You have purchased a new, easy to use, easy to maintain A/T 2000® PLUS Automatic Dental Film Processor!

Your new processor is manufactured by Air Techniques, Inc., a manufacturer of dental equipment for over thirty years. All Air Techniques products - AirStar® Dental Air System, VacStar® Dental Vacuum System, Peri-Pro® and A/T 2000® PLUS - are designed to meet the exacting quality standards of modern dentistry.

A/T 2000® PLUS processes all Intraoral, Occlusal, TMJ, Panoramic, Cephalometric, and Duplicating film sizes. The operator can choose between a “quick-look” 2 1/2 min. ENDO SPEED cycle or a full 5 1/2 min. NORMAL SPEED cycle. The active mode is clearly indicated with an illuminated arrow. Simply select the speed and insert a film into the film inlet and the processing cycle automatically starts. When processing is complete, the film exits into the film receptacle tray, and A/T 2000® PLUS automatically returns to stand-by.

A/T 2000® PLUS takes the guesswork out of chemistry replenishment - a micro-computer counts film and automatically replenishes chemistry proportional to film load for the best processing results. Your new A/T 2000® PLUS is also designed with the environment in mind - used chemistry is easily captured for disposal in accordance with local codes.

A/T 2000® PLUS incorporates modular components for easy maintenance and service. To make sure your A/T 2000® PLUS gives you the highest level of service, please review and follow the installation, assembly, operation and maintenance procedures outlined in this MANUAL.
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Remove Racks; Rinse
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Remove; Rinse Racks
## Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water Flow</strong></td>
<td>1/2 gallon per minute (while processing film). Water softeners should not be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water Connection</strong></td>
<td>Adapters are provided to connect to 1/2&quot; MPT or 3/4&quot; male garden hose fitting. The supplied tubing from the remote water solenoid assembly to the rear of the processor is 4 1/2 ft. long.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Remote Water Solenoid</strong></td>
<td>Dimensions (maximum): 3 3/8&quot;H x 5 1/4&quot;W x 2 5/8&quot;D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drain</strong></td>
<td>1 1/2&quot; vertical PVC standpipe, open at top, connected to 1 1/2&quot; PVC trap. DO NOT DRAIN INTO COPPER OR BRASS. Distance between top of PVC standpipe and bottom of countertop: 6&quot; min. Standpipe height: 12&quot; min. Cast iron may be used if PVC is not allowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>90 lbs. with water and chemistry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ventilation</strong></td>
<td>20 cubic feet per minute based on 5'x5'x5' chamber. 1/4&quot; PVC tubing. Ensure adequate air intake and ventilation. At minimum 2 feet from sides and 3 feet from rear.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. UNPACK CONTENTS
   ■ Mount the wall chart near the processor.

2. MOUNT PROCESSOR ON LEVELING BASE
   ■ Thread the 4 leveling feet into the leveling base. Place the leveling base on the counter with the bubble level facing front. Adjust the feet on the counter’s surface until the bubble is centered and the base is stable.
   ■ Place the processor base on the leveling base. The posts on top of the leveling base insert into the holes in the bottom of the processor. Make sure the bubble is centered.

3. CONNECT TO PLUMBING
   ■ Match color-coded drain hoses to corresponding color-coded, labeled barbed fittings. Mount the hose end onto the barbed fitting by rotating the hose clockwise while pushing. Push the hose flush up against the barbed fitting, leaving no space. To remove the hose, also rotate clockwise while pulling the hose. No clamps are required as the hose is self-clamping.
   ■ If routing the drain hoses through the countertop, drill a 2 1/2” diameter hole through the countertop (Figure C). If routing the water solenoid assembly through this hole, disassemble tubing from the solenoid box, route through the hole and reassemble.
   ■ Chemistry bottles may be placed on the countertop next to the processor or under the counter. Replenishment lines (Figure C) can be routed through the same hole as the drain hoses (you may want to do this before the drain hoses) by unscrewing the retaining nut to remove the cap, then reassembling after routing through the hole. Cut replenishment lines to the appropriate length.
   ■ Connect the water solenoid to the water supply with a plumbing adapter (provided).
   ■ Turn on the water supply. Check all plumbing connections for leaks.
   ■ Install the drain hoses in the drain:

   **OPTION 1:** Route water (white) drain hose to a vertical 1 1/2” PVC standpipe connected to P-trap. Route Developer (black) and Fixer (red) drain hoses to chemistry recovery containers under the counter (Figure C)

   **OPTION 2:** Route all three drain hoses into a vertical 1 1/2” PVC standpipe connected to a P-trap (Figure D)

   **Note:** Hoses must always slope downward to drain pipe or recovery containers without any “U’s” or upward bends in the hose.

   **Note:** Hoses routed into drain pipe must be cut so that the ends are 6” above the standing water in the P-trap at the bottom of the pipe.

   **Note:** Hoses routed into chemistry recovery containers must be cut so that the ends are 2” above the highest expected solution level in the recovery container.
4. INSTALL RACK ASSEMBLIES

**NOTE: DO NOT TURN ON POWER WHEN DEVELOPER AND FIXER TANKS ARE EMPTY!**

- Rinse tanks and rack assemblies with warm water.
  
  DO NOT USE SOAP, DETERGENTS OR CLEANSERS.

- Screw black drain tube with rubber washer in front Developer tank; red drain tube with rubber washer in the middle Fixer tank; tan drain tube without rubber washer in rear Wash tank.
  
  (Figure E.)

- Fill the Developer and Fixer Tanks with water to the fill line (Figure E).

- Grasp Wash/Dry rack assembly with tan end plates on both sides and install in the rear Wash tank with the baffle facing forward.

- Grasp the Fixer rack assembly with red end plates by the built-in handle and install in the middle Fixer tank.

- Grasp the Developer rack assembly with black end plates by the built-in handle and install in the front Developer tank.

- Lock in each rack assembly by sliding the color-coded latches toward the rear of the processor (Figure E, Detail A).

- Put the cover on the processor base. Route the electrical cord attached to the cover to the back of the processor between the cover and the base, push it into the receptacle in the base and fasten into place by rotating the lock ring.

- Plug the processor line cord into a grounded 115 V wall outlet.
1. TEST PROCESSOR WITH WATER

- Turn on the power switch (on top of cover). TEMPERATURE display and the NORMAL SPEED arrow illuminate and the replenisher pumps run.
- Push DISPLAY SET TEMP and hold. 82°F(28°C) appears. This temperature is factory set. Consult TROUBLE SHOOTING, Developer/Fixer Temperature Control Problems, p. 25, if this setting needs to be changed.
- Within 10-25 min., depending on room temperature, the READY light illuminates, indicating that the chemistry has reached 82°F(28°C).

**NOTE: During warm-up the temperature display will not register temperatures below 50°F.**
- Push MANUAL START. The Wash tank fills with water, the rack assembly rollers and the chemistry agitators turn and the dryer heater activates. Check all hoses and hose fittings for leaks.
- Turn off the power switch, remove the cover and the rack assemblies.
- Unscrew the drain tubes, one at a time. Each tank should drain within 90 seconds, or the drain hoses are incorrectly installed (Figures C & D).

THE DAYLIGHT LOADER OR THE QUICKLOADING HOLDER OPTION MAY BE INSTALLED NOW. INSTRUCTIONS ARE PROVIDED WITH EACH ONE.

2. TEST PROCESSOR WITH CHEMISTRY

- Install the drain tubes in the tanks.
- Fill the Fixer tank with chemistry to the fill line. POUR SLOWLY! Do not splash or splatter. If fixer splashes into the Developer tank, wipe up completely with a clean moistened towel or sponge.
- Add 2 oz. of starter to the empty Developer tank. Fill the Developer tank with chemistry to the fill line. POUR SLOWLY!
- Install the Wash/Dry rack in the Wash tank and close the rack latches.
- SLOWLY lower the Fixer rack into the Fixer tank and close the rack latch. Do not splash fixer into the Developer tank.
- SLOWLY lower the Developer rack into the Developer tank and close the rack latch.
- Connect the chemistry bottles to the replenishment tubings.
- Put on the cover and connect the cover electrical cord to the processor base.
- Turn on the power switch.
- After the READY light illuminates, run a new cleaning film at NORMAL SPEED.

3. PROCESS TEST FILMS

- Expose a periapical film to room light and process at NORMAL SPEED. This film should be completely black.
- Under safelight darkroom conditions, or inside the Daylight Loader, process an unexposed periapical film at NORMAL SPEED. This film should be completely clear.

**NOTE: IF THE TEST FILMS DO NOT PROCESS AS ABOVE, SEE TROUBLE SHOOTING FOR CAUSES AND REMEDIES.**
FIGURE A

IDENTIFICATION OF KEY PARTS

Fig. 1. Identification of key parts.

- Keypad detail
  - Endo speed indicator
  - Temperature display
  - Normal speed indicator
  - Temperature ready light
  - Process "on" indicator light

- Power "on" indicator light
- Divider
- Keypad and indicators (see detail)
- Film receptacle
- Film inlet with activating shutter
- Bubble level
- Replenishment pump and agitator drive motor drawer
- Leveling base

DIMENSIONS

FIGURE B

Fig. 2. Dimensions.

- Height 16"
- Depth 25"
- Width 15"
- 4" Minimum Clearance

Dimensions:
- 22"
- 3"
**PLUMBING CONNECTIONS**

**FIGURE C**

**OPTION 1**

- Wash water drains into open standpipe.
- Developer & Fixer drains into recovery containers.

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**DRAIN INSTALLATIONS**

**INDEPENDENT STANDPIPE DRAIN INSTALLATION**

**CORRECT**

Drain hose must fit loosely into PVC standpipe to allow drain ventilation.

**INCORRECT**

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**DETAIL "A"**

SANITARY STREET TEE

SINK
Option 2:
- Developer, Fixer, and Wash water drain into open standpipe.

Drainage Connections:
- Remote water solenoid valve
- Drain hoses must slope downwards without any "U" or upward bends.
- Drain hose must fit loosely into PVC standpipe to allow drain ventilation.

Standpipe Trap (see detail "A" below)

Caution:
- An air gap of at least 6 in. is required between end of drain hose and water level inside drain trap.

Replenishment Chemistry (1 case supplied)
- Developer and Fixer replenishment lines (BLK & RED)

Min. sink size requirement to allow racks to be cleaned in sink: 14" L x 9 1/2" W
1. CHECK FLUID LEVELS IN THE CHEMISTRY BOTTLES, REPLACE IF NECESSARY.

2. TURN ON EXTERNAL WATER SUPPLY VALVE.

3. TURN ON POWER
   - Depress the power switch located on the top of the electronics module.
   - POWER, TEMPERATURE display and NORMAL SPEED arrow will illuminate.
   - Replenisher pumps will run, adding a predetermined amount of chemistry.

4. INSERT CLEANING FILM
   - Insert a new 8"x10" cleaning film at NORMAL SPEED, after READY light illuminates.
     (READY light will illuminate within 10 to 25 minutes). Processing starts automatically.
   - The cleaning film will pick up condensate and/or dried chemistry deposits from the rollers.
     Use a new cleaning film to avoid contaminating the chemistry.
   - After the cleaning film exits, the processor stops automatically.
   - IMPORTANT: If A/T 2000* PLUS is idle (no films processed) for more than two hours,
     insert a cleaning film before film processing is resumed.

5. READY TO PROCESS
   - When the READY light is on, A/T 2000* PLUS is at the preset temperature of 82°F (28°C) and
     ready to process film.
Before processing films, we recommend familiarizing yourself with the indicator lights and the keypad (Figure A):

**INDICATOR LIGHTS**

- **POWER**: Illuminates when the POWER switch (on top) is in the on position.
- **READY**: Illuminates when chemistry has reached set point operating temperature (factory pre-set at 82°F, 28°C). When READY illuminates, chemistry is at the proper temperature to process films.
- **PROCESSING**: Illuminates when a film has been inserted and is being transported through a process cycle. PROCESSING will flash when the film is feeding past the film inlet shutter. When processing extraoral films, wait until PROCESSING stops flashing before inserting the next film to prevent films from overlapping. When the processor is in a stand-by mode, ready to accept films for processing, PROCESSING will not be illuminated until a film is inserted.

**KEYPAD**

- **ENDO SPEED**: The arrow indicator to the left of the keypad flashes when processing an intraoral film in the ENDO SPEED mode. Film is processed in 2 1/2 minutes.
- **NORMAL SPEED**: The arrow indicator to the left of the keypad illuminates when processing in the NORMAL SPEED mode. Film is processed in 5 1/2 minutes.
- **DISPLAY SET-TEMP**: The selected chemistry set point temperature is shown on the TEMPERATURE display when the keypad is pressed and held. Otherwise, the TEMPERATURE display indicates actual chemistry temperature. If the keypad is pressed and the display does not change value, the set point and actual chemistry temperatures are the same and READY is illuminated.
- **MANUAL START**: Use this keypad only during cleaning procedures. MANUAL START activates an extended 10 minute process cycle.

**PROCESSING**

1. **SELECT PROCESS MODE**
   - **ENDO SPEED**
     - For “quick-look” 2 1/2 min. film processing, press ENDO when the processor is in the stand-by mode (when PROCESSING light is not illuminated).
     - The arrow next to ENDO SPEED flashes as a reminder that the processor is set at ENDO SPEED.
     - Insert ONE film only, as described below. **Wait until the film exits before inserting the next endo film.** If you do not wait, the insertion of another film will override the ENDO SPEED and the processor will automatically switch to NORMAL SPEED.
     - When the endo film exits, the processor automatically returns to stand-by and NORMAL SPEED.
NORMAL SPEED

- For archival quality films, 5 1/2 min. processing, use NORMAL SPEED mode. If the processor is not in this mode, press NORMAL SPEED.
- Insert film as described below.

NOTE: When processing film in ENDO SPEED, it is possible to change to NORMAL SPEED before the film exits. But when processing film in NORMAL SPEED, it is not possible to change to ENDO SPEED until the film has exited and the processing light has extinguished.

2. INSERT FILM

*Follow the film manufacturer’s exposure guidelines to obtain quality radiographs. If radiographs processed at NORMAL SPEED and 82°F (28°C) are too dark, reduce your x-ray exposure time setting.*

- Insert a film in the film inlet: processing starts automatically.
- A/T 2000® PLUS has 6 tracks for intra-oral film. Feed film in lengthwise, into alternating tracks to prevent overlapping. For example, insert 1 film each into tracks 1, 3, 5; then 1 film each into tracks 2, 4, 6.
- Feed in large films lengthwise and straight. Be sure to wait until PROCESSING light stops flashing, approx 15 sec., before inserting the next film or before turning on the lights or opening the darkroom door.
- When loading intraoral “Pedo” film (size 0), always make sure the marker point enters last. BE SURE TO STRAIGHTEN BENT FILMS BEFORE INSERTING IN FILM INLET.

3. MANUAL START

- ONLY push MANUAL START to activate processing when executing recommended maintenance procedures (SEE MAINTENANCE).

4. AT END OF DAY

- Turn off the power switch and the external water supply valve.
1. TESTING PROCESSED FILM QUALITY
   - Turn on the power switch and wait for the READY light to illuminate.
   - Insert a new cleaning film. Run it through the NORMAL processing cycle.
   - Insert an unexposed film and process at NORMAL SPEED.
     The processed film should be completely clear if the film was handled under darkroom conditions with the lights off.
   - Briefly expose a film to room light and then process at NORMAL SPEED.
     The processed film should be completely black.
   If your results differ from the above results, consult TROUBLE SHOOTING for suggestions on how to correct.

2. TESTING PROCESSED FILM CONSISTENCY
   - Clean the processor and refill with fresh chemistry.
   - At NORMAL SPEED process a double film packet that has been exposed as part of a regular x-ray examination.
   - Mount one of these processed films in the corner of a view box, and retain it as an index film.
   - Periodically, place a film next to this index film for comparison. When you compare, make sure the film was processed at NORMAL SPEED and has been exposed using the identical technique factors as the index film.
     Compare the density and clarity of the two films.
   Consult TROUBLE SHOOTING in this manual for suggestions on how to correct film density and clarity.
INTRAORAL
All Film Types

EXTRAORAL
Kodak X-Omat RP Film (DF-75, DF-76, XRP 5)
Kodak X-Omat Duplicating Film (Do not use as a cleaning film)
Kodak Ektamat G (formerly X-Omat G Film DFG-5, XG-1)
Kodak T-Mat G (TMG-1, TMG/5, TMG/15)
Kodak T-Mat L (TML-1)
Kodak Roller Transport Clean-up Film
3M Trilite
DuPont Cronex 2DC or 4

Air Techniques Cleaning Film

Do not use Blue Brand or SB type films. These films are for hand dipping only.
Cleaning your A/T 2000® PLUS on a weekly, monthly, and quarterly basis is critical in maintaining quality processor performance. Air Techniques has designed the A/T 2000® PLUS with parts that can be removed and reinstalled with ease to make maintenance relatively effortless. We recommend the maintenance procedure outlined below using Spray 2000 and Formula 2000 cleansers especially formulated for the A/T 2000® PLUS. This suggested maintenance schedule may have to be modified if your processor requires more frequent cleaning.

WEEKLY...Clean rack assemblies

Caution: Before you remove the cover, rack assemblies or disconnect electrical plugs, turn power switch off.

1. REMOVE RACK ASSEMBLIES

- Unplug the processor cover electrical cord from the processor base, slide open the rack latches, lift the racks straight up, and move them straight to the side to avoid dripping chemistry into the adjacent tanks.
- Note: Dripping just a few drops of Fixer into the Developer tank will contaminate the Developer and result in poor film quality.

2. CLEAN RACK ASSEMBLIES (Do not soak racks overnight)

- Place the rack assemblies in a large sink; thoroughly moisten them with Spray 2000 or water, then clean with a soft brush or sponge under warm running water.
- *When cleaning the rack assemblies, only use a soft bristle brush. A hard bristle brush may score and scratch the rollers, leaving undesirable markings on the film. Do not use soap, detergents or abrasive cleaners.*
- Rotate the gears and rollers while cleaning.
- Be sure to use a separate soft brush or sponge for each rack. Color-coded sponges are supplied with each case of Air Techniques Developer and Fixer for Roller Transport Processors.
- Thoroughly rinse the racks and drain.

3. REINSTALL RACK ASSEMBLIES

- Slowly lower each rack into its tank. Match color-coded latches to color-coded rack end plates. Do not splash Fixer into Developer tank when installing Fixer rack.
- Close all the rack latches. Replace the A/T 2000® PLUS cover and reattach the electrical plug to the base.

4. PROCESS A CLEANING FILM

- Always process a cleaning film (at NORMAL SPEED, after READY light illuminates) after washing the rack assemblies.
MONTHLY...Change chemistry

If the bottom of the Developer tank is coated with black residue and/or the white gears on the side of the Developer rack are stained grey or black, the developer has been contaminated. The Developer tank and rack must be cleaned with Formula 2000 (see Quarterly cleaning). See TROUBLE SHOOTING for causes and remedies.

1. TURN OFF POWER
   - Unplug the cover electrical cord from the processor base and remove the cover.

2. REMOVE RACK ASSEMBLIES
   - Remove all the rack assemblies, taking care not to drip Fixer into the Developer tank.

3. DRAIN AND CLEAN TANKS
   - Unscrew and remove the Developer and Wash tank drain tubes and completely drain the tanks. Replace the drain tubes, fill with water and drain two more times. Replace the drain tubes.
   - Unscrew and remove the Fixer drain tube and drain the tank. Replace the drain tube, fill the tank with water and drain two more times. Replace the drain tube.
   - Fill all three tanks with warm water.
   - Drain the tanks and wipe the tank walls with sponges. Use separate sponges for each tank.
   - Refill all tanks with warm water to the fill line.

4. FLUSH AGITATORS
   - Replace the processor cover (connect electrical plug), turn on the power and IMMEDIATELY push MANUAL START. When MANUAL START is pushed, the agitators rotate and are rinsed by the warm water in the tanks.
   - Shut off the power after two minutes.
   - Remove the processor cover and drain all three tanks.
   - Thoroughly wipe up any standing water with a clean paper towel or separate sponges. Any water remaining in the tanks will dilute the chemistry.

5. CLEAN RACK ASSEMBLIES
   - Place rack assemblies in a large sink; thoroughly moisten with Spray 2000 or water, then clean with a soft brush or sponge under warm running water.
   - When cleaning rack assemblies, only use a soft bristle brush. A hard bristle brush may score and scratch the rollers, leaving undesirable markings on the film. Do not use soap, detergents or abrasive cleaners.
   - Rotate the gears and rollers while cleaning.
   - Be sure to use a separate soft brush or sponge for each rack. Color-coded sponges are supplied with each case of Air Techniques Developer and Fixer for Roller Transport Processors.
   - Thoroughly rinse the racks and drain.
6. REFILL THE TANKS WITH CHEMISTRY
- Fill the Fixer tank with Fixer to the fill line. POUR SLOWLY! Do not splash or splatter.
  If Fixer is splashed into the Developer tank, wipe up completely with clean moistened towel or sponge.
- Add 2 oz. of starter to the empty Developer tank. Fill the Developer tank with Developer to the fill line. POUR SLOWLY!

7. REINSTALL RACK ASSEMBLIES
- Slowly lower each rack into its tank, matching color-coded latches to color-coded rack end plates.
  Do not splash Fixer into Developer tank when installing Fixer rack.
- Close all rack latches. Replace A/T 2000® PLUS cover, reattach electrical plug to base.

8. PROCESS A CLEANING FILM
- Turn on the power.
- Process a cleaning film (at NORMAL SPEED, after READY light illuminates).
- If chemistry or water splashes onto the film inlet shelf, wipe it up with a paper towel or sponge.
MAINTENANCE

QUARTERLY...Clean with Formula 2000

Clean your A/T 2000® PLUS processor with Formula 2000 Tank and Transport Cleanser every three months or whenever a black residue is evident on racks and/or tank. Formula 2000 (Part Number: 43945) is available from your full service dental dealer.

USE FORMULA 2000 IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA.

1. TURN OFF POWER
   ■ Unplug the cover electrical cord from the processor base and remove the cover.

2. REMOVE ALL RACK ASSEMBLIES, RINSE AND SET ASIDE.

3. PREPARE PROCESSOR FOR CLEANING WITH FORMULA 2000
   ■ Drain the Developer and Wash tanks. Refill with water and drain again. Replace the drain tubes.
   Replace the Wash rack assembly if the Wash tank requires no further cleaning.
   If the Wash tank is excessively dirty, cleaning with Formula 2000 is recommended (see below).
   When cleaning the Wash tank with Formula 2000, it is necessary to cover the drain tube weep hole with the special washer (comes with the A/T 2000® PLUS) to prevent the tank from draining (see Figure E).
   *Remember to remove this washer after cleaning.*
   ■ Drain the Fixer tank. Refill with water and drain again. Replace the drain tube and fill the tank with water. Replace the rack assembly.
   ■ Pour Formula 2000 Component 1 (large bottle) into the empty Developer tank. Fill tank with cold water to the fill line. Sprinkle Formula 2000 Component 2 evenly across the Developer tank.
   *The effervescent action of Formula 2000 will begin as soon as Component 2 is added. Some odor and vapor will be evident.*
   If the Wash tank is to be cleaned with Formula 2000, follow the same procedure.
   ■ To clean the gears and end plates of the rack assembly, dip each end of the rack into the cleaning solution, then carefully install in the appropriate tank. Repeat for each rack assembly being cleaned.
   ■ Replace all rack assemblies; replace the cover, reconnect the electrical plug.

4. RUN PROCESSOR
   ■ Turn on the water supply and the power switch.
   ■ Press MANUAL START. Let the processor run with the rack assemblies in place until the process cycle shuts off (10 min.). For deeper cleaning, press MANUAL START again.
   ■ Occasionally wipe the rollers and drive gears above the solution level with a sponge while the processor is running to loosen any deposits remaining above the solution level.
5. CLEAN THE RACKS

- Turn off the power switch and remove the processor cover.
- Remove the rack assemblies and place them in a large sink. Clean with a soft brush or sponge under warm water. Rotate the gears and rollers while cleaning.
- Remove all traces of Formula 2000 to avoid contaminating the fresh chemistry!

6. PRELIMINARY RINSE (flushing Formula 2000)

- Make sure the power switch is off.
- Remove the drain tubes and drain the cleaning solution. Dispose of the cleaning solution in accordance with local codes. Replace the drain tubes.
- Fill the tanks with water, turn on the power, push MANUAL START to run the processor for a few minutes, then drain.

7. FINAL RINSE

- Fill the Developer and Fixer tanks with water.
- Turn on the processor water supply. Be sure to remove the washer covering the weep hole in the Wash tank drain tube if you cleaned the Wash tank. Turn on the power switch for two minutes, then turn off the power switch. The replenisher pumps will run and purge the lines.
- Drain, refill the Developer and Fixer tanks with water, drain again.
- Wipe the Developer and Fixer tanks dry with a paper towel.
- Use separate towels: one for the Fixer tank, one for the Developer tank.
- Refill the tanks with chemistry, reinstall the rack assemblies and process a new cleaning film. (See MONTHLY MAINTENANCE # 6, 7, 8)
1. PROCESSOR TOTALLY INACTIVE
2. PROCESSOR WON'T START
3. PROCESSOR WON'T STOP
4. PROCESSOR STOPS BEFORE FILMS EXIT
5. DRIVE MOTOR DOESN'T RUN
6. DRYER HEATER AND/OR FAN DO NOT WORK
7. REPLACEMENT PUMP PROBLEMS
8. CHEMISTRY AGITATOR PROBLEMS
9. DEVELOPER/FIXER TEMPERATURE CONTROL PROBLEMS
10. WASH WATER PROBLEMS
11. KNOCKING/THUMPING NOISES DURING PROCESSING CYCLE
12. ROLLERS ARE HEAVILY STAINED OR CAKED WITH DEPOSITS
13. FILMS ARE TOO LIGHT
14. FILMS ARE TOO DARK OR GRAINY
15. FILM DENSITY/CONTRAST IS POOR VS. SHARP AND CRISP
16. FILMS HAVE STREAKS, SPOTS OR ARE DIRTY
17. FILMS ARE NOT CLEARING; SILVER, GREEN, BROWN COLOR ON FILMS
18. FILMS HAVE EMULSION PEELING OFF
19. FILMS ARE WET OR TACKY
20. CHEMISTRY - WRONG TYPE
21. CHEMISTRY - OUTDATED
22. CHEMISTRY - EXHAUSTED
23. CHEMISTRY - UNDER-REPLENISHED
24. CHEMISTRY - CONTAMINATED DEVELOPER
1. PROCESSOR TOTALLY INACTIVE

No lights when power switch is turned on.
A. Plug line cord into outlet.
B. Plug cover electrical cable into processor base receptacle.
C. Turn on power switch.
D. Check processor’s fuse. If fuse is not good, replace with: 8A., Slow-blow, 125/250V., 3AB fuse, (PN 41914).
E. Check for loose wires/connections in base electrical compartment.
F. Test for 115V AC across black & white wires (E1 & E2) of incoming power connection to base PC board.
   ■ Recheck STEPS A - F if no voltage is found.
   ■ Proceed to STEP H if 115V AC was found.
H. Test for 115V AC across pins 4 & 6 of J1A connector on base PC board.
   If no voltage is found, replace base PC board (PN 44425).
   If 115V AC is found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).

2. PROCESSOR WON’T START

When inserting a film into film inlet
A. Shutter assembly at film inlet may be dirty, bent, or jammed.
   ■ If shutter doesn’t move up/down freely, try cleaning shutter first.
   ■ To unbend or unjam shutter, proceed to STEP B.
B. Remove cover insert to gain access to shutter with flag and shutter PC board with optic sensor.
   ■ With shutter in down position, shutter flag should rest in mid-section of optic sensor on PC board.
   ■ With shutter in up position, shutter flag should be totally outside of optic sensor on PC board.
   ■ Bend flag as needed to achieve proper alignment with optic sensor as described above.
C. Remove electronics module but leave electrical connections for dryer and processor base intact.
   ■ Disconnect plug with green, blue, yellow wires.
   ■ With power switch on, test for 4.75V - 5.25V DC across green and blue and again across green and yellow wires.
     If 4.75V - 5.25V DC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
     If 4.75V - 5.25V DC is found, jumper green wire to blue wire.
     If processor starts, replace the shutter PC board assembly (PN 44482).
     If processor still doesn’t start, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
3. PROCESSOR WON’T STOP

After films are delivered.

A. Shutter assembly at film inlet may be dirty, bent, or jammed.
   - If shutter doesn’t move up/down freely, try cleaning shutter first.
   - Shutter must move up freely as film enters the processor and must fall down freely once film is past shutter and inside processor.
   - To unbend or unjam shutter, proceed to STEP B.

B. Remove cover insert to gain access to shutter with flag and shutter PC board with optic sensor.
   - With shutter in down position, shutter flag should rest in mid-section of optic sensor on PC board.
   - With shutter in up position, shutter flag should be totally outside of optic sensor on PC board.
   - Bend flag as needed to achieve proper alignment with optic sensor as described above.

4. PROCESSOR STOPS BEFORE FILM EXIT

A. A processing cycle may be accidentally interrupted if:
   - A large motor, like a compressor, vacuum pump, or refrigerator is on the same circuit as the processor. When the large motor starts, voltage falls too far causing the processor to interrupt the processing cycle and return to stand-by. Relocate processor to another circuit or to a dedicated circuit to resolve this problem.
   - Voltage from the power company is momentarily interrupted, then restored. The same problem as described above will occur.

B. If large films (panoramic, etc.) process satisfactorily, but the last few periapical films from a full mouth series do not always exit before processor stops, films are slipping between the rollers:
   - Chemistry may be weak, ie: outdated, wrong type, under-replenished and/or contaminated. (SEE SECTIONS 20-24)
   - Racks may not be square. (SEE SECTION 16C)
   - Racks may be slippery. Failure to wash racks weekly with SPRAY 2000 will cause films to slip and slide vs. moving straight through racks at proper speed.
   - Pedo films may be turning sideways and stopping in the racks. Pedo films should be fed into processor lengthwise with marker point last.

C. If cause is not listed in A or B above, check process time as follows:
   - Insert unexposed periapical film at NORMAL SPEED. Once shutter comes down, processor should run for 6 min. 30 sec. before stopping.
   - If processor runs for less than 6 min. 30 sec. replace electronics module (PN 44415).
5. DRIVE MOTOR DOES NOT RUN

A. In the base electrical compartment, check for loose wires and/or connections at the J3 connector to base PC board.

B. With power switch on, NORMAL SPEED selected, press MANUAL START. Test for 115V AC across pins 1 and 2 of J3 connector at base PC board.
   If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
   If 115V AC is found, the problem may be a rack bound up preventing the drive shaft from turning, or may be in the drive block assembly.

C. Remove the drive block assembly as follows:
   ■ Remove 2 screws and molded gear cover (SEE FIGURE C)
   ■ Remove 7 screws and separate blue flange of water inlet tubing from drive block assembly.
   ■ Gently pull entire drive block assembly straight up out of processor base.
   ■ Remove water level sensor from drive block assembly.
   ■ Unplug drive block assembly J3 connector from base PC board.

D. Discharge drive motor capacitor with an insulated screwdriver
   ■ With wires disconnected from capacitor, connect an ohmmeter (RX100 or RX1000 SCALE) across capacitor terminals. Replace capacitor (PN 110335) if meter reading does not gradually increase.

E. Replace drive motor (PN 44251) if capacitor readings are good.

6. DRYER HEATER AND/OR FAN DO NOT WORK

A. If fan motor does not run, unplug power cord connecting electronics module to dryer heater assembly.
   ■ With electronics module connected to processor base and with power switch on, press manual start. Test for 115V AC across pin 1 (black) and pin 3 (white) at end of plug from electronics module.
   If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
   If 115V AC is found, check all electrical connections between dryer fan motor and plug connection. If all electrical connections are satisfactory, replace the dryer heater assembly (PN 43330).

B. If fan motor runs, but only blows cold air:
   ■ Inspect heater assembly and all electrical connections between heater and dryer fan motor and plug connection. If all connections are satisfactory, replace the heater sub-assembly (PN 43811).
7. REPLENISHER PUMP PROBLEMS

A. Replenisher pumps do not run:
   - Remove screw then slide out drawer containing chemistry agitator drive motors and replenisher pumps.
   - Turn power switch off, wait 5 seconds, then turn power switch on to initiate a replenishment cycle. Pumps should run approximately 90 seconds.
   - If pumps do not run, check power supply connector. Turn power switch off, wait 5 seconds, then turn power switch on and check for 115V AC across gray and white wires. If 115V AC is found, replace the replenisher pump assembly (PN 44265). If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).

B. Replenisher pumps run but do not pull chemistry out of bottles:
   - Check that bottles are not empty.
   - Check that pick-up tubing inside the bottle reaches down into chemistry left in the bottle. (When down to last 1” of chemistry in bottle, tubing may not be far enough down into the solution.)
   - Place a line on bottle indicating chemistry level. Turn power switch off, wait 5 seconds, then turn power switch on to initiate a replenishment cycle. After approximately 90 seconds, liquid level in bottle should drop approximately 1/4”.
   - If replenisher pumps run, and liquid is not being pulled from the replenishment bottles, check for and correct any loose tubing connections or crimped tubing. If liquid still isn’t being pumped into the tanks, inspect check valves:
     - Unscrew check valve fittings.
     - Remove valves and inspect for crystalized chemistry or any deformity in the shape of the valve.
     - Replace with valve kit replacement (PN49793).

C. Replenisher pumps run but do not empty Developer and Fixer bottles evenly:
   - See checks listed in B above, especially last paragraph.

8. CHEMISTRY AGITATOR PROBLEMS

A. Chemistry agitators in tanks are not spinning
   - Remove white thumb screw, colored plastic cap, magnet, and white ceramic post. Then clean all items with SPRAY 2000 and warm water and rinse thoroughly.

   NOTE: When reassembling these items, they are keyed to the plastic studs protruding up from the tank bottom.

   NOTE: Red plastic cap must go in Fixer tank, and black plastic cap in Developer tank.

   - If agitator assemblies in tanks are clean and drive motors in drawer under tanks are running, replace magnets in tanks. If agitators are still not spinning, replace magnets on drive motors in drawer.

B. Chemistry agitator drive motors are not running.
   - Remove screw and slide out drawer containing the agitator drive motors.
   - With drawer out, power switch on, press MANUAL START and test for 115V AC across pin with white wire and pin with orange wire.

   If 115V AC is found, replace circulator drawer assembly (PN 43262). If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
9. DEVELOPER/FIXER TEMPERATURE CONTROL PROBLEMS

GENERAL INFORMATION:
A. Optimum processing temperature is 82° F. With power switch on, push and hold DISPLAY SET-TEMP to display the temperature that the processor is set to control. If 82° F. is not displayed, adjust the set point temperature by following this procedure:
1. Lift the lid in front of the power switch and locate the SET-TEMP screw.
2. Press the DISPLAY SET-TEMP keypad and hold while turning the SET-TEMP screw with a flat blade screwdriver.
3. First, rotate the SET-TEMP screw until the DISPLAY reads the desired SET-TEMP value (e.g. 82°F).
4. Second, slowly rotate the SET-TEMP screw clockwise until the DISPLAY just reads 1°F above the desired SET-TEMP value (e.g. 83°F). Note the screw’s position.
5. Then, slowly rotate the SET-TEMP screw counter-clockwise until the DISPLAY just reads 1°F below the desired SET-TEMP value (e.g. 81°F). Note the screw’s position.
6. Finally, rotate the SET-TEMP screw clockwise to about halfway between positions #4 (83°F) & #5 (81°F) so that the DISPLAY SET-TEMP again reads the desired SET-TEMP (e.g. 82°F).

If necessary, repeat this process to be certain that the setting is midway between #4 & #5.

B. If Wash water is hotter than 80° F., excessive heat will be added to the processor causing the developer and fixer temperature to rise higher than the SET-TEMP. To correct this, adjust the temperature of the wash water.

C. If the wash water is colder than 55° F., heat will be removed from the adjacent Fixer tank resulting in fixer temperature that’s too low to consistently clear periapical films. To correct this, adjust the temperature of the wash water.

D. If the air temperature in the room/darkroom is hotter than 80° F., excessive heat will be added to the processor causing the developer and fixer temperature to rise higher than the SET-TEMP. Adequate ventilation must be provided to keep room/darkroom temperature at or below 80° F.

HEATER BAR ASSEMBLY - PROPER RESISTANCE VALUES
Unplug heater bar connector from J4 at base PC board before performing the following tests:
E. Thermistor tests (do these tests with heater bar at room temp: 68° F - 83°F)
   Resistance across 1 (red) and 4 (red) should be 4000 to 6000 ohms.
   Resistance across 2 (black) and 5 (black) should be 4000 to 6000 ohms.

F. Heating element tests
   Resistance across 7 (white) and 9 or 10 (black) should be approx 130 ohms.
   Resistance across 8 (white) and 9 or 10 (black) should be approx 130 ohms.

PROBLEM SOLVING:
G. SET-TEMP is 82° F., READY light is off, developer and fixer not heating to 82°F.
   ■ Check that Fixer tank is not empty. Processor will automatically shut off heat to both Developer and Fixer tanks if Fixer tank is empty.
   ■ Check that fixer is at room temperature when filling Fixer tank or adding solution.
   ■ Check that heater bar connector is plugged into the J4 terminal on the base PC board.
- With power switch on, heater bar plugged into J4 terminal on base PC board, test for 115V AC across 7 (white) and 10 (black) on J4 connector.
  If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).
  If 115V AC is found, recheck heater bar resistance values and connections.

H. SET-TEMP is 82°F, READY light is off, developer and fixer heating too high.
- Check for loose or unplugged connections at J4 connector to base PC board.
- Recheck thermistor resistance values. If they check out, then replace electronics module (PN 44415).

10. WASH WATER PROBLEMS

A. Wash water won’t turn on.
- Inlet screen on water solenoid may be clogged preventing water flow.
- A blocked or incorrectly installed wash water drain hose may be causing a high water level in Wash tank forcing water level sensor to turn off power to water solenoid.
  NOTE: If drain tube is removed from a full Wash tank, water should drain in 90 seconds or faster.
- If Wash tank takes longer than 90 seconds to drain, check drain hose. It must go straight down, without u’s or upward bends, to open 1-1/2” standpipe. Hose must terminate 6” above standing water in bottom of standpipe. Cut hose to length if it’s too long.
- Unplug water level sensor at J2 connection on base PC board.
- If water turns on, correct blocked or incorrectly installed wash water drain hose. If wash water drain hose is ok, replace water level sensor (PN 43447).
- If water still does not turn on, test for 115V AC at leads inside box containing water solenoid.
  If 115V AC is found, replace water solenoid (PN 43224-1).
  If 115V AC is not found, test for 115V AC at E5 and E6 connections at base PC board.
  If 115V AC is found, replace wire harness to water solenoid. If 115V AC is not found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).

B. Wash water won’t turn off.
- If processing light is off, test for 115V AC at leads inside box containing water solenoid.
  If 115V AC is not found, replace solenoid assembly (PN 43224-1).
  If 115V AC is found, replace electronics module (PN 44415).

C. Wash water intermittently turns on/off during process cycle.
- Check for improperly installed drain hose. If water cannot freely flow down drain, water level in Wash tank will rise causing water level sensor to shut off water. As water level in tank falls, sensor will turn on water again.
- Check water supply pressure. If above 80 PSI, install regulator. (If pressure is too high, water may splash up onto water level sensor.)
- If drain hose and water pressure are satisfactory, perform all tests under A. “WASH WATER WON’T TURN ON” to determine if water level sensor is the problem, if electronics module is the problem.

D. Wash water does not fill Wash tank within 2-1/2 minutes.
- Clean screen at inlet to water solenoid.
- Check that incoming water pressure is 30 PSI, minimum.
11. KNOCKING/THUMPING NOISES DURING PROCESSING CYCLE
   A. Baffles in Wash dry rack are installed incorrectly.
   B. Chemistry agitator magnets in Developer or Fixer tank are dirty.
   C. Racks are not fully seated and rack latches are not closed.
   D. If thumping appears to come from the front, top of processor, the shutter guard may be bent inward slightly and is rubbing on the inlet rollers of the Developer rack. If lifting processor lid eliminates thumping, suspect shutter guard. Guard may be repositioned by loosening screws holding it to lid, adjusting position, then retightening screws.

12. ROLLERS ARE HEAVILY STAINED OR CAKED WITH DEPOSITS
   A. White stains on exit rollers of Fixer rack and entry rollers of Wash/Dry rack are normal. If caked white deposits are found here, baffles are either not installed at all or are installed incorrectly in Wash/Dry rack.
   B. Heavy silver deposits and/or gray stains on the white gears of Developer rack usually indicate developer is contaminated. SEE SECTION 24.
   C. Heavy silver deposits on Fixer rack rollers result from:
      ■ SPRAY 2000 not thoroughly rinsed off rollers during weekly cleaning of rack assemblies.
      ■ Extraoral film being processed is not suitable for automatic film processors. Film type SB or BLUE BRAND, for example, is only for manual dip tank processing.
      ■ Fixer is exhausted...Replenishment bottles were accidentally allowed to run empty...Or...Type of chemistry being used is not suitable for dental roller type film processors... Or ...Chemistry is not as strong as needed for film loads.
   D. Heavy white deposits found throughout entire Wash/Dry rack.
      ■ Films were processed with the manual water valve feeding water to the processor turned off.
      ■ Wash water flow is too low...Inlet screen to water solenoid needs to be cleaned...Or...Incoming water pressure is below 30 PSI.

13. FILMS ARE TOO LIGHT
   A. Films are under-exposed
      ■ Check film manufacturer's exposure guidelines.
      ■ Check calibration of x-ray machines.
      ■ Check that film/screen combination in use for extraoral films is correct per film/screen manufacturer's specifications.
      ■ Intensifying screens for extraoral films may be old, worn out and/or may be dirty.
   B. Films are processed before READY light illuminates
   C. Chemistry agitator is not turning in Developer tank. (SEE SECTION 8)
   D. Developer/Fixer temperature is below 82° F.
      ■ SET-TEMP and temperature normally displayed should be 82° F.
      ■ Check actual developer bath temperature with an accurate thermometer. (SEE SECTION 9 for temperature control problems.)
   E. Chemistry may be outdated, wrong type, under-replenished, or contaminated. (SEE SECTIONS 20 - 24)
   F. Developer tank level may be low. Check that drain tube washer is in good condition and that drain tube is firmly seated.
14. FILMS ARE TOO DARK OR GRAINY

A. SET-TEMP. and temperature normally displayed should be 82° F. SEE SECTION 9 if temperature control problems are suspected.

B. Film may be over exposed.
   ■ Check film manufacturer’s exposure guidelines.
   ■ Check calibration of x-ray machines.
   ■ Check that unexposed film is being stored in an area where it cannot be accidentally pre-exposed to scatter radiation.
   ■ Check that film/screen combination in use for extraoral films is correct per film/screen manufacturer’s specifications.
   ■ Intensifying screens for extraoral films may be old, worn out, and/or dirty.

C. Film may be defective...Try film from a different batch.

D. Film may be light-fogged.
   ■ Safelight must be 4 ft. minimum away from film inlet.
   ■ Safelight bulb must not exceed wattage recommended by manufacturer.
   ■ Safelight filter must be proper type for film in use.
   ■ Darkroom may have light leaks. Check seal around door, etc.
   ■ DARKROOM LIGHT FOG TEST: With safelight on, place an unexposed film horizontally on top of processor and place several coins on top of film. Wait 2 minutes and process film at NORMAL SPEED. If you can see where coins were on film, one of the above is the culprit. This film should have come out 100% clear since it was unexposed.

   ■ DAYLIGHT LOADER MAY HAVE LIGHT LEAKS: Check that Loader is properly mounted to front of processor. Check for worn cuffs. Check seal around lid of Loader. Check that view glass cover is closed when handling extraoral films. Check that the operator uses proper procedure for removing hands from cuffs during film handling and loading.

15. FILM DENSITY/CONTRAST IS POOR VS. CRISP AND SHARP

A. Films are processed before READY light illuminates.

B. Films processed at ENDO SPEED will not have same density/contrast as films processed at NORMAL SPEED.

C. Chemistry may be outdated, wrong type, under-replenished, or contaminated. (SEE SECTIONS 20 - 24)

D. Chemistry temperature may be too low or too high. It should be 82° F. (SEE SECTION 9 for temperature control problems.)

E. Extraoral film may be for manual processing only. Example: SB FILM or BLUE BRAND is for manual dip tanks only.

F. Film/screen combination may be incorrect.

G. Intensifying screens may be old, worn out, or dirty.

H. If dipping film back into fixer markedly improves appearance of film. (SEE SECTION 17)
16. FILMS HAVE STREAKS, SPOTS, OR ARE DIRTY

Films which have streaks, spots, or are dirty may fall into one of the problem categories listed below. However, if remedial action only partially improves film quality, recheck all other categories as more than one problem category may be applicable.

A. Streaks are only on one end of film...Balance of film is normal.
   - Developer rack inlet rollers, or film inlet guide shelf, or shutter bar were wet when film was inserted into processor.
   - New cleaning film must be run each morning at NORMAL SPEED after the READY light illuminates. Cleaning film must be run again during the day if processor has been idle for 2 hours or more.
   - Some offices may need to dry film inlet guide shelf and/or shutter bar with a clean, dry paper towel before running a new cleaning film in the morning.
   - Offices using a Daylight Loader or a QuickLoader™ must keep the lid of the Loader open whenever films are not being processed. If the lid of the Loader is left closed all day, chemistry fumes will build up to a point where condensation occurs at the film inlet/shutter/inlet roller area.

B. Streaks repeat every 1” or 1-1/2” over and over again across film. (These streaks are often called roller marks.)
   - Processor may not be level. Check bubble level on leveling base.
   - Rack may be twisted. Place rack on level countertop. It should rest flat on all four corners. If it does not, loosen (do not remove) screws on rack end plates, hold rack firmly down on countertop, and retighten screws on end plates.

C. Streaks appear at random across entire film.
   - Extraoral film may be wrong type. Example: type SB or BLUE BRAND is for manual dip tanks only.
   - Chemistry may be outdated, wrong type, under-replenished, or contaminated.
     (SEE SECTIONS 20 - 24)

D. Spots on films or dirty films.
   - Films, before processing, were handled with wet or contaminated fingers/gloves. (Tiny white dots or tiny black dots are often caused by powder and/or flouride from gloves).
   - Intensifying screens are dirty or old and worn out.
   - Rollers are caked with deposits (SEE SECTION 12).

E. Tree branch artifacts (looks like lightning across film).
   - Static electricity is the cause.
   - Remove extraoral films very slowly from cassettes.
17. FILMS ARE NOT CLEARING: SILVER, GREEN, BROWN COLOR ON FILMS
   A. Films were processed before READY light illuminated.
   B. Extraoral film is wrong type. Example: Type SB or BLUE BRAND is for manual dip tanks only.
   C. Developer/Fixer temperature is too low. (SEE SECTION 9)
   D. Chemistry is outdated, wrong type, exhausted, under-replenished, or contaminated. If changing chemistry solves problem, review SECTIONS 20 - 24.
   E. Fixer tank level may be low. Check that drain tube washer is in good condition and that drain tube is firmly seated.
   F. Wash water temperature may be too cold (below 55° F). (SEE SECTION 10)
   G. Films were processed with wash water supply turned off.
   H. Wash tank is not filling within 2-1/2 minutes. (SEE SECTION 10)
   I. Fixer agitator magnet is not turning. (SEE SECTION 8)

18. FILMS HAVE EMULSION PEELING OFF
   A. Film is wrong type. Example: Type SB or BLUE BRAND is for manual dip tanks only.
   B. Chemistry is outdated, wrong type, under-replenished, or contaminated. If changing chemistry solves this problem, SEE SECTIONS 20 - 24.
   C. Wash water temperature is too hot (above 80° F). (SEE SECTION 10).

19. FILMS ARE WET OR TACKY
   A. Films processed at ENDO SPEED will not be totally dry and and will be tacky.
   B. Chemistry may be outdated, wrong type, under-replenished, or contaminated. If changing chemistry solves this problem, SEE SECTIONS 20 -24.
   C. Baffle plates may not be installed at all or are installed incorrectly in the Wash/Dry rack.
   D. Dryer heater may be not be working. (SEE SECTION 6)
   E. Review SECTION 17 for additional possible causes for wet or tacky film.

20. CHEMISTRY - WRONG TYPE
   ■ Use only chemistry specifically made for dental roller type film processors.
   ■ Chemistry for medical processors, manual dip tanks, or roller-less processors like the Peri-Pro®, will not work properly in a roller type processor.
21. CHEMISTRY - OUTDATED

- Chemistry has a limited useful shelf life when stored properly: not too hot nor below 40° F. It should be good for a minimum of 1 year from date of manufacture. Consult factory for information, if needed, for any suspect case of AIR TECHNIQUES DEVELOPER AND FIXER FOR ROLLER TYPE PROCESSORS.

22. CHEMISTRY - EXHAUSTED

- Even with 100% correct replenishment rates, chemistry cannot be used indefinitely. Failure to change developer and fixer at recommended intervals can lead to chemistry which suddenly becomes exhausted producing undesirable results when films are processed.
- Very large clinics with very high film loads may find it necessary to change chemistry more often than is normally recommended to prevent chemistry from becoming exhausted.

23. CHEMISTRY - UNDER-REPLENISHED

- Automatic replenishment which is proportionate to film load, like the A/T 2000® PLUS, guarantees proper replenishment.
- Operator error: allowing the replenishment bottles to run empty can cause sudden exhaustion of the chemistry.
- SEE SECTION 7 if replenisher pumps are suspected of not pumping the proper amounts of chemistry from the replenishment bottles.
24. CHEMISTRY - CONTAMINATED DEVELOPER

A. One or more of these symptoms indicates developer bath is contaminated:
- ammonia smell
- dark or black developer
- black deposits on bottom of developer tank
- gray stains on white gears on side of developer rack
- black streaks or smudges on extraoral films
- poor film density (blacks are only dark gray)
- poor film clarity (amalgam restorations are light gray vs. clear)

B. CAUTION: ONE OR MORE OF THESE ACTIONS CAN CAUSE CONTAMINATED DEVELOPER

1. Splash a drop of fixer into Developer tank when filling Fixer tank.
2. Drip a drop of fixer into Developer tank when removing racks for cleaning.
3. Wash both Developer and Fixer tank with same sponge or same brush.
4. Fail to thoroughly rinse off SPRAY 2000 during weekly rack cleaning.
5. Use soap, detergents, etc. to clean racks or tanks.
6. Use SPRAY 2000 to clean the Developer tank. Since it’s very difficult to thoroughly rinse it out of tank, use it only on racks.
7. Run endo films back through processor. They were never properly washed and contain enough fixer residue to contaminate Developer tank.
8. Use a cleaning film more than 5 times or use one that looks dirty.
9. Scrub cleaning film with soap and water so it can be used again.
10. Run cleaning film at ENDO SPEED, then reuse cleaning film.
11. Run cleaning film with wash water turned off, then reuse cleaning film.
12. Fail to thoroughly rinse Developer tank after using FORMULA 2000, includes forgetting to make developer agitator run while rinsing.
15. Bump processor causing fixer to slosh over into Developer tank.
16. Reverse replenisher bottles, connecting fixer to developer and developer to fixer.
   (Will need 4 gallons of warm water to clean out pumps and lines).
17. Mix two different brands of chemistry together. Example: Brand A in the tanks, and Brand B used as replenisher.

C. Once contaminated developer is diagnosed, tanks and racks must be cleaned with FORMULA 2000 and the source of contamination must be identified to prevent this problem from happening again.
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**Fixer Rack**

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ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

J-1
COVER
CONNECTOR
(BASE SOCKET)

POWER CORD
TERMINALS

BASE
P C BOARD

PIN 6
PIN 4

PIN 3
PIN 7
PIN 9
PIN 5
CHEMISTRY/CLEANERS

AVAILABLE FROM YOUR FULL SERVICE AIR TECHNIQUES DEALER

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<td>SPRAY 2000</td>
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OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

CHEMISTRY RECOVERY CONTAINERS PN 44160
Two 5 gallon containers for the capture and recovery of developer and fixer: one labeled Fixer; one labeled Developer.

PANORAMIC DAYLIGHT LOADER PN 43110
The Panoramic Daylight Loader allows all sizes of dental films to be prepared for processing when the A/T 2000® PLUS is not located in a darkroom. There is ample interior space to reload panoramic and cephalometric cassettes. The view glass in the cover allows easy loading of periapical film, but must not be used with extraoral films due to their sensitivity. For your convenience, a sliding opaque cover is provided for use when reloading cassettes or developing panoramic or cephalometric film. Daylight Loader mounts to the front of A/T 2000® PLUS and extends 9" below the bottom of the processor. 30" min. clearance is required in front for operator’s work area.
Dimensions: 20"H x 16 1/4"W x 13 3/4"D  Weight: 20 lbs.

QUICKLOADER™ COVERED FEED CHUTE PN 43780
The QuickLoader eliminates waiting until the last film is fully inside the processor before leaving the darkroom. The QuickLoader mounts onto the front of the A/T 2000® PLUS. To load, the operator just lifts the lid, feeds a film into the chute, closes the lid, and leaves the darkroom without fear of exposing the film.
Dimensions: 12 1/2"H x 15 3/4"W x 6"D  Weight: 3 lbs.
FIGURE F
PANORAMIC DAYLIGHT LOADER

FIGURE G
QUICKLOADER COVERED FEED CHUTE
Air Techniques is a leading manufacturer of dental support equipment from air compressors and vacuum systems to x-ray film processors. We have been manufacturing quality products for the dental professional since 1962.

- VACSTAR®
- AIRSTAR®
- A/T2000® PLUS
- PERI-PRO®
- VACUSOL™ PLUS
- FORMULA 2000
- L-SERIES COMPRESSO-DRI®
- HYDROMISER™
- SPRAY 2000
- AIR WATER SEPARATOR™

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70 Captiva Rock Rd., P.O. Box 870, Hicksville, NY 11801
516/433-7676 Fax 516/433-7683

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23811 Via Fabricante, Suite 101, Mission Viejo, CA 92691
714/630-8928 Fax 714/472-4233