:

1. On the Main screen, touch the Map button on the Toolbar.
2. The location of a loose or inoperative electrode is indicated with a red x mark (❌).

Troubleshooting Signal Quality

Always follow good skin and patient preparation techniques prior to taking an ECG. Proper skin preparation helps to ensure a good quality ECG. Skin is a poor conductor of electricity and frequently creates artifact that distorts the ECG signal. For more information, see "Patient Preparation" on page 3-3.
### Table 3-4  Signal Acquisition Issues

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Cause &amp; Investigation Step</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| All leads show leads off (red dashed line) continuously                | PIM communications have been lost due to USB patient data cable connection failure, or defective leads are connected to the PIM | 1 Check to see if the RL/N lead and electrode are firmly attached.  
2 Check to see if the PIM disconnected icon ( ) appears at the top right of the screen. If this icon appears, check that the patient data cable is firmly connected to the PIM, and to the PIM connector port on the rear of the cardiograph. For more information, see “Attaching the Patient Data Cable to the PIM and Cardiograph” on page 1-14.  
3 If the PIM is firmly attached, perform the PIM test as described in “Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test” on page 5-13. If the PIM Test fails, replace the patient data cable. If the PIM Test continues to fail with a new patient data cable attached, replace the PIM.  
4 If the PIM test passes, ensure that all lead wires are fully seated in the PIM lead connectors.  
5 Ensure that all lead wires are intact and that there are no cracks visible in any of the lead wires.  
6 Run the lead wire open and short tests, as described in “Lead Wire Performance Test” on page 5-14.  
7 If the lead wire open and short tests fail, contact the Philips Response Center. See “Contacting a Philips Response Center” on page 1-39. |
| One or more leads show leads off (red dashed line) periodically         | Improper or incomplete patient and skin preparation techniques                                       | Ensure that good patient preparation and skin preparation techniques have been followed as described in “Patient Preparation” on page 3-3. |
|                                                                        | Improperly attached electrodes or lead wires; expired disposable gel electrodes                   | 1 Ensure that the lead adapters are clean and have a tight fit.  
2 Ensure that the electrodes are within their shelf life and are firmly attached to the patient. |
### Table 3-4  Signal Acquisition Issues (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Cause &amp; Investigation Step</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Defib or high noise event</td>
<td>Observe frequency and recovery behavior. The PIM performs an automatic ranging action when input signals vary significantly. If this behavior persists in the absence of electrode movement or defib events, the cardiograph should be serviced to inspect and possibly replace the PIM or lead cables. Contact the Philips Response Center. See “Contacting a Philips Response Center” on page 1-39.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIM reset (up to ten second duration)</td>
<td>It is normal for the PIM to reset under the following conditions:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ power on/wakeup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ screen changes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ insertion/removal of a USB device (USB memory stick)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When the PIM resets, it is normal for all leads to display red dashed lines for up to ten seconds. The PIM disconnected icon ( ) is displayed during the PIM reset.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Urgent (STAT) ECGs

Patient information does not have to be entered in an emergency situation in order to take an ECG.

Complete all patient information after the urgent ECG is taken, but before the patient session ends. All required patient information fields must be completed in full in order to transfer an ECG to a TraceMaster ECG Management System or to a USB Memory Stick (as either an XML or PDF file).

To take an emergency or STAT ECG:

1. From the Main screen, check that all leads have a good connection.

2. When all leads have a good connection, touch the green ECG button on the front of the cardiograph twice rapidly, or press the green ECG button on the PIM twice rapidly.

---

Table 3-4  Signal Acquisition Issues  (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Cause &amp; Investigation Step</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| One or more leads show leads off (red dashed line) periodically | PIM communications have been lost due to USB patient data cable connection failure, or defective leads are connected to the PIM | 1 Check to see if the RL/N lead and electrode are firmly attached.  
2 Check to see if the PIM disconnected icon appears at the top right of the screen. If this icon appears, check that the patient data cable is firmly connected to the PIM, and to the PIM connector port on the rear of the cardiograph. For more information, see “Attaching the Patient Data Cable to the PIM and Cardiograph” on page 1-14.  
3 If the PIM is firmly attached, perform the PIM test as described in “Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test” on page 5-13. If the PIM Test fails, replace the patient data cable. If the PIM Test continues to fail with a new patient data cable attached, replace the PIM.  
4 If the PIM test passes, ensure that all lead wires are fully seated in the PIM lead connectors.  
5 Ensure that all lead wires are intact and that there are no visible cracks in the lead wires.  
6 Run the lead wire open and short tests, as described on page 5-14.  
7 If the lead wire open and short tests fail, contact the Philips Response Center. See “Contacting a Philips Response Center” on page 1-39. |
The ECG automatically prints and appears on the Preview screen.

**NOTE**

If no patient information is entered a statement is included on the ECG that interpretation used a default age (50 years) and gender (male). The default age and gender that appear on the ECG report is specified by your supervisor.

**Main ECG Screen**

The Main ECG screen displays live patient ECG data in a variety of formats. The Main ECG screen is the default screen that appears when the cardiograph is restarted.

**Changing the Lead Format on the Main ECG Screen**

The format of the waveforms that display on the Main screen can be changed at any time. The available lead formats are described in Table 3-5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lead Format</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6x2         | ■ This is the default lead format on the cardiograph, see Figure 3-5 on page 3-20  
              ■ This view provides five seconds of continuous ECG waveform data for each lead on a split screen  
              ■ In the split screen display, the limb and augmented leads on the left, and the precordial leads are on the right |
| 12x1        | ■ This view provides ten seconds of continuous ECG waveform data for each lead  
              ■ See Figure 1-13 on page 1-26 |
| 3x4         | ■ This view provides 2.5 seconds of waveform data for each lead, with 3 total rows with 4 leads in each row  
              ■ In this view, the limb and augmented leads are on the left, and the precordial leads are on the right  
              ■ See Figure 3-6 on page 3-20 |
Figure 3-5  Default 6x2 Lead Format on Main Screen

Figure 3-6  3x4 Lead Format on Main Screen

A  Limb Leads  B  Precordial Leads
To change the lead display on the main screen:

1. Press the down arrow key (on keyboard) or the up arrow key to scroll through the available Main screen lead formats.

2. The lead format that displays on the Main screen when the cardiograph is shut down (by pressing and holding the On/Standby button ) will be retained once the cardiograph is returned to active use.

Taking an Auto ECG

Once all waveforms are of good quality, and all patient information is complete, the ECG button illuminates (on the cardiograph or the PIM). When the ECG button illuminates, it means that the ECG is ready to be taken.

To take an Auto ECG:

► When the ECG button is lit, press it to take an Auto ECG.

Using the Preview Screen

The Preview screen displays the ECG exactly as it looks when printed. The ECG button can be touched at any time from the Main screen to display a full-screen preview of an ECG. The ECG captures the most recent 10-seconds of waveform data.

Depending on how the Preview screen is configured to operate, once the ECG appears on the Preview screen it may automatically print, be saved to the Archive, and it may be automatically transferred to TraceMaster or other third party ECG management system. Also, the cardiograph can be configured to automatically retrieve the most recent ECG from the same patient from a specified TraceMaster server for direct comparison purposes at the cardiograph.

To preview an ECG from the Main ECG screen:

1. On the Main ECG screen, or on the Patient Interface Module (PIM), touch the ECG button to see a previewed ECG of the most recent 10-seconds of waveform data. If no patient information has been entered, touch the ECG button twice rapidly.

NOTE

As shown in Figure 3-7 on page 3-22, the Print, Save, Transfer, or Last ECG buttons may not appear on your individual cardiograph, or may appear grayed out (cannot be selected), depending on how your cardiograph is configured. If the buttons are grayed out, your cardiograph is configured to automatically perform these functions. If the buttons do not appear, your cardiograph is not configured to support these functions.
### Figure 3-7  The Preview Screen

![Image of the Preview Screen]

### Table 3-6  Preview Screen Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preview Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Layout Button</td>
<td>Touch to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change the layout/format of the ECG report displayed on the screen and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>change whether the waveforms are displayed simultaneously or time sequentially</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change the rhythm lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change the amount of interpretation that appears on the ECG report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The new settings are immediately applied.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3-6  Preview Screen Description  *(continued)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preview Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Settings Button</td>
<td>Touch to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change the optional filter settings (Artifact, Baseline Wander)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change pacing detection setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change waveform speed and scale settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change the High and Low Pass filter settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The new settings are immediately applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Print Button</td>
<td>Touch to print the displayed ECG.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Save Button</td>
<td>Touch to save the displayed ECG.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Transfer Button</td>
<td>Touch to send the displayed ECG to TraceMaster or to a third party ECG management system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> Only ECGs with complete required patient information can be transferred. Touch the <strong>ID</strong> button to complete any missing required patient information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Last ECG</td>
<td>Touch to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- review on the Preview screen and print from the cardiograph the most recent previous ECG from the same patient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- use of this feature requires an active network or modem connection to the specified TraceMaster server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> The <strong>Last ECG</strong> feature is only available with the TraceMaster ECG Management System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>ECG Report</td>
<td>- The displayed ECG report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Press the down arrow key (↓) or the up arrow key (↑) to change the displayed report format. Touch the <strong>Print</strong> button to print out the ECG report with the new format applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Press and hold the Shift key (on keyboard) and then press the down arrow key (↓) or the up arrow key (↑) to change the level of interpretation displayed on the ECG preview. Touch the <strong>Print</strong> button to print out the ECG report with the new interpretation applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Page forward and page back button</td>
<td>Touch to view additional pages of the displayed ECG report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Close Button</td>
<td>Touch to close the Preview screen and to return to the Main screen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using the Last ECG Feature on the Preview Screen

When a previous patient ECG is printed at the cardiograph using the Last ECG feature, a note appears on the ECG report specifying that this is a previously recorded ECG.

Figure 3-8  Previous ECG Watermark on ECG Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preview Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Page Advance Button</td>
<td>Touch to advance the printer paper to the beginning of the next page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>ID Button</td>
<td>Touch to enter missing patient information for the displayed ECG (not available with the Last ECG feature)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** This feature is not used to enter patient information for a new patient.

Table 3-6  Preview Screen Description (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preview Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Viewing Event Markers on the Preview Screen

If any Event Markers are captured within the 10-seconds of ECG data that appear on the Preview screen or the printed ECG report, an Event Marker symbol ( ) will appear directly above the waveform. For information on capturing Events on the Main or Rhythm screens, see "Capturing Events from the Main or Rhythm Screens" on page 3-29.

Figure 3-9 Event Marker Symbol on Preview Screen

Critical Values on Preview Screen

The algorithm offers a feature called Critical Values, that when enabled will display an ECG message on the Preview screen and print the message on the ECG report in order to notify caregivers of an ongoing or imminent cardiac event, such as a silent MI, that requires immediate treatment. The notification statement displays prominently on the Preview screen. If any of these Critical Values appear on the Preview screen, obtain help immediately.

The messages are triggered by a defined set of interpretive statements that are listed in “Critical Value Statements” on page B-1. These warning statements include ACUTE MI, VERY HIGH HEART RATE, COMPLETE HEART BLOCK, and for the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B, the statement ACUTE ISCHEMIA is supported.

The statement VERY HIGH HEART RATE is generated by the following formula: the measured heart rate in beats per minute, minus the patient age in years. If this value is 150 bmp or higher, the VERY HIGH HEART RATE statement will appear on the ECG.
Rhythm ECG Acquisition

Rhythm ECG acquisition is used to print continuous rhythm strips of up to 12 selected leads until the Stop button is touched. The selected Rhythm leads, the size and scale of the waveforms on the printed report, pacing detection settings, and the optional Artifact filter settings may be changed at any time during the recording.

**TIP**
You do not have to stop printing the Rhythm report to change Rhythm leads.

**NOTE**
Rhythm reports are not analyzed.

**To record a rhythm ECG:**
1. Touch the Rhythm button on the toolbar.
2. Touch the Stop button on the toolbar to stop printing.
3. Touch the Page button on the toolbar to advance the paper to the top of the next page.

**To change the rhythm leads:**
1. Touch the Leads button on the toolbar to select a predefined group of leads, or select the leads individually by touching the lead label.
2. Touch the Select All button to select all available rhythm leads.
3 Touch the **OK** button to apply the new settings. Touch the **Cancel** button to exit the screen without changing leads.

The new rhythm lead settings are immediately applied, and the report continues to print with the selected rhythm leads.

**To change rhythm report settings:**

1 Touch the **Settings** button on the Status Bar (top of screen). The Settings window appears.

2 Touch the **ON/OFF** button next to **Artifact** to enable or to disable the Artifact filter.

3 Touch settings for waveform speed and scale as desired.

**NOTE**

The **Chest Leads** setting scales the precordial leads to the same size as the limb leads (**Full**) or to half the size of the limb leads (**Half**).

4 Touch a setting next to **Pacing** to change the pacing detection setting.

**NOTE**

The **Unknown** setting is recommended for most ECGs.

5 Touch the **OK** button to close the window and to apply the settings. Touch the **Cancel** button to close the window and to discard the settings.

**Special Note about Artifact Filter**

The purpose of the Artifact filter is to remove skeletal muscle artifact from the ECG signal. Skeletal muscle artifact is the most difficult noise source to eliminate due to the fact that it contains the same frequencies as actual patient ECG signals. The Artifact filter will eliminate skeletal muscle artifact, but it will also reduce all high frequency components of the ECG signal. Due to this fact, use of the Artifact filter may make it impossible to detect pacemaker pulses, and may affect P waves, and the entire QRS-T complex. Only use the Artifact filter for ECGs that otherwise would be unreadable due to significant levels of muscle artifact.
Figure 3-11  The Rhythm Screen with rhythm report printing

Table 3-7  Rhythm Screen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rhythm Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Settings Button</td>
<td>Touch to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change Artifact filter settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change pacing setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change waveform speed setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- change waveform scale setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The new settings are immediately applied</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Disclose ECG Acquisition

Disclose ECG acquisition is used to review Events captured on the Main or Rhythm screens, or to review up to 5 minutes of continuous ECG waveform data for a selected lead, in either a static or in a live view. The waveform data may be reviewed on the screen, and any data viewed on the screen may be selected and printed as a standard 12-lead ECG report, or as a 1-minute Disclose report of a single lead. See “1-Minute Disclose Report” on page 4-35 to view an example of the 1-minute Disclose report format.

Event Marker Warning

A flashing icon ( ) appears on the Status Bar (top of screen) if Event Markers captured during an individual patient session have not yet been reviewed on the Disclose screen, and are about to be deleted. For more information, see “The Status Bar” on page 1-31.

Capturing Events from the Main or Rhythm Screens

If a clinically significant event is viewed on either the Main or Rhythm screens, this clinically significant data can be captured for future review and processing on the Disclose screen. This captured data is called an Event and is marked on the screen with a white arrow symbol ( ). This white arrow symbol is called an Event Marker, and appears directly above the waveform. The number of Events captured for the current patient session displays as a number (4) on the Disclose button located on the toolbar.

Table 3-7  Rhythm Screen (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rhythm Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Stop Button</td>
<td>- Touch to stop printing the rhythm report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- When the rhythm report is stopped the toolbar shown in Figure 3-12 appears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Leads Button</td>
<td>- Touch to change the rhythm leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- This button appears whether or not a rhythm report is printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Page Button</td>
<td>- Touch to advance the printer paper to the beginning of the next page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- This button only appears when no rhythm report is printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Main Screen Button</td>
<td>- Touch to exit the Rhythm screen and return to the Main screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- This button only appears when no rhythm report is printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Rhythm Button</td>
<td>- Touch this button to resume printing a rhythm report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- This button only appears when no rhythm report is printing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
As the waveform data on the screen refreshes, additional Events can be captured as necessary. Even though an Event scrolls off of the screen, it is saved for review on the Disclose screen.

**To capture an Event on the Main or Rhythm screens:**

1. If a clinically significant event is viewed, touch and press down on the screen directly above the waveform for two seconds in order to capture the significant data for future review and processing.

2. Once the data is captured, a white Event Marker appears above the waveform. A maximum of 6 Events can be captured for an individual patient session. After the Event is captured, the number that appears on the Disclose button increases by 1.

   **Figure 3-13 Disclose Button with 4 Captured Events**

Continue to capture Events as necessary, or proceed to review Events on the Disclose screen. Even though an Event scrolls off of the screen, it is saved for future review and processing. Wait 15 seconds after capturing an Event, and then touch the Disclose button to view Events.

**Reviewing Events on the Disclose Screen**

Captured Events can be reviewed on the Disclose screen. When the Disclose button is touched, the Disclose screen appears in a static view.

   **Figure 3-14 Disclose Screen, Static View with Captured Events**
### Table 3-8  Disclose Screen, Static View with Captured Events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disclose Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A                    | Selected Disclose Lead        | - Touch to change the displayed Disclose lead  
- Only one lead may be selected as the Disclose lead |
| B                    | Layout Button                 | - Touch to change ECG report settings, including report layout, time sequential settings, and any rhythm leads that appear on the 12-lead ECG report  
- Touch the change the amount of interpretive information generated by the algorithm that appears on the ECG report  
- The 12-lead ECG report is derived from the 10-seconds of data that is captured inside the orange Focus box  
|                      |                               | The new settings are immediately applied.                                                                                                                                 |
| C                    | Settings Button               | Touch to:  
- change Artifact filter settings  
- change pacing setting  
- change waveform speed setting  
- change waveform scale setting  
The new settings are immediately applied |
| D                    | Waveform Display Area         | - The area where Disclose lead waveforms appear  
- Touch any area on the screen to move the orange Focus box |
| E                    | Live View Button              | - Touch to enter Live View that displays live waveforms  
- In this view, live waveforms scroll across the screen; the most recent data is seen at the top of the screen, and the oldest data is seen at the bottom of the screen |
| F                    | 1-Minute Disclose Report Button | - Touch this button to print a continuous 1-minute report of the selected Disclose screen  
- This 1-minute Disclose report is not analyzed |
<p>| G                    | Main Screen Button            | Touch to exit the Disclose screen and return to the Main screen |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disclose Screen Item</th>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>ECG Button</td>
<td>Touch to print a 12-lead ECG report of the data captured inside the orange Focus Box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Touch the ECG button on the front panel of the cardiograph or on the PIM twice rapidly to take a STAT ECG.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The ECG report appears on the Preview screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Disclose Timeline</td>
<td>This is a data timeline that displays up to 5 minutes of waveform data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The orange shaded area in the timeline indicates the data that is displayed above in the waveform area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tap anywhere on the timeline to move the orange shaded area and to display different ECG waveform data on the screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>White upright lines in the timeline are saved Events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Previous Events Button</td>
<td>Touch this button to view Events captured more than 5 minutes in the past.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Events are saved in 30-second segments that can be reviewed and printed as 12-lead ECGs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Touch any spot on the saved 30-second segment to move the Focus box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The Focus Box contains 10-seconds of ECG data that can be printed as a 12-lead ECG report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>Focus Box</td>
<td>The Focus Box captures 10-seconds of ECG data that can be printed as a 12-lead ECG report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tap anywhere on the waveform display area to move the Focus Box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The date and time at the upper left corner of the Focus Box is the date and the beginning time of the waveform data captured inside the Focus Box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using Timed ECG

The Timed ECG feature is used to take ECGs at pre-defined intervals, most commonly as part of a stress test protocol. The number of total ECGs recorded, and the interval between ECGs can be defined as a Timed ECG Exam in Setup. For more information on configuring Exams settings, see “Configuring 12-Lead Exam Settings” on page 2-5.

To take ECGs using the Timed ECG feature:

1. When all patient information has been entered, and all leads are of good quality, touch the Exams button on the Status Bar (upper left corner of screen). By default, the Exams button will display Standard 12-Lead.

2. On the Exams dropdown, touch Timed ECG. The available Timed ECG protocols then appear as side buttons. Touch a Timed ECG profile to select it for the current patient session. 2x3 Minutes is the factory default Timed ECG profile.

3. The dropdown list closes with the selected Timed ECG profile appearing on the Exams button. The Timed ECG protocol begins.

4. A progress bar on the bottom of the screen provides a status update on the number of ECGs remaining, and the number of seconds remaining until the next ECG is taken. Touch the Stop button (bottom of screen) at any time to stop the Timed ECG protocol.
Reading the Printed ECG Report

The ECG report formats described in this chapter are available on the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with installed software version A.04.00 and higher.

**Figure 4-1** A 12-Lead 3x4, 1R Report (page one)

A Interpretive, Reason, and Severity Statements (see page 4-3)
B Basic Measurements (see page 4-6)
C Patient ID Clinical Information (see page 4-7)
D Patient ID Information (see page 4-8)
E Institution Information (see page 4-9)
F Configurable Clinical Information (see page 4-10)
G ECG Order Information (see page 4-11)
H Physician Information (see page 4-12)
I Report Information (see page 4-12)
J Calibration Information (see page 4-13)
K Time Separator (see page 4-15)
L Pacing Detection Setting (see page 4-15)
M Algorithm Version (see page 4-17)
N Filter Settings (see page 4-17)
O Speed and Sensitivity Settings (see page 4-21)
P Device Identification Number (page 4-21)
Additional patient information fields may appear on the top of a second page of the ECG report if more than two clinical fields (Rx, Dx, Sx, Hx) are entered with the Patient ID information.

Additional configurable clinical information fields may also appear on the top of a second page of the ECG report if more than four fields are configured.

Figure 4-2   A 12-Lead 3x4, 1R Report (page two)

Q  Additional Patient Clinical Information Fields (see page 4-7)
R  Additional Configurable Clinical Information (see page 4-10)
Interpretive, Reason, and Severity Statements

This area of the report contains the interpretive, reason, and severity statements generated by the Philips 12-Lead, or Philips DXL ECG Algorithm.

Figure 4-3  Interpretive, Reason, and Severity Statements on the ECG Report

Interpretive statements may include a reason statement that summarizes the criteria that generated the interpretive statement.

NOTE  The interpretive statements may include quality statements that describe a signal quality problem that occurred during recording, such as ARTIFACT IN LEAD(S) I, III, aVL.

Severity Statement

Each interpretive statement included on the ECG report has an associated severity. Severities that are more abnormal override lesser severities. The severities of all selected interpretive statements are combined to determine the overall severity of the ECG. This severity code is printed on the front page of the ECG report.

Table 4-1  Overall ECG Severity with Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Severity</td>
<td>NS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal ECG</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Otherwise Normal ECG</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borderline ECG</td>
<td>BO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abnormal ECG</td>
<td>AB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defective ECG</td>
<td>DE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Critical Values

When the Critical Values setting is enabled on the acquisition equipment, statements may appear on the ECG report if specific interpretive statements are generated by the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm. These statements are intended to alert caregivers of an ongoing or imminent cardiac event, such as a silent MI, that require immediate clinical treatment. This feature is provided in part to help satisfy Section 2C of Goal 2 of the 2009 National Patient Safety Goals of the United States of America, as defined by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations.

There are four Critical Value statements that may appear on the ECG report. These statements are shown in Figure 4-4 through Figure 4-7.

About the Extreme Tachycardia Statement

The extreme tachycardia statement Very High Heart Rate is generated by the following formula: the measured heart rate in beats per minute, minus the patient age in years. If this value is 150 bpm or higher, the measurement will generate the extreme tachycardia statement. If no patient age is specified for the ECG, the default patient age specified on the acquisition device is used.

Figure 4-4   Acute Myocardial Infarction Statement on ECG Report

---

A   Acute Myocardial Infarction Statement on ECG Report
Figure 4-5  Extreme Tachycardia Statement on ECG Report

Figure 4-6  Complete Heart Block Statement on ECG Report

Figure 4-7  Acute Ischemia Statement on ECG Report (algorithm version PH100B only)

D  Acute Ischemia Statement on ECG Report
Basic Measurements

These measurements provide standard interval and duration measurements in milliseconds, and limb lead axis measurements in degrees. These are the values measured from the representative beat pattern in the ECG.

About the Fridericia and Bazett’s Formula Rate-Corrected QT Interval Setting

The Fridericia rate-corrected QT interval setting can be enabled on the acquisition device. The default QT rate correction formula available on the acquisition device is Bazett’s formula. Bazett’s formula is calculated by dividing the QT interval by the square root of the average RR interval (expressed in seconds). The Fridericia rate-corrected QT interval is calculated by dividing the QT interval by the cube root of the average RR interval. Both calculations provide a corrected QT interval that represents the QT interval normalized for a heart rate of 60 beats per minute. For certain clinical situations, the Fridericia corrected QT interval may be preferable over Bazett’s, and this additional measurement may be configured to appear in the measurements section of the printed ECG report.

Figure 4-8 The Bazett’s (QTcB) and Frederic ia (QTcF) Rate-Corrected QT interval on the printed ECG report

NOTE Some reports do not include the heart rate (RATE) in Basic Measurements, but do include a heart rate above the interpretive statements. This rate may be edited.

Table 4-1 Basic Measurements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RATE</td>
<td>Heart rate</td>
<td>beats per minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RR</td>
<td>RR interval</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Patient ID Clinical Information

This area of page one or page two of the ECG report contains clinical patient information that is entered on the patient information entry screen, or that is contained in the order associated with the ECG. This includes information about the patient’s Medications (Rx), Diagnoses (Dx), Symptoms (Sx), History (Hx), and a Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) code. The example below is for informational purposes only.

Figure 4-9  Patient ID Clinical Information on the ECG Report (page one)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PR</td>
<td>PR interval</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QRSD</td>
<td>QRS duration</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QT</td>
<td>QT interval</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QTcB</td>
<td>Bazett’s Rate-Corrected QT interval</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QTcF</td>
<td>Fridericia Rate-Corrected QT interval</td>
<td>milliseconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Frontal P axis</td>
<td>degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QRS</td>
<td>Frontal QRS axis</td>
<td>degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Frontal T axis</td>
<td>degrees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more than two Patient ID Clinical Information fields are entered, the third and subsequent fields appear at the top of a second page of the report.
Patient ID Information

This section contains patient identification information. The example below is for informational purposes only.

**Figure 4-11  Patient ID Information on the ECG Report**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>123456789</td>
<td>Patient identification number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09/06/2006; 12:27:11 PM</td>
<td>Date and time of ECG acquisition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cannot be edited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doe, John T.</td>
<td>Patient name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 Years</td>
<td>Patient age (may be configured to display date of birth)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>Patient gender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race</td>
<td>Patient ethnicity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Institution Information

This block of identification information is optional and is fully configurable. The example below is for informational purposes only.

Table 4-2  Patient ID Information (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>247 lbs, 70 in.</td>
<td>Patient weight and height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP: 133/90</td>
<td>Patient blood pressure (mm/Hg)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4-3  Institution Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Community Hospital (21)</td>
<td>Name and ID number of institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dept: ICU (13)</td>
<td>Name and ID number of department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room: 228</td>
<td>Room number of patient or room number where ECG was acquired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oper: Williams</td>
<td>Operator identification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fac: West Campus (5)</td>
<td>Name and ID number of facility or other unit within an institution</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configurable Clinical Information

This information is configurable to fit specific clinical needs. Up to eight configurable clinical information fields may be available for use on the acquisition device.

The first four clinical fields appear on page one of the ECG report. The fifth and subsequent fields appear on page two of the ECG report. The examples below are for informational purposes only.

**Figure 4-13  Configurable Clinical Information on the ECG Report (page one)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smoker</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp</td>
<td>99.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 4-14  Configurable Clinical Information on the ECG Report (page two)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ECG Order Information

This area of the ECG report is optional and fully configurable, and is intended to meet the requirements of an order management system.

Figure 4-15  ECG Order Information on the ECG Report

Table 4-4  ECG Order Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Order: 0-123</td>
<td>Institution-defined order number, part of order management system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enc: E-123</td>
<td>Institution-defined encounter number, part of order management system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reason: Annual Physical</td>
<td>The reason for acquiring the ECG, may be part of an order management system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Physician Information

This information block is optional, and contains physician identification information, including the name of the ordering physician, and may include the NPI (National Provider Identifier) number in parenthesis. The NPI is only applicable to providers inside the United States.

Figure 4-16  Physician Information on the ECG report

Report Information

Information about the status of the ECG report is included in this section, and may include a statement indicating that the ECG report has not yet been overread by a qualified physician.

Figure 4-17  Report Information on the ECG Report

Table 4-5  Report Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unconfirmed Diagnosis</td>
<td>■ Indicates that the ECG report has not been overread by a qualified physician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ This statement may be customized by an institution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COPY</td>
<td>The ECG report is a printed copy of an original.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 4-5  Report Information (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT</td>
<td>The ECG report is designated as STAT.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Non-standard lead gains| • The limb leads or precordial leads were recorded at a gain other than the standard 10mm/mV.  
                          | • see “Calibration Information” on page 4-13.                                |

Calibration Information

The calibration pulse is the rectangular waveform shown in each line of ECG trace. It shows the hypothetical deflection of the trace in response to a 1 mV calibration pulse applied to the acquisition circuitry.

Figure 4-18  Calibration Pulse on the ECG Report

The shape of the calibration pulse reflects the scaling of the trace.

• If the calibration pulse is square □ the precordial leads and limb leads were recorded at the same scale.
• If the calibration pulse is stepped □ the precordial leads were recorded at half the scale of the limb leads.

Table 4-6  Calibration Pulse Shapes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calibration Pulse Shape</th>
<th>Limb (mm/mV)</th>
<th>Precordial (mm/mV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 4-6  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calibration Pulse Shape</th>
<th>Limb (mm/mV)</th>
<th>Precordial (mm/mV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Calibration Pulse Shape" /></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Calibration Pulse Shape" /></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Calibration Pulse Shape" /></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE**  
For ECG recordings where the precordial leads or limb leads were recorded at a gain other than 10mm/mV, the statement **Non-standard lead gains** appears in the Report Information section on the printed report.

**Figure 4-19**  
Calibration information on the ECG report
Time Separator

The time separator marks indicate whether the ECG data is displayed on the printed ECG report simultaneously or time-sequentially. The data for each lead is always acquired simultaneously.

Figure 4-20 Simultaneous time separator on ECG report

The double line indicates that the ECG data for each lead is displayed simultaneously. The starting point of each lead is the same time even though they may appear to start at different times on the printed ECG report.

Figure 4-21 Time sequential separator on ECG report

The single line indicates that the ECG data for each lead is displayed over a continuous period of time. For example, on a 3x4 grid all signals start at 0 in the first column, 2.5 seconds in the second column, 5.0 seconds in the third column, and 7.5 seconds in the fourth column.

Pacing Detection Settings

This area of the report contains information about the pacing detection settings that were selected when the ECG report was printed.

Pacemaker pulses that are detected by the acquisition device are marked on the ECG report with small vertical tick marks. These marks enable the overreader to identify false pacemaker pulse detections, or if true pulses are not being detected.

Figure 4-22 Pacing Detection Setting on the ECG report
The table below describes the possible Pacing Detection Settings available on the acquisition device, along with the setting code that appears on the printed ECG report.

**Table 4-7   Pacing Detection Settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>ECG Report Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Paced Unknown | - This is the default setting and normally is used for both paced and non-paced patients.  
- Pacemaker pulse detection is on and is at normal sensitivity.  
- Occasional false pacemaker pulse detections may occur in ECGs with excessive noise.  
- False detections may result in an incorrect interpretive statement appearing on the report.  
- Small amplitude pacemaker pulses may not be detected using this setting. | P?              |
| Non-paced   | - Pacemaker pulse detection is off.  
- Use this setting if there are false pacemaker pulse detections from noise, or if incorrect interpretive statements or inappropriate paced ECG complexes appear on the report. | No code appears on the ECG report if the Non-paced setting is selected. |
| Paced       | - Pacemaker pulse detection is on and is set at a higher sensitivity.  
- Use this setting if small amplitude pacemaker pulses are not being detected at the default *(Not Known if Paced)* setting.  
- False pacemaker pulse detections may occur if the ECG is noisy. | P              |
Algorithm Version Number

The algorithm version number is printed at the bottom of the ECG Report. The algorithm version number appears as either PH090A (Philips 12-Lead Algorithm) or as PH100B (Philips DXL ECG Algorithm). The algorithm version number appears as PH100B. A Critical Values (C) lead reversal detection symbol (L?) can also appear in this area of the ECG report if these optional features are enabled.

Table 4-8 Algorithm Version Number and Lead Reversal Detection Symbol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| PH100B | PH refers to Philips  
10 refers to the version of the measurement program  
0B refers to the criteria version installed on the cardiograph |
| C | This symbol appears on the report if the optional Critical Values feature is enabled on the acquisition device |
Filter Settings

The filter settings applied to the ECG report are displayed in filter information box that is located at the bottom of the ECG report. These filters are used to optimize the displayed or printed ECG waveform.

With the exception of the AC filter, which is highly selective, there is trade off between fidelity and clarity of the ECG trace when a filter is applied. The more filtering that is applied, the greater the possibility of removing ECG signal details.

NOTE While all filters affect displayed and printed ECGs, the interpretive algorithms always receive, store, and analyze data at 0.05 to 150 Hz.

Figure 4-24 Filter Information Box on the Printed ECG Report

Artifact Filter

The Artifact filter removes skeletal muscle artifact. This noise source is the most difficult to eliminate because it possesses the same frequencies as legitimate ECG signals. While this filter eliminates skeletal muscle artifact, it also reduces all high frequency components of the ECG. This effect may make it impossible to detect pacemaker pulses, can cause visual underestimation of signal amplitudes, and can also render QRS notching invisible.

The filter removes up to 50 µV of signals in the 5 Hz to 150 Hz frequency range. This may affect P waves and the entire QRS-T complex.

Use the Artifact filter only for ECGs that would be unreadable due to significant levels of muscle artifact. Using the filter should provide at least rhythm information, although paced pulses may only be evident by looking at the markers that are produced on the ECG reports.

When the Artifact filter is used, the F symbol is included in the filter information box at the lower right corner of the printed ECG report.
AC Filter

The AC filter removes interference created by the magnetic fields associated with electrical power interacting with the lead wires. The frequency of the AC interference is stable at 60 or 50 Hz. The AC filter removes the AC noise and leaves the ECG signal intact. The line frequency of 60 or 50 Hz is selected during the configuration of the acquisition device.

When the AC filter is used, the AC filter symbol is included in the filter information box at the lower right corner of the printed ECG report.

Frequency Response Filters

These filters suppress frequencies at the high and low ends of the ECG signal spectrum. The available low frequency response filter settings are 40, 100, and 150 Hz.

In 1989, the American Heart Association recommended that frequencies up to 125 Hz be recorded for adult ECGs, and that frequencies up to 150 Hz be recorded for pediatric ECGs1.

Changing the low-pass frequency filter to 40 or 100 Hz permits frequencies below these values to remain in the report and results in a smoother-looking ECG waveform, but eliminates some fine detail in the signal. Small deflections, notches, and slurs may be distorted or may disappear if one of these filters is applied.

The high-pass frequency response filter settings are 0.05, 0.15, and 0.5 Hz. Using this filter permits frequencies above the selected value to appear in the ECG report. That is, this filter suppress frequencies below the selected value.

NOTE

When the baseline wander filter is enabled, the high-frequency response filter is automatically set to 0.5. It is recommended that the 0.15 high frequency response filter setting be used for all other ECGs.

The frequency response of the ECG is included in the filter information box at the lower right corner of the printed ECG. The interpretive algorithms always use 0.05 to 150 Hz bandwidth for maximum fidelity. The maximum fidelity waveform is always stored in the permanent record.

---

Baseline Wander Filter

Baseline wander is the slow (typically 0.1 – 0.2 Hz) drifting of the ECG baseline up or down during ECG recording. Baseline wander may result from patient respiration or from other sources. Severe baseline wander may make it difficult to determine the true wave shapes in the ECG.

Effective baseline wander suppression techniques do not distort the ST segment. While the highest frequency response limit of 0.05 Hz (recommended for normal use) eliminates baseline wander from most ECGs, additional suppression may be required. Enabling the baseline wander filter suppresses all frequencies below 0.5.

CAUTION
A 0.5 Hz baseline wander filter that may distort the ST segment is used during continuous ECG recording in Rhythm mode. Do not attempt to interpret the contour aspects of rhythm ECGs at this setting. If contour analysis is important in Rhythm mode, use the 0.05 Hz Rhythm high-pass frequency response setting that minimizes the ST segment distortion. Rhythm characteristics of the ECG are accurately recorded, regardless of the low-pass frequency setting in Rhythm mode.
Speed and Sensitivity Settings

This area contains information about the speed and sensitivity settings that were used for the ECG recording.

**Figure 4-29  Speed and Sensitivity Settings on the ECG Report**

![Speed and Sensitivity Settings on the ECG Report](image)

**Table 4-9  Speed and Sensitivity Settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Speed</td>
<td>- The speed at which the ECG was printed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Available settings:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 25mm/sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 50 mm/sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limb</td>
<td>- The limb lead sensitivity setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Available settings:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 5, 10, or 20 mm/mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest</td>
<td>- Precordial lead sensitivity setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Available settings:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 2.5, 5, 10, or 20 mm/mV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE** For ECG recordings where the precordial leads or limb leads were recorded at a gain other than 10mm/mV, the statement *Non-standard lead gains* appears in the Report Information section on the printed report.

Device Identification Number

This identification number may be entered at the acquisition device. This number is used to identify the individual device that acquired the ECG.

**Figure 4-30  Device ID on the ECG Report**

![Device ID on the ECG Report](image)
12-Lead ECG Report Examples

The following section includes examples of other 12-lead ECG formats.

- 3x4, 1R report with Standard Leads
- 3x4, 1R report with Cabrera Leads
- 6x2 report (5-second waveform segments) with Cabrera Leads
- 12x1 report with Cabrera Leads. The 12x1 report shows 10 seconds of continuous waveform data for 12 leads and includes a second page with interpretive, reason, and severity statements (if configured).
- Panoramic (Pan-12) report with Cabrera Leads. The Pan-12 report shows a one-second representative complex for each Cabrera Lead and three pre-selected rhythm strips at the bottom (aVF, V2, V5).
Figure 4-31  3x4, 1R Report with Standard Leads
Figure 4-32  3x4, 1R Report with Cabrera Leads and Simultaneous Acquisition
125-43-3247  03/15/2009  12:27:11 PM Doe, John T

Community Hospital (21)
Dept: ICU (13)
Room: 228
Oper: Williams

Rx ACE inhibitor, Amsodron
Rx Acute Myocardial infarct, Aortic valvular disease

Rate 66  SINOUS RHYTHM .................normal P axis, V-rate 50-99
PR 212  FIRST DEGREE AV BLOCK ..........PR >210, V-rate 50-90
QRS 138  INFERIOR INFARCT, OLD ..........Q >35mS, flat T, II III aVF
QT 436
QTc 450

-AXIS-

P 47  
QRS 239  - ABNORMAL ECG -
T 15

aVL V1
I V2
-aVR V3
II V4
aVF V5
III V6

Dev: 132  Speed: 25 mm/sec  Limb: 10mm/mV  Chest: 10 mm/mV

60-0.05-150 Hz  P7

Reason: Annual Physical
Requested by: Phelps (A12445)
Unconfirmed Diagnosis
COPY STAT
Figure 4-34  12x1 Report with Cabrera Leads (page one)
**ABNORMAL ECG**

- **Reason:** Annual Physical
- **Requested by:** Phelps (A12445)
- **Unconfirmed Diagnosis**
- **Stat**
- **Smoker:** Yes
- **Temp:** 99.4
- **Order:** 0-123
- **Enc:** E-123
- **Fac:** West Campus (5)
NOTE  Leads are displayed in Cabrera sequence on the Panoramic (Pan-12) Report regardless of the selected lead standard on the acquisition device.
ST Map Reports

ST Map reports are supported on the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph. The ST Map displays the ST values for each of the leads as derived by the interpretive algorithm (either version PH090A or version PH100B). These ST values enable the clinician to accurately detect ST elevation or ST depression, and also allow the clinician to identify the anatomical location of the ST elevation or depression. The ST segment is the portion of the ECG tracing that can indicate myocardial ischemia.

These ST values are shown graphically in two separate diagrams, or “maps.” The first diagram depicts ST values for the limb leads, and the second diagram depicts the ST values for the chest leads. Each of these diagrams depict a multi-axis orthogonal plane, and each individual axis within this plane represents the ST value at the J point for an individual lead.

12-Lead ST Map Reports

For Standard 12 leads, two ST-related reports are provided. The 3x4 1R 10ST report displays three rows of four 2.5-second waveform segments, with 1 ten-second rhythm strip and the ST Maps at the bottom of the report. The 3x4 1R 8ST report displays three rows of four 2-second waveform segments, with 1 eight-second rhythm strip at the bottom, and the ST Maps at the right side of the report.

NOTE For the 3x4 1R 8ST report, if the ST value of a lead exceeds +/-.30mV, the value displayed for leads in the ST Map will not exceed +/-.30mV, regardless of their actual value.
Figure 4-37  3x4 1R 8ST Report
Figure 4-38 3x4 1R 10ST Report

- ABNORMAL ECG -

Unconfirmed Diagnosis

- Sinus rhythm, normal P axis, V-rate 50-99
- Anterolateral infarct, acute (LAD), ST >0.2mV, V2-V6, I, aVL
- ST elevation, consider inferior injury, ST >0.8mV, II, III, aVF
- Acute MI

Dev: 132
Speed: 25 mm/sec
Limb: 10mm/mV
Chest: 10 mm/mV
60-0.05-150 Hz
PHILIPS
RECORDER M481A
Rhythm Report

Rhythm reports show up to 12 leads of continuous waveform data. The amount of report information that is included on the report is dependent upon the number of leads selected for recording. Information on the report may include:

- Patient information
- Data and time of recording
- Settings information (scale and sensitivity, filter settings)

Rhythm reports are not analyzed, so they do not provide measurement information or interpretive statements, and they are not saved to the Archive. The calibration pulse appears at the beginning of each ECG trace.
Figure 4-39  Rhythm Report with 6 Leads
1-Minute Disclose Report

The 1-Minute Disclose Report displays up to one minute of continuous ECG waveform data for the selected Disclose lead. Disclose reports are not analyzed, so they do not provide measurement information or interpretive statements, and they are not saved to the Archive. Each 10-second waveform segment on the report is labeled next to the lead name.

Figure 4-41  1-Minute Disclose Report
Extended Measurements Report

The Extended Measurements Report summarizes the output of the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm version PH090A, or of the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B. The report includes the morphology characteristics for the individual leads, and the rhythm characteristics for the rhythm groups. The algorithm uses this measurement information to generate interpretive statements. The Extended Measurements Report is especially useful if you want to examine the measurements used to generate an interpretation.

For more information on the Extended Measurements Report, see Chapter 5 of the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Physician’s Guide on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the InCenter site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on using the InCenter site, see page 1-4.
The following chapter contains information about basic cardiograph care, and periodic cardiograph maintenance that may be required. If further technical assistance is required, contact the nearest Philips Response Center, see page 1-39.

**Table 5-1  Recommended Frequency of Maintenance Tasks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Recommended Frequency</th>
<th>Maintenance Task and page number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cardiograph and Patient Interface Module (PIM) Cleaning</td>
<td>Weekly, or after patient use if patient’s skin comes into contact with PIM</td>
<td>“Cardiograph and PIM Cleaning” on page 5-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient Data Cable and Lead Wire Cleaning</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>“Patient Data Cable and Lead Wire Cleaning” on page 5-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reusable Electrode Cleaning</td>
<td>After each patient use</td>
<td>“Reusable Electrode Cleaning” on page 5-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Head Cleaning</td>
<td>When necessary due to uneven print quality</td>
<td>“Cleaning the Print Head” on page 5-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Calibration</td>
<td>When necessary, due to inaccurate battery status information displayed on cardiograph</td>
<td>“Battery Calibration” on page 5-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test</td>
<td>When necessary, to confirm that the PIM is communicating with the cardiograph</td>
<td>“Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test” on page 5-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ping Test</td>
<td>When necessary, to confirm that the cardiograph can successfully communicate with an entered IP address</td>
<td>“Ping Test” on page 5-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead Wire Performance Test</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>“Lead Wire Performance Test” on page 5-14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Cardiograph and PIM Cleaning

**WARNING**  Electrical shock hazard. Keep the cardiograph, Patient Interface Module (PIM), and all cardiograph accessories away from liquids. Do not immerse the cardiograph, PIM, or other accessories in any liquids.

**WARNING**  Always clean and disinfect the Patient Interface Module (PIM) after patient use, if the PIM comes into direct contact with the patient’s skin. Failure to properly clean and disinfect the PIM after direct contact with the patient’s skin may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.

To clean the cardiograph and PIM:

1. Unplug the AC power cord.
2. Ensure that the AC power indicator light (next to power button) is not lit.

---

### Table 5-1  Recommended Frequency of Maintenance Tasks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Recommended Frequency</th>
<th>Maintenance Task and page number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Touch screen calibration</td>
<td>When necessary, due to decreased touch screen performance</td>
<td>“Touch Screen Calibration” on page 5-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Touch screen cleaning</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>“Touch Screen Cleaning” on page 5-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiograph Overall Sensitivity Test</td>
<td>Once per year</td>
<td>The overall sensitivity test is used to test the calibration voltage. According to IEC 60601-2-51, this test should be run regularly. Taking an ECG using a 12-lead simulator allows you to verify areas of operation that the extended self tests cannot check, and allows you to verify the accuracy of the sensitivity settings. See the <em>PageWriter TC Cardiograph Service Manual</em> for detailed instructions on the performance of this test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacing the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Fuse</td>
<td>When the cardiograph is plugged into AC power, but the green AC power indicator light does not illuminate</td>
<td>“Replacing the Cardiograph Fuse” on page 5-17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Wipe the external surfaces of the cardiograph and the PIM with a soft cloth dampened in any of the approved cleaning solutions listed below.

**CAUTION** When cleaning, avoid the lead wire connectors and patient data cable connectors.

### Approved Cleaning Solutions

- Mild soap and water
- Isopropyl alcohol (consisting of 70% solution)
- Chlorine bleach (5.25% sodium hypochlorite content) mixed as 3% solution in water
- Quaternary ammonium compounds such as Steris Coverage Plus NPD, mixed as one half fluid ounce per gallon water, or one part Coverage Plus NPD to 256 parts water

**CAUTIONS** Do not use strong solvents or abrasive cleaning materials.

Do not use any of the following to clean the cardiograph:

- Acetone
- Iodine-based cleaners
- Phenol-based cleaners
- Ethylene oxide sterilization
- Ammonia-based cleaners

The cardiograph, PIM, lead wires, and patient data cable should not be autoclaved, ultrasonically cleaned, or immersed.

### Patient Data Cable and Lead Wire Cleaning

Prior to cleaning the patient data cable, inspect the patient data cable for any cracks or breaks in the cable insulation. If the integrity of the patient data cable is not assured, replace the patient data cable. Contact Philips Medical Systems for further assistance, see “Contacting a Philips Response Center” on page 1-39.

### Approved Cleaning Solutions

- Mild soap and water
- Isopropyl alcohol (consisting of 70% solution)
- Chlorine bleach (5.25% sodium hypochlorite content) mixed as 3% solution in water
- Quaternary ammonium compounds such as Steris Coverage Plus NPD, mixed as one half fluid ounce per gallon water, or one part Coverage Plus NPD to 256 parts water
**CAUTIONS** 

Do not use strong solvents or abrasive cleaning materials.

Do not use any of the following to clean the cardiograph:

- Acetone
- Iodine-based cleaners
- Phenol-based cleaners
- Ethylene oxide sterilization
- Ammonia-based cleaners

The cardiograph, PIM, lead wires, and patient data cable should not be autoclaved, ultrasonically cleaned, or immersed.

---

**To clean the patient data cable and lead wires:**

1. Dampen a soft cloth with soapy water or with one of the disinfectants or cleaning agents listed in “Approved Cleaning Solutions” on page 5-3.
2. Wring excess moisture from the cloth before cleaning.

---

**CAUTION**

Do not:

- Autoclave the patient data cable or lead wires or use ultrasonic cleaners
- Immers
- Use abrasive materials
- Wet the connectors

---

**Reusable Electrode Cleaning**

Reusable limb clamp and Welsh Bulb electrodes must be cleaned after each use.

---

**WARNING**

Always clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use. Failure to properly clean and disinfect reusable electrodes before patient use may cause infectious materials to be transferred between patients.
To clean reusable electrodes:

1. For Welsh Bulb electrodes only: detach the rubber bulb from the metal cup by pulling. Wash the rubber bulb in warm water. Remove all electrolyte gel residue, check inside the rubber bulb to ensure that all residue is removed.

2. For all reusable electrodes: dampen a soft cloth with one of the disinfectants or cleaning agents listed below.
   - Cidex Ortho Phthaldehyde
   - Cetylcide
   - Vesphene 2 Aqueous Phenolic Germicidal Agent

**CAUTION** Do not:
- Use isopropyl alcohol
- Autoclave the reusable electrodes or use ultrasonic cleaners
- Use abrasive materials

3. Wring excess moisture from the cloth before cleaning.

4. Dry the bulb and cup of the Welsh Bulb electrode thoroughly before use.

5. Store the reusable electrodes away from direct sunlight and excessive heat when not in use.
Cleaning the Print Head

Clean the print head periodically, as a dirty print head may cause poor or uneven print quality. Clean the print head more frequently when printing large volumes of ECGs.

To clean the print head:
1. Open the paper drawer.
2. Wipe the print head lightly with a foam swab dipped in 90% alcohol.
3. Allow the print head to dry.

Printer Paper

Replace the printer paper when a red stripe appears on the printed ECG report. Only use Philips Medical Systems replacement printer paper. For part ordering information, see “Supplies and Ordering Information” on page 1-33.
To change the printer paper:

1. Open the paper drawer and remove any remaining sheets. Lift up the paper hold down bar.

2. Insert a new pack of printer paper with the printed side facing up. Make sure that the hole for the paper sensor is positioned as shown below.

A Paper hold down bar

A Paper sensor hole
3  Drape the first sheet over the roller and place the paper hold down bar on top of the paper.

Battery Maintenance and Care

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph uses either one or two removable lithium ion batteries that supply power to the cardiograph during mobile use, and power the cardiograph printer while it is plugged into AC power.

For optimal battery performance:

- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with one battery installed, only use the Philips battery with part number 989803170371. Do not use the battery with Philips part number 989803160981 for one battery operation.

- When operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with two batteries installed, ensure that both batteries contain the same Philips part number. The battery part number identification label is found on the bottom of the battery. The cardiograph cannot operate with two batteries that contain different part numbers. If the cardiograph is operated with two batteries with different part numbers, the cardiograph will display an error message. Before initial use, fully charge the batteries for five hours before operating the cardiograph without AC power. Regularly and consistently charging the batteries will prolong battery life.

- Charging, storing, or using the batteries at temperatures above 50 °C (122 °F) can damage the batteries and reduce overall battery life.
Battery Maintenance and Care

- Check the battery power indicator on the Status Bar. Tap the battery icon on the Status Bar for information on remaining battery power, see Figure 5-3 on page 5-12.

- Always charge the batteries when the cardiograph is not in use. Plug the cardiograph into AC power. Ensure that the green AC power indicator light on the front of the cardiograph is lit. The batteries will charge while the cardiograph is in use, but will charge at a slower rate.

- Operate the cardiograph, charge the batteries, and store the batteries at a room temperature of 25°C (77°F) or lower. Exposure to higher temperatures may reduce battery life, damage the batteries, and degrade overall cardiograph performance.

- If the cardiograph will be stored for more than sixty days without use, fully charge the batteries, and then remove AC power from the cardiograph, and remove the batteries from the cardiograph. Store the batteries in a cool, dry location. A set of fully charged batteries stored outside the cardiograph will need to be recharged every sixty days.

Replacing the Batteries

**WARNING** Properly dispose of or recycle depleted batteries according to local regulations. Do not disassemble, puncture, or incinerate the disposed batteries.

**WARNING** Carefully follow the instructions for replacing the batteries. Only use batteries with Philips part number 989803160981 or Philips part number 989803170371.

**CAUTIONS**

- Before removing and replacing batteries from the cardiograph, press down and hold the On/Standby button ( ) (located on the front of the cardiograph), to shut down the cardiograph. Ensure that the cardiograph is shut down. When the cardiograph is fully shut down, the screen is black, and the On/Standby button is not illuminated. Once the cardiograph is shut down, proceed to remove and replace the batteries.

- When removing batteries from the cardiograph, the batteries could feel warm to the touch.

How often batteries need to be replaced depends on how well the battery is maintained and how much it is used. If the batteries are fully charged but lose significant power after only a few ECGs, consider replacement. For information on ordering replacement batteries, see “Supplies and Ordering Information” on page 1-33.

To install the batteries:

1. Press and hold the On/Standby button ( ) (located on the front of the cardiograph). Ensure that the cardiograph is shut down. When the cardiograph is fully shut down, the screen is black and the On/Standby button is not illuminated.

2. Unplug the cardiograph from AC power.
3 Open the battery door.

4 Remove the batteries from the battery compartment by pulling on the gold straps.

5 Insert the battery with the external connector facing the bottom rear of the compartment.

**NOTE** If operating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph with one battery installed, the battery may be inserted into either battery compartment.
6 Ensure that the battery is fully inserted into the slot. The pull tab will insert along with the battery. Insert the second battery following the same procedure.

7 Reinstall the battery door.

8 Connect the AC power cord to the cardiograph. Charge the batteries for five hours before operating the cardiograph on battery power only.
Battery Calibration

Battery calibration may be necessary in order to enhance the accuracy of the battery level indicator that displays on the Status Bar. If the accuracy of this indicator is affected, the other battery indicators included on the Battery Status window that is opened by tapping the battery icon on the Status Bar may also be less accurate.

**Figure 5-3 Battery Power Indicator on the Status Bar**

A Battery level indicator

The recommended intervals for battery calibration are dependent upon factors in your clinical use model. When the battery power indicators are not functioning so that they are useful in your daily work environment, Philips recommends calibrating the batteries following the procedure described in this section.

The battery calibration procedure requires that the cardiograph be taken out of active use for up to 8 hours.

**To calibrate the batteries on the cardiograph:**

1. Attach the AC power cord to the cardiograph. Ensure that the AC power supply is connected to a grounded electrical outlet and that the cardiograph is receiving AC power. Check that the AC power indicator light (located next to the power button) is lit.

2. Fully charge the batteries.

3. To ensure that the batteries are fully charged, view the Charge Current field in the Service Utility. Touch the Setup button on the toolbar. Select the Service Utility from the Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu.

   **NOTE**
   
   Accessing the Service Utility may require entering a password. If a password is lost and cannot be retrieved, contact the Philips Response Center for assistance (see page 1-39).

4. From the Service Utility screen, ensure that the About the Cardiograph button is selected (top of screen). A selected button is highlighted in blue.

5. Underneath the Battery Status column (middle of screen), check that the Charge Current field for both batteries display 0 mA, ensuring that both batteries are fully charged.

6. Touch the Print button (top of screen) to print out a report of the cardiograph settings displayed on this screen.

7. Touch the Exit button (lower right hand corner of screen). Touch the Exit button again on the Setup main menu.

8. Once the Main screen appears, touch the ID button to open the ID entry screen. Ensure that the ID screen remains open.

9. Unplug the cardiograph from AC power. Ensure that the AC power indicator light (located next to the power button) is **not** lit.
10 Keep the ID screen displayed and allow the batteries to deplete of all battery power. This process will take approximately 8 hours to complete. When the batteries are depleted of all power, the screen is black and the cardiograph cannot be returned to active use by touching the power button.

11 Once the batteries are fully depleted, reconnect the cardiograph to AC power. Press the On/Standby button to power on the cardiograph in order to confirm successful calibration. Afterwards, charge the batteries fully before returning it to active use.

12 On the Main screen, touch the Setup button.

13 Select the Service Utility from the Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu.

14 From the Service Utility screen, ensure that the About the Cardiograph button is selected (top of screen). A selected button is highlighted in blue.

15 Underneath the Battery Status column, check the Expected Max Error (%) and Full Capacity (mAh) values as viewed on the screen are different than the values printed on the report generated from the Service Utility screen. If the values are different, the battery calibration procedure is complete.

**NOTE**

If the Expected Max Error (%) field has not been reset to 2%, another calibration procedure may be necessary. The max error value may not change if the full charge capacity has been decreased by more than 256 mAh or increased by more than 512 mAh. If this occurs, another calibration procedure is recommended as soon as it is convenient to further improve the accuracy of displayed battery status information. For batteries with more than 8% of error, the maximum error will remain unchanged if a limited calibration cycle occurs.

---

**Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test**

This test is used to confirm that the Patient Interface Module (PIM) is communicating with the cardiograph. This test can be performed when the cardiograph displays PIM error messages, or when the cardiograph is unable to acquire data from the PIM. Be sure that the PIM patient data cable is securely attached to the PIM connector on the rear of the cardiograph before performing the test.

If this test fails, it may indicate a problem with the PIM or with the PIM patient data cable.

**To perform the PIM Test:**

1 Ensure that the patient data cable is securely attached to the PIM connector ( ) on the rear of the cardiograph. Ensure that the PIM disconnected icon ( ) does not appear on the Status Bar (top of screen).

2 Touch the Setup button on the bottom toolbar. The Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu appears.

3 Touch Configure Cardiograph Default Settings. On the Default Cardiograph Settings screen, touch the Maintenance Test button (upper right side of screen).

4 The Maintenance Test screen appears. Touch the Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test button. The PIM test automatically starts and the results appear on the screen. The Patient Interface Module (PIM) Test window reports the PIM Option, the currently installed
Cardiograph Care and Maintenance

Ping Test

The Ping Test is used with a wireless or wired network connection to verify that the cardiograph can successfully communicate over a network connection to an entered IP address.

To perform the Ping Test:

1. Ensure that the LAN cable is securely attached to the LAN connector ( ) on the rear of the cardiograph, or that the wireless LAN connection is associated to an access point and that green bars appear on the Status bar (top of screen), indicating a live wireless connection.
2. Touch the Setup button on the bottom toolbar. The Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu appears.
3. Touch Configure Cardiograph Default Settings. On the Default Cardiograph Settings screen, touch the Maintenance Test button (upper right side of screen).
4. On the Maintenance Test screen, touch the Ping Test button. The Ping Test window appears.
5. Enter the IP address to ping. Touch the Ping button.
6. The Ping Test results window appears and reports the test results.

Lead Wire Performance Test

The Lead Wire Performance Test should be run on a weekly basis. This test examines all of the lead wires for shortages and reports the results. Lead wire shortages can often be subtle and appear as intermittent ECG signal loss, signal noise, or reduced signal amplitude. Any lead that is reported as having a shortage must be replaced.

To perform the Lead Wire Performance Test:

1. Ensure that the patient data cable is securely attached to the PIM connector ( ) on the rear of the cardiograph. Ensure that the PIM disconnected icon ( ) does not appear on the Status Bar (top of screen).
2. Ensure that all leads are securely attached to the lead connectors on the PIM.
3. Disconnect the PIM from a patient or patient simulator before starting the test.
4. Touch the Setup button on the bottom toolbar. The Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu appears.
5 Touch **Configure Cardiograph Default Settings**. On the Default Cardiograph Settings screen, touch the **Lead Wire Performance Test** button.

6 The Lead Wire Performance Test window appears with the message **Checking Leadwires...**. At the conclusion of the test, any lead wire shortages are identified on the same window.

7 Replace any leads that are identified as having a lead wire shortage. Touch the **Close** button when done.

---

**Cardiograph and Accessory Disposal**

When the cardiograph has reached the end of its product life, dispose of it according to local ordinances. When any of the cardiograph accessories reach the end of their product life, dispose of these items in accordance with manufacturer instructions and local ordinances.

**Maintaining the Touch Screen**

The touch screen may require occasional maintenance, including calibration and cleaning.

**Touch Screen Calibration**

The touch screen may be calibrated at any time. Calibration is recommended if it requires many attempts to select an item on the screen, or if selecting items on a specific area of the screen is difficult.

The touch screen may also require calibration if the cardiograph is used in different settings (seated instead of standing) or by users of significantly different height. The touch screen may need to be recalibrated to work optimally in the new setting or with the new user.

**To calibrate the touch screen:**

1 From any screen, touch the `Ctrl + Alt + C` keys (on keyboard) at the same time. Or, touch the **Setup** button on the Toolbar (accessing the Setup screens may require entering a password). On the following screen, touch **Configure Cardiograph Default Settings**. Touch the **Maintenance Test** button (top right of screen), and then touch **Touch Screen Calibration and Test**.

2 A white screen appears with a cross hair (center of screen). Touch the middle of the cross hair where the two lines intersect. When the cross hair is touched it moves to a new location. Continue to touch the center of the cross hair.

3 Tap the screen (when a message appears) to end the test.

**Touch Screen Cleaning**

The touch screen may require occasional cleaning.
To clean the touch screen:
1. Dampen a soft cloth with water or with isopropyl alcohol.
2. Wring excess moisture from the cloth.
3. Wipe the touch screen area clean. Allow the touch screen to dry completely before use.
4. Perform the Touch Screen Calibration test (see page 5-15) to optimize performance.

Changing the Date and Time

The date and time that displays on the cardiograph may be changed manually, or may be configured to automatically synchronize with a specified TraceMaster server using the Time Synchronization feature. For more information on configuring the Time Synchronization feature on the cardiograph, see the *PageWriter TC Cardiograph Network Configuration Guide* on the User Documentation and Training DVD.

Follow the procedure below to manually set the date or time.

**NOTE**
Opening the Setup screens may require entering a password. If a password is lost and cannot be retrieved, call the Philips Response Center for further assistance. See “Contacting a Philips Response Center” on page 1-39.

**To set the date and time:**
1. Touch the Setup button on the main toolbar.
2. The Configuration Setup and Service Utilities menu appears. Touch the button next to **Configure ECG Network Settings**.
4. The TraceMaster settings screens appear. The **Create TraceMaster Connection** tab is selected. Touch the **Edit/Delete TraceMaster Connection** tab (top of screen).
5. Under **Time Synchronization Settings** (middle of screen), touch the **Set** button next to **Manual Time Set**.
6. The Date and Time Settings window appears with the current specified date and time displayed. To change the current date, touch the back or forward arrows next to the name of the displayed month (to change the month), or touch a date on the calendar to change the date within the displayed month.
7. To change the displayed time, touch the hour and minutes displayed under **Current Time**, or touch the up or down arrow buttons next to the displayed time to manually change the time. Touch the time designator to change it to **AM** or to **PM**.
8. Touch the dropdown arrow button under **Time Zone** to change the selected time zone.

**NOTES**
The time displayed on the cardiograph automatically adjusts for Daylight Savings Time, if applicable.

Touch the **Time Sync** button to manually synchronize the cardiograph date and time with a specified TraceMaster server.
9 Touch the **OK** button when done. Touch the **Exit** button (lower right corner of screen) to exit the Setup screen. The new time and date is immediately applied.

## Replacing the Cardiograph Fuse

The AC fuse needs to be replaced when the cardiograph is plugged into AC power, but the green AC power on indicator light does not illuminate.

**Figure 5-4   AC power on indicator light on cardiograph**

![Diagram of cardiograph with AC power on indicator light labeled as A]

Only use replacement AC fuses with Philips part number 453564131221, or use a 1.6 amp (250V) time-delay fuse the same size and configuration as the original fuse.

**Figure 5-5   Replacing the AC Fuse**

![Diagram of cardiograph showing AC fuse with label A]

A AC Fuse
To replace the AC fuse:

1. Unplug the cardiograph from AC power. Pull out the AC power cord from the AC power connector on the rear of the cardiograph.

2. Locate the AC fuse, which is directly below the AC power connector.

3. Push on both ends of the fuse and pull out the fuse from the fuse holder slot.

4. Insert the new fuse using the same orientation.

5. Push the fuse all the way into the fuse holder slot. The fuse snaps into place.
Appendix A

Suppressed Borderline Interpretive Statements

Introduction

This Appendix includes a listing of all borderline interpretive statements that are suppressed using the Borderline Statement Suppression feature that is available with both the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm version PH090A, and with the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B. This feature is used to exclude interpretive statements that indicate a borderline or otherwise normal condition from appearing on the ECG report. Borderline interpretive statements are generated by measurements that are above an abnormal threshold, but may in fact indicate a non-pathological condition. These statements indicate to the clinician that a condition may be present, but there is no decisive indicator. These statements often include the terms “minimal,” “consider,” or “borderline.”

For more information on the Philips 12-lead Algorithm version PH090A, see the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Physician’s Guide. For more information on the Philips DXL Algorithm version PH100B, see the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Physician’s Guide. Both Physician’s Guides are available on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or may be downloaded from the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on using the Philips InCenter web site, see page 1-4.

NOTE The symbol *** in an interpretive statement is replaced with a numeric value on the ECG report.

Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude Low Certainty Suppressed Statements

The following interpretive statements listed in Table A-1 are suppressed when the Exclude Low Certainty setting is selected under the Algorithm/Pacing button on the Setup, Default Cardiograph Settings screen.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAVCD</td>
<td>BORDERLINE AV CONDUCTION DELAY...PR &gt;**, V-rate <strong>-</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIVCD</td>
<td>BORDERLINE INTRAVENTRICULAR CONDUCTION DELAY....................QRSd &gt;*** mS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table A-1 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLAA</td>
<td>CONSIDER LEFT ATRIAL ABNORMALITY...........wide or notched P waves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRAA</td>
<td>CONSIDER RIGHT ATRIAL ABNORMALITY...........P &gt;0.24mV limb lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ET</td>
<td>EARLY PRECORDIAL R/S TRANSITION...............QRS area positive in V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETRSR1</td>
<td>RSR' IN V1 OR V2, RIGHT VCD OR RVH...........QRS area positive &amp; R' V1/V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOWT</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T WAVE ABNORMALITIES...............flat T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td>LATE PRECORDIAL R/S TRANSITION...........QRS area negative in V5/V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHQ</td>
<td>CONSIDER LEFT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY.........deep Q in V5-6 or II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVOLFB</td>
<td>BORDERLINE LOW VOLTAGE IN FRONTAL LEADS........all frontal leads &lt;0.6mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFAD</td>
<td>NO FURTHER ANALYSIS ATTEMPTED DUE TO PACED RHYTHM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFRA</td>
<td>NO FURTHER RHYTHM ANALYSIS ATTEMPTED DUE TO PACED RHYTHM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMAB</td>
<td>ARTIFACT IN LEAD(S) AND BASELINE WANDER IN LEAD(S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMART</td>
<td>ARTIFACT IN LEAD(S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMBW</td>
<td>BASELINE WANDER IN LEAD(S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPB</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOLARIZATION ABNORMALITY.........ST dep &amp; abnormal T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSR1</td>
<td>RSR' IN V1 OR V2, PROBABLY NORMAL VARIANT.......small R' only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSRNV</td>
<td>RSR' IN V1, NORMAL VARIATION........term-vector post-rightward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDALP</td>
<td>NONSPECIFIC ST DEPRESSION, ANTEROLATERAL LDS.......ST &lt;-0.10mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDANP</td>
<td>NONSPECIFIC ST DEPRESSION, ANTERIOR LEADS.........ST &lt;-0.10mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDCU</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION..........................ST concave upward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table A-1 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SDINP</td>
<td>NONSPECIFIC ST DEPRESSION, INFERIOR LEADS............ST &lt;-0.10mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDJ</td>
<td>JUNCTIONAL ST DEPRESSION............ST &lt;-0.10mV any 3 leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDM</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION.........................ST &lt;-0.05mV in 2 leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEALP</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROB NORMAL VARIATION, ANT-LAT............ST &gt;0.15 mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEANP</td>
<td>ST ELEV, PROBABLY NORMAL VARIATION, ANT LEADS............ST&gt;0.15mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEINP</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROBABLY NORMAL VARIATION, INF............ST&gt;0.15mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPRB</td>
<td>BORDERLINE SHORT PR INTERVAL....................PR int &lt;** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAXAB</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T WAVE ABNORMALITIES....................T axis not between (-10,100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAXQT</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T WAVE ABNORMALITIES....................QRS-T axis angle (91,180)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTW1</td>
<td>TALL T, PROBABLY NORMAL VARIANT, ANT-LAT LDS........T &gt;1.0mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude All Suppressed Statements

The interpretive statements listed in Table A-1, “Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements,” on page A-1, and the interpretive statements listed in Table A-2, “Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements,” on page A-3, are suppressed when the Exclude All setting is selected under the Algorithm/Pacing button on the Setup, Default Cardiograph Settings screen.

### Table A-2 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMI1</td>
<td>BORDERLINE R WAVE PROGRESSION, ANTERIOR LEADS.......R &lt; 0.15mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMI3</td>
<td>Q WAVE IN V1................Q &gt;15mS in V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AXL</td>
<td>BORDERLINE LEFT AXIS DEVIATION......QRS axis (<strong>,</strong>)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table A-2 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements

#### Statement Code | Interpretive Statement
--- | ---
**AXR** | BORDERLINE RIGHT AXIS DEVIATION...QRS axis (**, **)  
**BIVCDL** | BORDERLINE IVCD WITH LAD..................QRSd >** mS, axis (-90,-30)  
**CRHPI** | CONSIDER RVH OR POSTERIOR INFARCT.......large R in V1  
**CRHPIR** | CONSIDER RVH OR PMI W/ SEC REPOL  
ABNORMALITY.......large R V1, repol abnormality  
**CRPMI** | TALL R WAVE IN V2, CONSIDER RVH OR PMI..........  
R/S ratio >3, T >0.30mV V1 V2  
**CRVH** | CONSIDER RIGHT VENTRICULAR  
HYPERTROPHY.........large R or R' V1/V2  
**IMI3** | BORDERLINE INFERIOR Q WAVES..............Qs add to 80 mS in II III aVF  
**IMI4** | CONSIDER LAFB OR INFERIOR INFARCT.......Qs add to 65mS II III aVF & LAD  
**IMI18** | INFERIOR Q WAVES, PROBABLY NORMAL  
VARIATION.....Q >30mS, age<31 male, <40 female  
**IRBBRV** | IRBBB, THE RSR' PATTERN MAY ALSO REFLECT  
RVH......IRBBB, R or R' >0.5mV in V1-V3  
**LMI10** | BORDERLINE LATERAL Q WAVES......Q >35mS, I aVL V5 V6  
**LMI49** | LATERAL Q WAVES, PROBABLY NORMAL  
VARIATION......Q >35mS, age<31 male, <40 female  
**LQTB** | BORDERLINE PROLONGED QT INTERVAL.......QTc >** mS  
**LVHR56** | LVH BY VOLTAGE............................R >** mV in V5 or V6  
**LVHR6** | LVH BY VOLTAGE............................R >** mV in V6  
**LVHRS** | CONSIDER LEFT VENTRICULAR  
HYPERTROPHY.........RV6+SV1 >** mV  
**LVHRSI** | LVH BY VOLTAGE............................(R I+S III) > ** mV  
**LVHS12** | LVH BY VOLTAGE............................S < ** in V1 or ** in V2  
**LVHTA** | CONSIDER LEFT VENTRICULAR  
HYPERTROPHY........prominent leftward forces  
**LVHV** | LVH BY VOLTAGE............................R > ** in aVL  
**MSTEA** | MINIMAL ST ELEVATION, ANTERIOR  
LEADS..........................ST >0.08mV, V1-V4
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSTEA</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST ELEVATION, ANTEROLATERAL LEADS..............ST &gt;0.06mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEI</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST ELEVATION, INFERIOR LEADS....................ST &gt;0.06mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEL</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST ELEVATION, LATERAL LEADS.....ST &gt;0.07mV, I aVL V5 V6s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAA</td>
<td>PROBABLE LEFT ATRIAL ABNORMALITY.............P &gt;50mS, &lt;-0.10mV V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQAL</td>
<td>BORDERLINE Q WAVE IN ANTEROLATERAL LEADS............Q &gt;35mS, I aVL V3-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQAN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE Q WAVE IN ANTERIOR LEADS....................Q &gt;30mS in V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQIN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE Q WAVES IN INFERIOR LEADS.............Qs add to 80 ms in II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQLA</td>
<td>BORDERLINE Q WAVES IN LATERAL LEADS....................Q &gt;35mS in I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRAA</td>
<td>PROBABLE RIGHT ATRIAL ABNORMALITY..................biphasic P &gt;0.20 mV in V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBAL</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOL ABNORMALITY, ANT-LAT LEADS......ST dep, T flat/neg, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBAN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOL ABNORMALITY, ANT LEADS............ST dep, T flat/neg, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBIL</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOL ABNORMALITY, INF-LAT LEADS.........ST dep, T flat/neg, inf/lat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBIN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOL ABNORMALITY, INFERIOR LEADS......ST dep, T flat/neg, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBLA</td>
<td>BORDERLINE REPOL ABNORMALITY, LATERAL LEADS......ST dep, T flat/neg, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVHS5</td>
<td>CONSIDER RIGHT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY...............S &lt; ** mV in V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVHS6</td>
<td>CONSIDER RIGHT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY...............S &lt; ** mV in V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0AL</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION, ANTEROLATERAL LEADS.........ST &lt;-0.03mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table A-2  Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A  
Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements  (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpreative Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SD0AN</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION, ANTERIOR LEADS.....................ST &lt;-0.03mV, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0IN</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION, INFERIOR LEADS.....................ST &lt;-0.03mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0LA</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION, LATERAL LEADS.....................ST &lt;-0.03mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0NS</td>
<td>MINIMAL ST DEPRESSION.....ST &lt;-0.03mV, T neg, any 2 leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPR</td>
<td>SHORT PR INTERVAL, ACCELERATED AV CONDUCTION...........PR &lt; ** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQT</td>
<td>SHORT QT INTERVAL...........................................QTc &lt;340mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0AL</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T ABNORMALITIES, ANT-LAT LEADS................T flat/neg, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0AN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T ABNORMALITIES, ANTERIOR LEADS................T flat or neg, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0IN</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T ABNORMALITIES, INFERIOR LEADS................T flat/neg, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0LA</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T ABNORMALITIES, LATERAL LEADS................T flat/neg, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0NS</td>
<td>BORDERLINE T WAVE ABNORMALITIES............T/QRS ratio &lt; 1/20 or flat T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTW30</td>
<td>TALL T WAVES, PROBABLY NORMAL VARIANT..............T &gt;1.2mV, age 16-30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B  
Exclude Low Certainty Suppressed Statements

The following interpretive statements listed in Table A-3 are suppressed when the Exclude Low Certainty setting is selected under the Algorithm/Pacing button on the Setup, Default Cardiograph Settings screen.

Table A-3  Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B  
Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpreative Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAVCD</td>
<td>Borderline prolonged PR interval.....PR &gt; ** , V-rate ** - **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIVCD</td>
<td>Borderline intraventricular conduction delay.....QRSd &gt; ** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement Code</td>
<td>Interpretive Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLAE</td>
<td>Consider left atrial enlargement........wide or notched P waves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRAE</td>
<td>Consider right atrial enlargement........P &gt;0.24mV limb lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ET</td>
<td>Abnormal R-wave progression, early transition........QRS area&gt;0 in V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETRSR1</td>
<td>RSR' in V1 or V2, right VCD or RVH........QRS area positive &amp; R' V1/V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOWT</td>
<td>Borderline T wave abnormalities................................flat T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td>Abnormal R-wave progression, late transition........QRS area &lt;0 in V5/V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHQ</td>
<td>Consider left ventricular hypertrophy........deep Q in V5-6 or II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVOLFB</td>
<td>Borderline low voltage, extremity leads......all extremity leads &lt;0.6mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFAD</td>
<td>No further analysis attempted due to paced rhythm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFRA</td>
<td>No further rhythm analysis attempted due to paced rhythm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMAB</td>
<td>Artifact in lead(s) ** and baseline wander in lead(s) **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMART</td>
<td>Artifact in lead(s) **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMBW</td>
<td>Baseline wander in lead(s) **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPB</td>
<td>Borderline repolarization abnormality....ST dep &amp; abnormal T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSR1</td>
<td>RSR’ in V1 or V2, probably normal variant........small R' only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSRNV</td>
<td>RSR’ in V1, normal variation......term-vector post-rightward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDAJ</td>
<td>Nonspecific ST depression, anterolateral lds......ST &lt;-0.10mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDANP</td>
<td>Nonspecific ST depression, anterior leads......ST &lt;-0.10mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDCU</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression.............................ST concave upward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDINP</td>
<td>Nonspecific ST depression, inferior leads........ST &lt;-0.10mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDJ</td>
<td>Junctional ST depression.................ST &lt;-0.10mV any 3 leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDM</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression......................ST &lt;-0.05mV in 2 leads</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The interpretive statements listed in Table A-3, “Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements,” on page A-6, and the interpretive statements listed in Table A-4, “Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements,” on page A-8, are suppressed when the Exclude All setting is selected under the Algorithm/Pacing button on the Setup, Default Cardiograph Settings screen.

### Table A-3  Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B Exclude Low Certainty - Suppressed Statements (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SEALP</td>
<td>ST elevation, prob normal variation, ant-lat........ST &gt;0.15 mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEANP</td>
<td>ST elev, probably normal variation, ant leads........ST&gt;0.15mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEINP</td>
<td>ST elevation, probably normal variation, inf........ST&gt;0.15mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPRB</td>
<td>Borderline short PR interval..........................PR int &lt; ** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAXAB</td>
<td>Borderline T wave abnormalities...T axis not between (-10,100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAXQT</td>
<td>Borderline T wave abnormalities.......QRS-T axis angle (91,180)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTW1</td>
<td>Tall T, probably normal variant, ant-lat lds.........T &gt;1.0mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table A-4  Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B Exclude All Setting - Suppressed Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTQ</td>
<td>Abnormal Q wave in V1................................Q &gt;15mS in V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AXL</td>
<td>Borderline left-axis deviation..............QRS axis ( ** , ** )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AXR</td>
<td>Borderline right-axis deviation............QRS axis ( ** , ** )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIVCDL</td>
<td>Borderline IVCD with LAD......QRSd &gt; ** mS, axis(-90,-30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRHPI</td>
<td>Consider RVH or posterior infarct...............large R in V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRHPIR</td>
<td>Consider RVH or PMI w/ sec repol abnormality....large R V1, repol abnormality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPMIC</td>
<td>Tall R wave in V2, consider RVH or PMI........R/S ratio &gt;3, T &gt;0.30mV V1 V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement Code</td>
<td>Interpretive Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRVH</td>
<td>Consider right ventricular hypertrophy...large R or R' V1/V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INFQ</td>
<td>Abnormal inferior Q waves..........Qs add to 80 mS in II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IQNV</td>
<td>Inferior Q waves, probably normal variation....Q &gt;30mS, age&lt;21 male, &lt;30 female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRBBRV</td>
<td>IRBBB, the RSR' pattern may also reflect RVH...IRBBB, R or R' &gt;0.5mV in V1-V3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LATQ</td>
<td>Abnormal lateral Q waves..................Q &gt;35mS, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LQNV</td>
<td>Lateral Q waves, probably normal variation...Q &gt;35mS, age&lt;31 male, &lt;40 female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LQTB</td>
<td>Borderline prolonged QT interval...............QTc &gt; ** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHR56</td>
<td>LVH by voltage..............................R &gt;*.***mV in V5 or V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHR6</td>
<td>LVH by voltage..............................R &gt;*.***mV in V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHRS</td>
<td>Consider left ventricular hypertrophy.....RV6+SV1 &gt;*.***mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHRSI</td>
<td>LVH by voltage..............................(R I+S III) &gt;*.***mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHS12</td>
<td>LVH by voltage..............................S &lt;<em>.</em>** in V1 or <em>.</em>** in V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHTA</td>
<td>Consider left ventricular hypertrophy..prominent leftward forces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LVHV</td>
<td>LVH by voltage..............................R &gt;<em>.</em>** in aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEA</td>
<td>Minimal ST elevation, anterior leads.......ST &gt;0.10mV, V1-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEAL</td>
<td>Minimal ST elevation, anterolateral leads.......ST &gt;0.08mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEI</td>
<td>Minimal ST elevation, inferior leads....ST &gt;0.06mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSTEL</td>
<td>Minimal ST elevation, lateral leads...ST &gt;0.06mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAE</td>
<td>Probable left atrial enlargement....P &gt;50mS, &lt;-0.10mV V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQAL</td>
<td>Borderline Q wave in anterolateral leads......Q &gt;35mS, I aVL V3-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQAN</td>
<td>Borderline Q wave in anterior leads.........Q &gt;30mS in V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQIN</td>
<td>Borderline Q waves in inferior leads.......Qs add to 80 mS in II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQLA</td>
<td>Borderline Q waves in lateral leads..Q &gt;35mS in I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRAE</td>
<td>Probable right atrial enlargement....biphasic P &gt;0.20 mV in V1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement Code</td>
<td>Interpretive Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBAL</td>
<td>Borderline repol abnormality, ant-lat leads......ST dep, T flat/neg, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBAN</td>
<td>Borderline repol abnormality, ant leads.............ST dep, T flat/neg, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBIL</td>
<td>Borderline repol abnormality, inf-lat leads......ST dep, T flat/neg, inf/lat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBIN</td>
<td>Borderline repol abnormality, inferior leads......ST dep, T flat/neg, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPBLA</td>
<td>Borderline repol abnormality, lateral leads...ST dep, T flat/neg, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVHS5</td>
<td>Consider right ventricular hypertrophy...............deep S in V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVHS6</td>
<td>Consider right ventricular hypertrophy...............deep S in V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0AL</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression, anterolateral leads.......ST &lt;-0.04mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0AN</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression, anterior leads...ST &lt;-0.03mV, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0IN</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression, inferior leads...ST &lt;-0.04mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0LA</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression, lateral leads.......ST &lt;-0.04mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD0NS</td>
<td>Minimal ST depression.........ST &lt;-0.04mV, T neg, any 2 leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPR</td>
<td>Short PR interval...............................................PR &lt; ** mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQT</td>
<td>Short QT interval..................................................QTc &lt;340mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0AL</td>
<td>Borderline T abnormalities, ant-lat leads.............T flat/neg, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0AN</td>
<td>Borderline T abnormalities, anterior leads...T flat or neg, V2-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0IN</td>
<td>Borderline T abnormalities, inferior leads...........T flat/neg, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0LA</td>
<td>Borderline T abnormalities, lateral leads..........T flat/neg, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T0NS</td>
<td>Borderline T wave abnormalities.....T/QRS ratio &lt; 1/20 or flat T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTW30</td>
<td>Tall T waves, probably normal variant....T &gt;1.2mV, age 16-30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Critical Value Statements

Introduction

This Appendix includes a listing of all interpretive statements generated by the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm version PH090A, and by the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B, that will result in a Critical Value statement appearing on the ECG report. Use of the Critical Values feature makes it simple to align with the Joint Commission’s National Patient Safety Goals to improve the timeliness of reporting critical test results and their receipt by a responsible licensed caregiver. The Critical Values feature is a configurable option that summarizes four critical values for ECG interpretation using simple terminology. When appropriate, the DXL Algorithm outputs an emphasized statement to advise caregivers of the need for urgent care, with the goal of reducing time from discovery of a critical cardiac event to intervention.

Thirty interpretive statements are summarized in the following four Critical Values:

- Acute Myocardial Infarction
- Complete Heart Block
- Very High Heart Rate
- Acute Ischemia (Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B only)

Table B-1 through Table B-7 on the following pages provide a list of all of the interpretive statements that will generate a Critical Value. Multiple interpretive statements can trigger an individual Critical Value, and this Critical Value statement appears in the interpretive statement block on the ECG report, and a second notation also appears at the bottom right of the ECG report for additional emphasis.

For more information on the Philips 12-lead Algorithm version PH090A, see the Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Physician’s Guide. For more information on the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm version PH100B, see the Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Physician’s Guide on the User Documentation and Training DVD, or download the file from the Philips InCenter web site (incenter.medical.philips.com). For information on using the Philips InCenter web site, see page 1-4.
Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Acute Myocardial Infarction Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-1 result from the measurements generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement Acute MI will appear on the ECG report.

### Table B-1 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Acute Myocardial Infarct Warning Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALI50</td>
<td>PROBABLE ANTEROLATERAL INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST &gt;0.15 mV, Q &gt;30 mS, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIA</td>
<td>ANTEROLATERAL INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;35 mS, ST &gt;0.20 mV, V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIEA</td>
<td>ANTEROLATERAL INJURY, EARLY ACUTE INFARCT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST &gt;0.15 mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMI21A</td>
<td>PROBABLE ANTEROSEPTAL INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;30 mS, ST &gt;0.15 mV, V1-V3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMI22</td>
<td>ANT-SEPT INJURY, PROBABLE EARLY ACUTE INFARCT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST &gt;0.40 mV V1-V3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMI32</td>
<td>ANTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;30 mS, ST &gt;0.25 mV, V1-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMIA</td>
<td>ANTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST &gt;0.25 mV, T neg, V1-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMIEA</td>
<td>ANTERIOR INJURY, EARLY ACUTE INFARCT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST &gt;0.35 mV in V1-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASMIA</td>
<td>ANTEROSEPTAL INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;30 mS, ST &gt;0.25 mV, V1-V3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAMIA</td>
<td>EXTENSIVE ANTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;35 mS, ST &gt;0.15 mV, V1-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMI50</td>
<td>PROBABLE INFERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;25 mS, ST &gt;0.10 mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMI67</td>
<td>INFERIOR INFARCT, POSSIBLY ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;35 mS, ST &gt;0.10 mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIA</td>
<td>INFERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Q &gt;35 mS, ST &gt;0.10 mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table B-1 Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
#### Acute Myocardial Infarct Warning Statements  
*(continued)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IMIEA</td>
<td>INFERO POSTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;.10 II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPMIA</td>
<td>INFERO POSTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;.10 II III aVF, &lt;-.05 V1-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LM50</td>
<td>PROBABLE LATERAL INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;Q &gt;25 mS, ST&gt;0.10 mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIA</td>
<td>LATERAL INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;.20 mV, Q &gt;35 mS, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIEA</td>
<td>LATERAL INJURY, PROBABLE EARLY ACUTE INFARCT&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;0.10 mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINJA</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROBABLE ANTERIOR INJURY&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;0.25 mV in V1-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINJAL</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROBABLE ANTEROLATERAL INJURY&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;0.15 mV, I aVL V2-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINJI</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROBABLE INFERIOR INJURY&lt;br&gt;inf ST &gt;0.1 mV, lat ST &lt;-.05 mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINJL</td>
<td>ST ELEVATION, PROBABLE LATERAL INJURY&lt;br&gt;ST &gt;0.08 mV, I aVL V5 V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMIA</td>
<td>POSTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;prominent R T, ST &lt;-.05 V1-V4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPMIA</td>
<td>PROBABLE POSTERIOR INFARCT, ACUTE&lt;br&gt;prominent R T, ST &lt;-.05 V1-V3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Tachycardia Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-2 result from the measurements generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement **Very High Heart Rate** will appear on the ECG report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ETACH</td>
<td>EXTREME TACHYCARDIA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>V-rate &gt; (220-age)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TACHW</td>
<td>WIDE COMPLEX TACHYCARDIA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>V-rate&gt;<em><strong>, QRSd&gt;</strong></em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VTACH</td>
<td>EXTREME TACHYCARDIA WITH WIDE COMPLEX, NO FURTHER RHYTHM ANALYSIS ATTEMPTED</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Philips 12-Lead Algorithm Version PH090A
Complete Heart Block Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-3 result from the measurements generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement **Complete Heart Block** will appear on the ECG report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3AVB</td>
<td>COMPLETE AV BLOCK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3AVBIR</td>
<td>COMPLETE AV BLOCK WITH WIDE QRS COMPLEX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3AVBFF</td>
<td>ATRIAL FLUTTER/FIBRILLATION WITH COMPLETE AV BLOCK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B
Acute Myocardial Infarction Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-1 result from the measurements
generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement **Acute MI** will appear on the ECG report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMIA</td>
<td>Anterior infarct, acute.................. ST &gt;0.25mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMIAP</td>
<td>Probable anterior infarct, acute.......... ST &gt;0.15mV, upright T, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMIPA</td>
<td>Anterior infarct, possibly acute.......... ST &gt;0.15mV, upright T, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMIAD</td>
<td>Anterior infarct, acute (LAD)............. ST &gt;0.25mV, V2-V5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIAP</td>
<td>Probable inferior infarct, acute.......... ST&gt;0.10mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIPA</td>
<td>Inferior infarct, possibly acute.......... Q &gt;30mS, ST &gt;0.10mV, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIA</td>
<td>Inferior infarct, acute.................. ST&gt;0.10mV, T upright, II III aVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIAR</td>
<td>Inferior infarct, acute (RCA)............ ST&gt;0.10mV in III &gt; II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMIAX</td>
<td>Inferior infarct, acute (LCx)............ ST&gt;0.10mV, II III aVF, STd V1-V3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMIA</td>
<td>Posterior infarct, acute.................. ST&lt;-0.1 V1-V3 or ST&gt;.05 V7-V9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMIAP</td>
<td>Probable posterior infarct, acute......... ST&lt;-0.05 V1-V3 or &gt;0.05 V7-V9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMIAX</td>
<td>Posterior infarct, acute (LCx)............ ST&lt;-0.1 V1-V3 or ST&gt;.05 V7-V9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPMIA</td>
<td>Inferoposterior infarct, acute........... ST&gt;.1 inf, &lt;-.1 V1-3 or &gt;.05 V7-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPMIAR</td>
<td>Inferoposterior infarct, acute (RCA)..... ST&gt;.1 inf, &lt;-.1 ant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPMIAX</td>
<td>Inferoposterior infarct, acute (LCx)..... ST&gt;.1 inf, &lt;-.1 V1-3 or &gt;.05 V7-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIAP</td>
<td>Probable lateral infarct, acute.......... Q &gt;28mS, ST&gt;0.10mV, V5 V6 I aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIPA</td>
<td>Lateral infarct, possibly acute.......... Q &gt;28mS, ST &gt;0.10mV, V5 V6 I aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIA</td>
<td>Lateral infarct, acute................... ST &gt;.10mV, V5 V6 I aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMIAD</td>
<td>Lateral infarct, acute (LAD)............. ST &gt;.10mV, V5 V6 I aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILMIA</td>
<td>Inferolateral infarct, acute............. ST&gt;.10mV, inf-lat leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILMIAX</td>
<td>Inferolateral infarct, acute (LCx)........ ST&gt;.10mV, inf-lat leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILMIAR</td>
<td>Inferolateral infarct, acute (RCA)........ ST&gt;.10mV, inf-lat leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASMIAP</td>
<td>Probable anteroseptal infarct, acute...... ST&gt;0.15mV, T upright, V1-V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASMIPA</td>
<td>Anteroseptal infarct, possibly acute..... Q&gt;35mS, ST&gt;0.15mV, V1-V2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table B-4 Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B
#### Acute Myocardial Infarct Critical Value Statements (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASMIA</td>
<td>Anteroseptal infarct, acute..................................ST &gt;0.20mV, V1-V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASMIAD</td>
<td>Anteroseptal infarct, acute (LAD)................................ST &gt;0.25mV, V1-V2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAMIA</td>
<td>Extensive anterior infarct, acute...............................ST &gt;0.20mV, V1-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAMIAD</td>
<td>Extensive anterior infarct, acute (LAD)..........................ST &gt;0.20mV, V1-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAMIPA</td>
<td>Extensive anterior infarct, possibly acute..................Q &gt;35mS, ST &gt;0.15mV, V1-V6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIAP</td>
<td>Probable anterolateral infarct, acute..........................ST &gt;0.15mV, V2-V6,I,aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIPA</td>
<td>Anterolateral infarct, possibly acute..........................Q &gt;35mS, ST &gt;0.15mV, V2-V6,I,aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIA</td>
<td>Anterolateral infarct, acute..................................ST &gt;0.20mV, V2-V6, I, aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALIAD</td>
<td>Anterolateral infarct, acute (LAD)................................ST &gt;0.20mV, V2-V6, I, aVL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMIAP</td>
<td>Probable right ventricular infarct, acute...ST&gt;.08, V3R-V5R, aVR &amp; STd in lat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMIA</td>
<td>Right ventricular infarct, acute..................ST&gt;.10, V3R-V5R, aVR &amp; STd in lat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMIAR</td>
<td>Right ventricular infarct, acute (RCA)........ST&gt;.08, aVR V3R-V5R &amp; STd lat lds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B
Tachycardia Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-2 result from the measurements generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement **Very High Heart Rate** will appear on the ECG report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ETACH</td>
<td>Extreme tachycardia...........................................V-rate &gt;(220-age)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TACHW</td>
<td>Wide-QRS tachycardia V-rate&gt;<em><strong>, QRSd&gt;</strong></em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VTACH</td>
<td>Extreme tachycardia with wide complex, no further rhythm analysis attempted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B
Complete Heart Block Critical Value Statements

If any of the interpretive statements listed in Table B-3 result from the measurements generated by an ECG, the Critical Value statement **Complete Heart Block** will appear on the ECG report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3AVB</td>
<td>AV block, complete (third degree)......V-rate&lt;***, AV dissociation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3AVBIR</td>
<td>Complete AV block with wide QRS complex.....V-rate&lt;<em><strong>, QRSd&gt;</strong></em>, AV dissooc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3AVBFF</td>
<td>A-flutter/fibrillation w/ complete AV block...A-rate&gt;220, V-rate&lt;***, AV dissooc</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Critical Value Statements

**Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B**

**Acute Ischemia Critical Value Statements**

If the interpretive statement listed in Table B-1 is generated by the measurements from a patient ECG, the Critical Value statement *Acute Ischemia* will appear on the ECG report.

**Table B-7  Philips DXL ECG Algorithm Version PH100B**

**Acute Ischemia Critical Value Statements**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement Code</th>
<th>Interpretive Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LMMVD</td>
<td>Repol abnrm, severe global ischemia (LM/3VD) STe aVR, STd &amp; Tneg, ant/lat/inf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technical Specifications

ECG Functions
- Simultaneous Lead Acquisition (up to 12 leads)
- Rhythm Strips (up to 12 selected leads)
- Event Marking (6 independent events can be marked for later review and analysis)
- Full Disclosure
- Timed ECG

Keyboard
- 65 button, standard full alphanumeric capability keyboard
- Support for special characters
- Optional, silicon-based flexible membrane keyboard cover that protects keyboard from particulate and liquid ingress

Touch screen Display
- 640 x 480, 600 pixel resolution VGA with 18-bit/pixel color depth
- 5-wire, resistive touch screen
- 13.33 cm wide x 9.9 cm high (5.25 inches wide x 3.9 inches high) color liquid crystal touch screen display with backlight

Patient Interface Module
- Remote, microprocessor-controlled digital module
- ECG button with signal quality indicator allows user to take ECGs from the bedside
Patient Interface Module Signal Acquisition
- 8,000 samples per second per electrode/lead for standard 12 leads

Signal Processing/Acquisition

Sampling Rate
- 500 samples per second per electrode/lead
- 12 bit A/D conversion provides down sampled 5µV resolution, 500 samples per second measurement with no channel to channel skew

Auto Frequency Response
0.05-150 Hz, 0.15-150 Hz, 0.5-150 Hz
0.05-100 Hz, 0.15-100 Hz, 0.5-100 Hz
0.05-40 Hz, 0.15-40 Hz, 0.5-40 Hz

Rhythm Frequency Response
0.05-150 Hz, 0.15-150 Hz, 0.05-150 Hz
0.15-100 Hz, 0.05-40 Hz, 0.15-40 Hz

Minimum Amplitude or Value of Patient Physiological Signal

CAUTION The QRS wave must be a minimum of 100µV peak to peak or greater for the lead’s complex to be measured. The operation of the cardiograph below this value may cause incorrect ECG analysis.

Filters
- AC noise (50 or 60 Hz)
- Baseline Wander
- Artifact

Printer

Printer Resolution
- High-resolution, digital-array printer using thermal-sensitive paper
- 200 dpi (voltage axis) by 500 dpi (time axis) at 25 mm/sec
Report Formats

Exam Profiles
- Up to 12 configured Exam Profiles can be specified

12 Lead Report Formats
- 3x4 (1R, 3R)
- 3x4, 1R 8ST
- 3x4, 1R 10ST
- 6x2
- Panoramic 12 (Cabrera sequence only)
- 12x1
- Extended Measurements

STEMI Diagnostic Aids
- Graphical ST Vector
- Polar ST Maps with frontal and transverse planes available on two ECG report formats
- STEMI-CA criteria
- Critical Values

Rhythm Report Formats
- Rhythm (up to 12 selected leads)

Battery Operation
- SMBus compliant batteries

Voltage
- 11.1 VDC (nominal), 7100 mAH (per battery)

Current
- 6.0 A max per battery (continuous)

Power
- 54 W max per battery (continuous)
Capacity
- 30 minutes of continuous Rhythm printing, or 30 total ECG reports

Status Display
- Full Charge Capacity (mAHR)
- Remaining Capacity (%)
- Temperature (deg C)
- Discharge Current (mA)
- Charge Current (mA)
- Low battery audio and visual alerts

Recharge
- Less than 4 hours if cardiograph is in Standby (not in active use) to at least 95% capacity
- Less than 8 hours if the cardiograph is in active use to at least 95% capacity

Ethernet LAN Network Connection
- 10/100 Base-TX IEEE 802.3 Ethernet via on-board RJ45 connector (standard)

Wireless LAN Network Connection
- Optional software required for wireless LAN connection. Wireless LAN connection is 802.11a/g/i, WPA, WPA2, and CCX compatible.

FAX Capability (optional)
- Group 3, Class 1 or 2 fax modem protocol

Modem
- V.90, K56flex, enhanced V.34, V.32bis, V.32, V.22bis and below

Barcode Reader (optional)
- Reads Code 39 (standard and full ASCII)
- Flexible field data entry

Magnetic Card Reader (optional)
- Reads cards adhering to ISO 7810, 7811-1, -2, -3, -4, -5
• Supports up to four configurable patient identification fields

**Smart Card Reader (optional)**
• Reads cards adhering to ISO/IEC 7816, and EMV 3.1.1
• Supports SLE 4418/28 and SLE 4443/42

**ECG Storage**
• XML File Format in version 1.03, 1.04, 1.04.01, and 1.04.02
• Up to 200 ECGs to internal flash memory
• Up to 200 ECGs per USB Memory Stick (optional)
• Full fidelity at 500 Hz of all 10 seconds of all 12 leads

**Orders**
• Up to 200 pending orders can be stored on the cardiograph

**ECG File Formats**
• XML and XML SVG
• PDF

**Power and Environment**

**PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph AC Input Voltage**
• Input voltage: 100 to 240 VAC
• Input voltage frequency: 50 to 60 Hz
• Input current: 1.2A

**PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph AC Output Voltage**
• Output: 15 Volts DC, 4.0A, 60W

**Cardiograph Environmental Operating Conditions**
• 10° to 40 °C (50° to 104°F)
• 10% to 90% relative humidity (non-condensing)
• Up to 4,247 m (14,000 ft.) altitude, 597 hPA
Cardiograph Environmental Storage Conditions

-20° to 50 °C (-4° to 122°F)
10% to 90% relative humidity (non-condensing)
Up to 4,572 m (15,000 ft.) altitude, 572 hPA

TC30 Cardiograph Dimensions

310 mm wide x 405 mm deep x 205 mm height (12.20 inches wide x 15.94 inches deep x 8.07 inches height)

TC30 Cardiograph Weight

8.6 kg (19 lb) including accessories (2 batteries installed, 200 sheets of ECG recording paper, Patient Interface Module, patient data cable, AC power cord)

TC30 Cardiograph Shipping Container Weight

Maximum shipping weight of packaged PageWriter TC30 cardiograph (including all accessories) is 17.1 kg (37.69 lb)

Safety and Performance

Meets the following requirements for safety and performance:

- IEC/EN 60601-1-2 2001: 2nd ed Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements and tests

Classification (IEC 60601-1)

PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Class I (Internally Powered)
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Specifications

**WARNING** When using additional peripheral equipment powered from an electrical source other than the cardiograph, the combination is considered to be a medical system. It is the responsibility of the operator to comply with IEC 60601-1-1 and test the medical system according to the requirements. For additional information contact Philips Medical Systems.

### Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Electronic devices can either generate or receive electromagnetic interference. The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph has been evaluated for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) with the appropriate accessories according to Medical Collateral standard IEC 60601-1-2, Edition 2 (with exceptions noted in proceeding tables). This IEC standard has been adopted in the European Union as the European Norm, EN 60601-1-2, Edition 2.

**WARNING** Radio frequency (RF) interference from nearby transmitting devices may degrade performance of the electronic equipment. Electromagnetic compatibility with surrounding devices should be assessed prior to using the equipment.

**WARNING** Fixed, portable, and mobile radio frequency communications equipment can also affect the performance of electrical equipment. See your Service Provider for assistance with the minimum recommended separation distance between RF communications equipment and the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.

**WARNING** The use of accessories and cables other than those specified in the Philips PageWriter TC30 cardiograph service and user documentation can result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Heart symbol]</td>
<td>ECG physio isolation is type CF, defibrillator proof. Suitable for all patient applications including direct cardiac application. System is in continuous operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IPX0</strong></td>
<td>Cardiograph has ordinary protection against the entry of liquids.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IPX4</strong></td>
<td>The PIM (patient interface module) is protected against splashing water. Water splashed against the PIM from any direction shall have no harmful effect.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Cardiograph is not suitable for use in the presence of flammable anesthetic mixture with air, oxygen, or nitrous oxide.
- System is continuous operation.
WARNING  The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should not be used next to or stacked on top of other equipment. If you must stack the product, you must check that normal operation is possible in the necessary configuration before the product is used.

Reducing Electromagnetic Interference

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph and accessories may become sensitive to interference from other RF energy sources including power lines. RF energy sources include other medical devices, wireless devices, information technology equipment, and radio/television transmission. Should interference be encountered, as demonstrated by artifact on the ECG trace, unintended change on operating state, or unit lockup, attempt to locate the source by assessing:

- if the interference is intermittent or constant?
- does the interference occur only in certain locations?
- does the interference occur only when in close proximity to certain medical devices?
- does the ECG signal quality change dramatically when the AC power cord is unplugged?

Once the source of the interference is located, attempt to attenuate the EMC coupling path by distancing the cardiograph from the source of the interference as much as possible. If further assistance is needed, contact the Philips Response Center nearest you.

Table C-1  PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph Guidance and Manufacturer’s Declaration: Electromagnetic Emissions

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified in the table below. The customer or the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emissions Test</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Electromagnetic Environment: guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RF Emissions CISPR 11</td>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RF Emissions CISPR 11</td>
<td>Class B</td>
<td>The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harmonic Emissions IEC 61000-3-2</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage fluctuations/ flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3</td>
<td>Complies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Electromagnetic Immunity

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity Test</th>
<th>IEC 60601 Test Level</th>
<th>Compliance Level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic Environment: guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2</td>
<td>+/- 6 kV contact +/- 8 kV air</td>
<td>+/- 6 kV contact +/- 8 kV air</td>
<td>Floors should be constructed of wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical Fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4</td>
<td>+/- 2 kV for power supply lines +/- 1 kV for input/output lines</td>
<td>+/- 2 kV for power supply lines +/- 1 kV for input/output lines</td>
<td>Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surge IEC 61000-4-5</td>
<td>+/- 1 kV differential mode +/- 2 kV common mode</td>
<td>+/- 1 kV differential mode +/- 2 kV common mode</td>
<td>Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11</td>
<td>&lt;5% $U_T$ (&lt;95% dip in $U_T$) for 0.5 cycle 40% $U_T$ (60% dip in $U_T$) for 5 cycles 70% $U_T$ (&gt;30% dip in $U_T$) for 25 cycles &lt;5% $U_T$ (&gt;95% dip in $U_T$) for 5 seconds</td>
<td>&lt;5% $U_T$ (&gt;95% dip in $U_T$) for 0.5 cycle 40% $U_T$ (60% dip in $U_T$) for 5 cycles 70% $U_T$ (&gt;30% dip in $U_T$) for 25 cycles &lt;5% $U_T$ (&gt;95% dip in $U_T$) for 5 seconds</td>
<td>Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph be powered from an uninterruptable power supply or a battery.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity Test</th>
<th>IEC 60601 Test Level</th>
<th>Compliance Level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic Environment: guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power frequency (50./60 Hz) magnetic field</td>
<td>3 A/m</td>
<td>Complies</td>
<td>Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: $U_T$ is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.
Table C-2  Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration: Electromagnetic Immunity (continued)

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity Test</th>
<th>IEC 60601 Test Level</th>
<th>Compliance Level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic Environment: guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conducted RF</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-6</td>
<td>3 Vrms</td>
<td>Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 Vrms</td>
<td>3 Vrms</td>
<td>$d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated RF</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-3</td>
<td>3 V/m</td>
<td>Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey(^a), should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range(^b).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 V/m</td>
<td>3 V/m</td>
<td>$d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$d = 2.3\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2,5 GHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where $P$ is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and $d$ is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from surfaces, objects, and people.
a. Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph.

b. Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

**Table C-1 Recommended Separation Distances Between Portable and Mobile RF Communications Equipment and the PageWriter TC30 Cardiograph: for equipment and systems that are not life-supporting**

The PageWriter TC30 cardiograph is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph can help to prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rated Maximum Output Power of Transmitter (W)</th>
<th>Separation Distance According to Frequency of Transmitter (m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>150 KHz to 800 KHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.4 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.3 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>4.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>12.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>23.0 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance $d$ in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where $P$ is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by the absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.
Wireless LAN Card Specifications

The specifications in the following sections are applicable to the Summit wireless adapters that are offered as options for the PageWriter TC30 cardiograph. Two options are available:

- Option D21, Summit SDC-CF20G wireless adapter
- Option D22, Summit SDC-CF22AG wireless adapter (see page C-18)

Summit SDC-CF20G Wireless Adapter (Option D21)

Length
72.8 mm (2.87 inches)

Width
43 mm (1.69 inches)

Thickness
- Card body: 3.3 mm (0.13 inches)
- Antenna: 7.3 mm (0.29 inches)

Weight
21 grams (0.7 ounces)

System Interface
16-bit Compact Flash Type I with 50-pin connector

Antenna
0 dBi gain omnidirectional with diversity

Chipset
Broadcom BCM4318E

Input Power Requirements
3.3 VDC +/- 5%

Typical Power Consumption (at maximum transmit power setting)
- Transmit: 400 mA (1320mW)
- Receive: 180 mA (594mW)
- Standby: 10 mA (33 mW)
**Operating Temperature**
-30 °C to 75 °C (-22°F to 167°F)

**Operating Humidity**
10 to 90% (non-condensing)

**Mounting**
50-pin connector

**Network Standards**
IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11i

**Frequency Band**
2.4 to 2.4897 GHz

**Wireless Media**
- Direct Sequence-Spread Spectrum (DSSS)
- Orthogonal Frequency Divisional Multiplexing (OFDM)

**Media Access Protocol**
Carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance (CSMA/CA)

**Data Rates Supported**
- 802.11b (DSSS): 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps
- 802.11g (OFDM): 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps

**Modulation**
- 1, 6, 9 Mbps: BPSK
- 2, 12, 18 Mbps: QPSK
- 5.5, 11 Mbps: CCK
- 24, 36 Mbps: 16-QAM
- 48, 54 Mbps: 64-QAM

**Regulatory Domain Support**
- FCC (Americas, parts of Asia, and Middle East)
- ETSI (Europe, Middle East, Africa, and parts of Asia)
- TELEC (Japan)
Operating Channels

- FCC: 11 (3 non-overlapping)
- ETSI: 13 (3 non-overlapping)
- TELEC: 14 (3 non-overlapping)

Transmit Power Settings

NOTE Maximum transmit power will vary according to individual country regulations. All values nominal, +/-1.5dBm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DSSS</th>
<th>OFDM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19 dBm (80 mW)</td>
<td>15 dBm (30 mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 dBm (50 mW)</td>
<td>10 dBm (10 mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 dBm (30 mW)</td>
<td>0 dBm (1 mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 dBm (10 mW)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 dBm (1 mW)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Typical Receiver Sensitivity

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Mbps:</td>
<td>-96 dBm</td>
<td>2 Mbps:</td>
<td>-95 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Mbps:</td>
<td>-94 dBm</td>
<td>5.5 Mbps:</td>
<td>-94 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5 Mbps:</td>
<td>-94 dBm</td>
<td>6 Mbps:</td>
<td>-94 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Mbps:</td>
<td>-91 dBm</td>
<td>9 Mbps:</td>
<td>-91 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Mbps:</td>
<td>-90 dBm</td>
<td>11 Mbps:</td>
<td>-90 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Mbps:</td>
<td></td>
<td>12 Mbps:</td>
<td>-88 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18 Mbps:</td>
<td>-86 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24 Mbps:</td>
<td>-83 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>36 Mbps:</td>
<td>-78 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>48 Mbps:</td>
<td>-76 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>54 Mbps:</td>
<td>-75 dBm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delay Spread

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Mbps:</td>
<td>600 ns</td>
<td>12 Mbps:</td>
<td>350 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Mbps:</td>
<td>500 ns</td>
<td>18 Mbps:</td>
<td>50 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5 Mbps:</td>
<td>400 ns</td>
<td>24 Mbps:</td>
<td>250 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Mbps:</td>
<td>400 ns</td>
<td>36 Mbps:</td>
<td>250 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Mbps:</td>
<td>400 ns</td>
<td>48 Mbps:</td>
<td>150 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Mbps:</td>
<td>200 ns</td>
<td>54 Mbps:</td>
<td>150 ns</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Security

Standards
- Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP)
- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
- IEEE 802.11i (WPA2)

Encryption
- Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP, RC4 Algorithm)
- Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP, RC4 Algorithm)
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES, Rijndael Algorithm)

Encryption Key Provisioning
- Static (40-bit and 128-bit lengths)
- Pre-Shared (PSK)
- Dynamic

802.1X Extensible Authentication Protocol Types
- LEAP
- EAP-FAST
- EAP-TLS
- PEAP-GTC
- PEAP-MSCHAPv2

Compliance

ETSI Regulatory Domain
- EN 300 328
- EN 301 489
- EN 60590
- EN 50371
- EU 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
**FCC Regulatory Domain**
- FCC Subpart B, Class B
- FCC Subpart C Part 15.247, 15.207
- ANSI C63.4-2003

**Industry Canada**
- RSS-210

**TELEC Regulatory Domain**
- RCR STD – 33
- ARIB STD - T66
- ARIB STD T71

**Certifications**

**Wi-Fi Alliance**
- 802.11b, 802.11g
- WPA Enterprise
- WPA2 Enterprise

**Cisco Compatible Extensions (CCX)**
Version 4
Summit SDC-CF22AG Wireless Adapter (Option D22)

**Length**
67 mm (2.64 inches)

**Width**
43 mm (1.69 inches)

**Thickness**
5 mm (0.2 inches)

**Weight**
28 grams (1 ounce)

**System Interface**
16-bit Compact Flash Type II with 50-pin connector

**Antenna**
0 dBi gain dual-band omnidirectional with diversity

**Chipset**
Broadcom BCM4318E

**Input Power Requirements**
3.3 VDC +/- 10%

**Typical Power Consumption (at maximum transmit power setting)**
- Transmit: 400 mA (1320mW)
- Receive: 180 mA (594mW)
- Standby: 10 mA (33 mW)

**Operating Temperature**
-30 °C to 85 °C (-22°F to 185°F)

**Operating Humidity**
10 to 90% (non-condensing)
Mounting
50-pin connector and standard compact flash rails

Network Standards
IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11d, 802.11e, 802.11g, 802.11h, 802.11i

Frequency Band

<table>
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<tr>
<th>FCC</th>
<th>ETSI/KCC</th>
<th>TELEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.412 to 2.473 GHz</td>
<td>2.412 to 2.483 GHz</td>
<td>2.412 to 2.495 GHz</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Wireless Media
- Direct Sequence-Spread Spectrum (DSSS)
- Orthogonal Frequency Divisional Multiplexing (OFDM)

Media Access Protocol
Carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance (CSMA/CA)

Data Rates Supported
- 802.11a and 802.11g (OFDM): 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps
- 802.11b (DSSS): 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps

Modulation
1, 6, 9 Mbps: BPSK
2, 12, 18 Mbps: QPSK
5.5, 11 Mbps: CCK
24, 36 Mbps: 16-QAM
48, 54 Mbps: 64-QAM

Regulatory Domain Support
- FCC (Americas, parts of Asia, and Middle East)
- ETSI (Europe, Middle East, Africa, and parts of Asia)
- TELEC (Japan)
- KCC (Korea)
Operating Channels

- FCC: 11 (3 non-overlapping)
- ETSI and KCC: 13 (3 non-overlapping)
- TELEC: 14 (4 non-overlapping)

Transmit Power Settings

**NOTE** Maximum transmit power will vary according to individual country regulations. All values nominal, +/-2dBm

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<th>802.11g</th>
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<tr>
<td>15 dBm (30 mW)</td>
<td>18 dBm (63 mW)</td>
<td>15 dBm (30 mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 dBm (10 mW)</td>
<td>17 dBm (50 mW)</td>
<td>10 dBm (10 mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 dBm (1 mW)</td>
<td>15 dBm (30 mW)</td>
<td>0 dBm (1 mW)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<pre><code>                                                             | 10 dBm (10 mW) |
                                                             | 0 dBm (1 mW)   |
</code></pre>

Typical Receiver Sensitivity

**NOTE** Per <=10%

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<td>1 Mbps: -96 dBm</td>
<td>6 Mbps: -94 dBm</td>
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<td>9 Mbps: -84 dBm</td>
<td>2 Mbps: -95 dBm</td>
<td>9 Mbps: -91 dBm</td>
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<td>12 Mbps: -83 dBm</td>
<td>5.5 Mbps: -94 dBm</td>
<td>12 Mbps: -88 dBm</td>
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<tr>
<td>18 Mbps: -80 dBm</td>
<td>11 Mbps: -90 dBm</td>
<td>18 Mbps: -86 dBm</td>
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<tr>
<td>24 Mbps: -76 dBm</td>
<td></td>
<td>24 Mbps: -83 dBm</td>
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<tr>
<td>36 Mbps: -73 dBm</td>
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<td>36 Mbps: -78 dBm</td>
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<tr>
<td>48 Mbps: -70 dBm</td>
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<td>48 Mbps: -76 dBm</td>
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<tr>
<td>54 Mbps: -65 dBm</td>
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<td>54 Mbps: -75 dBm</td>
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Delay Spread

| 1 Mbps: 600 ns | 12 Mbps: 350 ns |
| 2 Mbps: 500 ns | 18 Mbps: 350 ns |
| 5.5 Mbps: 400 ns | 24 Mbps: 250 ns |
| 6 Mbps: 400 ns | 36 Mbps: 250 ns |
| 9 Mbps: 400 ns | 48 Mbps: 150 ns |
| 11 Mbps: 200 ns| 54 Mbps: 150 ns |
Security

Standards
- Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP)
- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA), Personal and Enterprise
- IEEE 802.11i, or WPA2, Personal and Enterprise

Encryption Protocols
- Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP, RC4 Algorithm)
- Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP, RC4 Algorithm)
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES, Rijndael Algorithm)

Encryption Key Provisioning (40-bit and 128-bit key lengths)
- Static
- Pre-shared via WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK
- Dynamic via EAP authentication

802.1X Extensible Authentication Protocol Types
- LEAP
- EAP-FAST
- EAP-TLS
- EAP-TTLS
- PEAP-GTC
- PEAP-MSCHAPv2

Compliance

ETSI Regulatory Domain
- EN 300 328
- EN 301 489-1, EN 301 489-17
- EN 301 893
- EN 60950-1
- EN 50371
- EU 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
FCC Regulatory Domain
- FCC Part 15.247 Subpart C
- FCC Part 15.407 Subpart E

Industry Canada
- RSS-210
- RSS-Gen Issue 2

TELEC Regulatory Domain
- RCR STD – 33
- ARIB STD - T66
- ARIB STD T71

Certifications

Wi-Fi Alliance
- 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g
- WPA: Personal and Enterprise
- WPA2: Personal and Enterprise

Cisco Compatible Extensions (CCX)
Version 4
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